DRAFT Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment

August 2023

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

Prepared for:



Contra Costa Health Department Hazardous Materials Program (CCHHMP)

Prepared by:

TRC Concord, CA and Fort Collins, CO



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Acronyms and Abbreviations

Notation Definition

ATSDR The Agency for Toxic Substance and Disease Registry

BAAQMD Bay Area Air Quality Management District

COPC Chemical of Potential Concern

CSM Conceptual Site Model

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

ESL Environmental Screening Level

ESSL Ecological Soil Screening Level

HERO Human and Ecological Risk Office

HI Hazard Index

HQ Hazard Quotient

LOEs Lines of Evidence

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/L Milligrams per Liter

MRC Martinez Refining Company

QC Quality Control

RPD Relative Percent Difference

SFBRWQCB San Francisco Region Water Quality Control Board

SLHHERA Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Glossary

Term	Definition
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)	A Federal public health agency of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
Chemicals of Potential Concern (COPCs)	A chemical identified for further evaluation in a risk evaluation because its concentration may exceed a screening level.
Conceptual Site Model (CSM)	Graphical representation of how a contaminant is released into the environment and is transported to various media that humans and animals may contact.
Deionized (DI) Water	Substance having had the ions or ionic constituents removed.
Ecological Soil Screening Levels (ESSLs)	Soil contaminant concentrations associated with an exposure dose equivalent to a no-observed-adverse-effect level.
Hazard Index (HI)	Sum of hazard quotients for substances that affect the same target or organ system.
Hazard Quotient (HQ)	The ratio of the potential exposure to a substance and the level at which no adverse effects are expected.
Human Health (HH)	Describing how exposure to a chemical can impact a person's health.
Lines of Evidence (LOEs)	Evidence drawn from one sort of test result that bears on the accuracy of an idea.
Maximum Detected Concentration (MDC)	The maximum concentration in soil that is detected above laboratory reporting limits.
Relative Percent Difference (RPD)	A measure of the change in a value related to the average of that value.
Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment (SLHHERA)	A conventional approach to evaluate chemicals in the environment and identify whether their concentrations may pose a potential risk to humans and ecological receptors (e.g., animals) by comparing the concentrations against USEPA or California environmental agency soil standards protective of humans and animals.
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)	An agency of the United States Federal government whose mission is to protect human health and the environment.



Executive Summary

This Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Screening Risk Assessment (SLHHERA) Report provides the background and results of an investigation conducted in May-June 2023 in response to a release of spent catalyst from the Martinez Refining Company (MRC) which occurred in November 2022. The investigation was commissioned by the Contra Costa County Health Department Hazardous Materials Program (County) to determine the nature and extent of the November 2022 release, and to conduct a screening level assessment of health and ecological risk potentially posed to the affected community. This report summarizes the investigation and the findings of the SLHHERA, which is depicted in **Chart 1**.

The November 24-25, 2022, release of spent catalyst dust into the surrounding community from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit at the MRC facility located at 3485 Pacheco Boulevard in Martinez, California resulted in community observations of metallic dust on surfaces throughout the affected community. Physical evidence of the release was observed and reported by community members as a white powder covering surfaces. This evidence included actual dust particulates observed on vehicles, trash cans, and residential garden areas within the community.

The following objectives of the SLHHERA were identified by the County as an important step in determining the nature and extent of impacts; as part of this determination, an assessment of potential risks and potential need for additional investigation/soil sampling, as applicable, to mitigate any identified risks was initiated:

- Determination of the nature and extent of the release
- Determination of the chemical composition of the dust
- Determination of the extent of dust in soils within the release area
- Determination of potential risks to human and ecological receptors posed by exposure to dust in a residential setting (e.g., in affected soils)
 - Human health risks were conservatively evaluated for a residential setting via comparison to screening levels protective of residential land use
 - Exposure pathways incorporated in the SLHHERA included:
 - Incidental ingestion of soil
 - Dermal contact with soil
 - Inhalation of soil particulates
 - ◆ Ingestion of fruits & vegetables affected by constituents in soil (e.g., via root uptake)

The spatial extent of the release area was determined by field surveys of affected areas reported by community members and dispersion modeling conducted by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Following review of the BAAQMD modeling assumptions and the results provided by BAAQMD and with community input, fourteen (14) locations proposed for the collection of soil samples were identified (**Figure 1**). The plan for the collection of soil samples included an analytical program for Eurofins Calscience Environmental Laboratory, a California-certified analytical laboratory to test the soil samples for the fourteen (14) constituents identified in catalyst dust.



The results of the sampling and laboratory analyses were compared to soil health standards to identify potential human and ecological risks to the community. These sampling results were also compared to regional background levels for the naturally occurring metals comprising the catalyst dust.

The findings of the investigation found no increased risk to public health resulting from the November 2022 catalyst dust release in Martinez:

- The most common metal in the catalyst dust is aluminum silicate (analyzed as aluminum); other metals expected in the dust are vanadium, nickel, barium, and zinc.
 Arsenic and lead are not expected to be present in significant quantities in the catalyst dust.
- No evidence of catalyst dust in collected soil samples was noted (i.e., soil samples did not appear to have typical make-up of spent catalyst dust).
- Metals detected in the soil samples were within expected background ranges for California and Bay Area soils.
- Several soil samples contained levels of metals, (e.g., arsenic and lead) above
 published health-based screening levels. As stated above, these levels were within
 expected background ranges for California and Bay Area soils and are not likely to be
 associated with catalyst dust.

Based on these findings, additional sampling and evaluation is not required.



Chart 1: Site Investigation Timeline

Release of spent catalyst dust into the surrounding community from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit at the MRC facility located at 3485 Pacheco Boulevard in Martinez, California.

November 24-25, 2022

Release of Spent Catalyst Dust

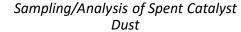
TRC reviewed dispersion (plume) modeling procedures and associated results and met with AQMD to ensure the District's modeling output can be reliably used to determine soil sample locations

April 7-20, 2023

Determination of Soil Sample Locations Once soil samples were collected and analyzed, the reported data were compared to a range of acceptable background concentrations in the region, as well as screening levels protective of residents and ecological receptors.

May-June 2023

Data Evaluation



November 26, 2022

MRC collected four (4) bulk samples from the community and one bulk sample collected from the MRC facility containing spent catalyst. In addition, the County collected four wipe samples at locations where catalyst dust was observed to characterize the dust's composition and one background wipe sample.

Soil Sampling Event

May 4-5, 2023

TRC collected soil samples using hand tool methods at 14 locations based on plume modeling and community input. Samples were collected over a depth interval of 0-6 inches below ground surface (bgs), analyzed for the same metallic constituents as reported in the dust samples.



1.0 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Screening Risk Assessment (SLHHERA) Report provides the background and results of an investigation conducted in May-June 2023 in response to a release of spent catalyst from the Martinez Refining Company (MRC) which occurred in November 2022. The investigation was commissioned by the Contra Costa County Health Department Hazardous Materials Program (County) to determine the nature and extent of the November 2022 release, and to conduct a screening level assessment of health and ecological risk potentially posed to the affected community. This report summarizes the investigation and the findings of the SLHHERA.

1.2 Background

The November 24-25, 2022, release of spent catalyst dust into the surrounding community from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit at the MRC facility located at 3485 Pacheco Boulevard in Martinez, California resulted in community observations of metallic dust on surfaces throughout the affected community. Physical evidence of the release was observed and reported by community members as a white powder covering surfaces. This evidence included actual dust particulates observed on vehicles, trash cans, and residential garden areas within the community.

To understand the composition of catalyst dust deposited within the community, on November 26, 2022, MRC collected four (4) bulk samples from the community and one bulk sample collected from the MRC facility containing spent catalyst. In addition, the County collected four wipe samples at locations where catalyst dust was observed to characterize the dust's composition and one background wipe sample. The November 2022 bulk and dust analytical laboratory reports are presented in Appendices A and B, respectively. In addition, the bulk and dust data are summarized in Table 1. Although the most common metal in catalyst dust is aluminum silicate (analyzed as aluminum), this metal wasn't included in the bulk sample analysis. The bulk sample collected from MRC appears to mostly contain vanadium, followed by nickel, and then barium. Other metals analyzed, but not found in large quantities were copper, zinc, total chromium, lead, molybdenum, arsenic, selenium, and beryllium. The wipe samples were analyzed for aluminum, which was the major component, followed by zinc, vanadium, and barium. Other metals analyzed, but not found in large quantities were nickel, copper, total chromium, cobalt, and lead. A few metals had some detects and non-detects in the wipe samples (arsenic, molybdenum, selenium), and beryllium was not detected in any of the wipe samples.

The following objectives of the SLHHERA were identified by the County as an important step in determining the nature and extent of impacts; as part of this determination, an assessment of potential risks and potential need for additional investigation/soil sampling, as applicable, to mitigate any identified risks was initiated:

- Determination of the nature and extent of the release
- Determination of the chemical composition of the dust
- Determination of the extent of dust in soils within the release area



- Determination of potential risks to human and ecological receptors posed by exposure to dust in a residential setting (e.g., in affected soils)
 - Human health risks were conservatively evaluated for a residential setting via comparison to screening levels protective of residential land use
 - Exposure pathways incorporated in the SLHHERA included:
 - Incidental ingestion of soil
 - Dermal contact with soil
 - Inhalation of soil particulates
 - ◆ Ingestion of fruits & vegetables affected by constituents in soil (e.g., via root uptake)

The spatial extent of the release area was determined by field surveys of affected areas reported by community members and dispersion modeling conducted by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Following review of the BAAQMD modeling assumptions and the results provided by BAAQMD and with community input, fourteen (14) locations proposed for collection of soil samples were identified (**Figure 1**). The plan for collection of soil samples included an analytical program for Eurofins Calscience Environmental Laboratory, a California-certified analytical laboratory to test the soil samples for the constituents identified in the catalyst dust samples and the catalyst bulk sample, as well as a hexavalent chromium, which is a more toxic form of chromium. A total of fourteen (14) metals were analyzed, as well as pH.

1.3 Conceptual Site Model Development

Development of a conceptual site model (CSM) aids in selecting the appropriate screening levels for use in the SLHHERA. The CSM describes the source/release mechanisms of the spent catalyst dust, migration routes for constituents in environmental media, and identifies potential receptors and exposure pathways. The CSM also provides an assessment of complete pathways (USEPA 1989).

The following subsections present information relevant to the development of the CSM for the spent catalyst dust release, which is presented in **Figure 2**.

Contaminant Source and Release Mechanisms

As previously discussed, spent catalyst dust was released between November 24-25, 2022, into the surrounding community from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit at the Martinez Refining Company facility located at 3485 Pacheco Boulevard in Martinez, California. Physical evidence of the release was observed and reported by community members as a white powder covering surfaces in local residential communities. This evidence includes actual dust particulates observed on vehicles, trash cans, and residential garden areas within the community.

Migration Routes (i.e., Fate and Transport)

Chemical release and transport mechanisms carry chemicals from the source to points where human and ecological receptors may be exposed. For source-area constituents to impact potential receptors, a release mechanism (i.e., migration route) must be present for constituent



transport from a source medium (e.g., surface soil) to an exposure medium (e.g., ambient air), which a receptor directly contacts. Several potential release mechanisms associated with the impacted media at the Site were evaluated in the Human Health CSM and include the following:

- Wind erosion and volatilization of soil into ambient air; and
- Deposition in surface soil in surrounding neighborhood.

Potential Receptors and Exposure Pathways

In general, California's Department of Toxic Substance Control (DTSC), Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO) recommends that a residential scenario be conservatively assumed for site screening and is typically considered protective of other land uses (i.e., industrial, recreational etc. [DTSC 2022a]). As residential neighborhoods are located near the refinery, residents were identified as the most sensitive population of people to evaluate and include all adults and children who live in the vicinity of the refinery. Residents may potentially contact chemicals in surface soil (0-6 inches) via incidental ingestion, dermal contact, or inhalation of airborne soil particulates, referred to in the CSM as direct contact. Note, the list of analytes are all non-volatile metals; therefore, the inhalation of volatiles in ambient air is not a complete exposure pathway. In addition to contacting soil, residents may eat fruits and vegetables from plants grown in their yards. Therefore, the ingestion of homegrown produce is considered a complete exposure pathway.

As shown in **Figure 2**, ecological receptors (e.g., animals) may also be exposed to surface soil. Therefore, they are also evaluated in this SLHHERA.



2.0 Soil Investigation

Soil collection and analysis activities occurred in May 2023 to determine the following objectives:

- 1. Determine whether soil concentrations are within regional background concentrations;
- 2. Determine whether soil concentrations pose a potential human health or ecological risk to the community; and
- 3. Determine whether soil concentrations are the result of spent catalyst release from Martinez Refining Company.

2.1 Scope of Work

2.1.1 Pre-Field Activities

A total of 14 soil sample locations (**Figure 1**) were selected by TRC and the County. Soil samples were collected at these 14 locations based on plume modeling and community input. The locations of the soil samples were also informed by the results of dispersion modeling conducted and previously presented by the BAAQMD.

2.1.2 Soil Sampling

On May 4-5, 2023, TRC collected soil samples using hand tool methods at 14 locations based on plume modeling and community input. To characterize nearby residential soil potentially affected by airborne spent catalyst, surface soil samples (depth of 0-6 inches) were collected at all 14 locations. According to the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO) Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 4: Guidance for Screening Level Human Health Risk Assessments issued March 29, 2022, "discrete soil samples should be collected from the surface (0 to 6 inches bgs),...which is particularly important for contaminants such as lead which generally have limited vertical mobility in the soil column". The analytes in spent catalyst are metals, similar to lead, that have limited vertical mobility in the soil column. Therefore, collecting 0 to 6 inches bgs soil samples best captures the soil impacts from deposition of airborne spent catalyst; collection of samples from a 0 to 1.0 ft bgs could potentially "dilute" determination of impacts expected to be largely present in the upper 6 inches bgs. A duplicate sample was also collected at one location for quality control purposes. No visible dust was observed at any of the sample locations. Field notes of the soil sampling, including photographs are provided as **Appendix C**.

Soil samples were placed in laboratory-provided glass jars and kept on ice. Samples were collected using standard industry practices and following TRC's Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for soil sampling (included in **Appendix C**), including worker safety protocols, equipment decontamination, sample handling, and chain-of-custody documentation. Upon completion, sample locations were backfilled with soil cuttings to match the existing grade.

The 14 soil samples (plus a duplicate sample) were analyzed by Eurofins Environment Testing laboratory located in West Sacramento, California, a State-certified chemical laboratory. All samples were analyzed for the following metals detected in the catalyst dust sample previously collected by the County:



- Aluminum (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Arsenic (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Barium (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Beryllium (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Chromium, Total (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Chromium, Hexavalent (USEPA Method 7199)
- Cobalt (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Copper (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Lead (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Molybdenum (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Nickel (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Selenium (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Vanadium (USEPA Method 6010B)
- Zinc (USEPA Method 6010B)
- pH (USEPA Method 9045C)

2.1.3 Summary of Results

Copies of the laboratory reports with chain-of-custody documentation are presented in **Appendix D**.

2.2 Quality Assurance / Quality Control

To ensure that the laboratory analytical data are of sufficient quality for the intended purpose, the soil data were evaluated using national and regional data quality protocols for precision, accuracy, and completeness, as well as overall compliance with the stated laboratory methodology in accordance with procedures outlined in *USEPA Region 2 Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) HW-31 (Revision 6)* Analysis of VOCs in Air Contained in Canisters by Method TO-15, June 2014 and *USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Organic (and Inorganic) Superfund Methods Data Review (USEPA-540-R-2017-002, USEPA-540-R-2017-001)*, January 2017 (USEPA 2017).

Data precision was evaluated by reviewing field and laboratory duplicate analyses. The relative percent difference between primary and duplicate field Quality Control (QC) samples was used to assess sample homogeneity and whether proper sample collection was employed in the field. The relative percent difference between primary and duplicate laboratory samples was also used to assess whether proper sample preparation took place within the laboratory.

On May 4, 2023, a blind field duplicate soil sample was collected at sample location MRC-8 and analyzed for the analytes and pH listed in Section 2.1.2. For all detected analytes in both MRC-8 and DUP-1, the relative percent difference (RPD) was calculated. Results of analyses have RPD values ranging from 0 to 24.6 percent. No calculated RPDs exceed 50 percent, the limit generally accepted for solid samples.



Additionally, one equipment blank was collected by using laboratory-grade deionized water and tested for the metals listed above and pH. Analyses detected no metals in the equipment blank, with the exception of a low concentration of lead (0.0063 milligrams per liter [mg/L]), just above the reporting limit of 0.0050 mg/L. Lead in the soil samples was generally detected at or below the background concentration with a maximum detection just above the residential screening level at one sample location. Additionally, based on the results of this investigation, lead is not a main driver of risk in soil. Therefore, the low lead detection in the equipment blank is considered to be insignificant for the purposes of this investigation.

The quality assurance/quality control findings were documented in a data validation report, as presented in **Appendix E**. The validation report documents sample custody and condition, in addition to discussing the results of field and laboratory QC analyses. The validation report also lists any qualifications applied to the sample results as a result of these reviews.

Based on the findings of these quality control analyses, the chemical data generated during this investigation are considered valid and acceptable for the purposes of this investigation.



3.0 Data Evaluation

Once soil samples were collected and analyzed, the reported data were compared to a range of acceptable background concentrations in the region, as well as screening levels protective of residents and ecological receptors (e.g., animals). A summary of background studies conducted in the region is discussed below in Section 3.1.

3.1 Data Comparison to Expected Background Range

Metals occur naturally in soil. Therefore, it is important to understand this natural occurrence and what range of concentrations occur naturally, which is called the expected background range. For this SLHHERA, the expected background range exists in the literature, as presented on **Table 2**. These regional background studies were selected to characterize background contribution to overall human health risks. The expected background range presented in **Table 2** is compared to May 2023 soil data, as shown in **Table 3** and **Figures 3 through 15**, **which show that all soil data fall within the expected background range**. A brief description of arsenic background is included below due to arsenic's lower (0.11 milligrams per kilogram [mg/kg]) residential soil health standard.

3.1.1 Arsenic Background

Arsenic is a naturally occurring metal in soil and is commonly found at concentrations greater than risk-based standards. The catalyst dust release occurred in a complex urbanized area surrounded by streets, parking and paved surfaces, and various operating industrial facilities that may contribute to non-site related concentrations via air pollutant depositions or areas affected by runoff from concentrated air pollution depositions.

Due to the historic residential and industrial use of the vicinity surrounding MRC, there is the potential for widespread anthropogenic contamination and elevated levels of arsenic above naturally occurring concentrations and the risk-based screening level for arsenic (0.11 mg/kg). Area background concentrations range from 1 to 31 mg/kg, exceeding the risk-based soil concentration of 0.11 mg/kg. Surface soil samples were collected at 14 locations and all concentrations were within the expected background range of 1 to 31 mg/kg, with the maximum detected concentration for arsenic at 28 mg/kg. Therefore, collected soil concentrations are consistent with the background range expected for this area for all analytes.

3.2 Data Composition and Comparison to Spent Catalyst Dust and Bulk Samples

Appendix F provides a composition analysis of the May 2023 soil samples to determine whether their composition is similar to spent catalyst dust and bulk samples collected in November 2022. The most common metal in catalyst dust is aluminum silicate (analyzed as aluminum), as well as vanadium. Arsenic is not a metal typically found in catalyst dust. Based on the composition analysis, aluminum and vanadium are the main components of both the bulk and wipe samples; however, vanadium was not found in significant quantities in any of the soil samples. In addition, arsenic was not detected in three of the four wipe samples, while it was detected in every soil sample. In general, while it is possible that some catalyst dust is mixed in with soil in the community, the soil samples do not appear to have the same composition as the spent catalyst dust or bulk samples.



4.0 Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment

A SLHHERA was conducted to provide a screening level assessment of the potential for adverse human health effects that may result from exposure to chemicals detected in surface soil at the Site. The SLHHERA was conducted in accordance with DTSC's HERO HHRA Note 4: Guidance for Screening Level Human Health Risk Assessments in conjunction with HERO's Note 3 (DTSC 2022a,b), as well as San Francisco Region Water Quality Control Board's (SFBRWQCB's) Summary of Environmental Screening Levels for Terrestrial Habitat in Significantly Vegetated Area (SFBRWQCB 2019).

The SLHHERA focuses on chemicals detected during the May 2023 sampling event discussed above, as these data are considered representative of current conditions. Eleven (11) of the 14 chemicals were detected in soil and were retained as chemicals of potential concern (COPC) for the risk evaluation. Note, three analytes (molybdenum, selenium, and chromium VI) were not detected in soil and were not retained for further risk evaluation in accordance with DTSC guidance (DTSC 2022a).

4.1 Methodology

Screening levels can be used to simply compare whether a chemical is either above or below the default screening value (DTSC 2022a). Additionally, screening levels can be used to conduct a risk assessment by applying simplified equations to calculate excess cancer risk and noncancer hazard quotient (HQ [DTSC 2022a]). This SLHHERA conducted both screening level comparisons and simplified estimation of potential risk for exposure via soil in residential and plant uptake scenarios,

Excess cancer risks were calculated using the following simplified equation:

$$Cancer\ Risk = \frac{C_{SS} \times 1x10^{-6}}{Cancer\ SL}$$

where:

C_{SS} = concentration in surface soil (mg/kg)
Cancer _{SL} = cancer-based residential screening level (mg/kg)

Noncancer risks were calculated in accordance with DTSC guidance using the following simplified equation:

$$Noncancer\ Risk = \frac{C_{SS}x1}{Noncancer\ SL}$$

where:

C_{SS} - concentration in surface soil (mg/kg) Noncancer _{SL} = noncancer-based residential screening level (mg/kg)

Use of the residential soil screening levels is consistent with the CSM (see **Figure 2**) and exposure scenario being evaluated at the Site. In accordance with DTSC guidance, the residential screening levels are based on DTSC's modified SLs in HHRA Note 3 and incorporate DTSC standard default exposure assumptions and toxicity values (DTSC 2019a,b). If a DTSC screening level is not available, the SFBRWQCB residential soil Environmental Screening



Levels (ESLs) or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA's) Regional Screening Levels for residential soil were applied (SFBRWQCB 2019; USEPA 2023). Screening levels for homegrown produce were calculated based on the potential root uptake of constituents from soil as presented in **Appendix H**. These calculations are based on the equations provided in USEPA's Human Health Risk Assessment Protocol for Hazardous Waste Combustion Facilities (USEPA 2005) and exposure assumptions for produce provided in the Exposure Factors Handbook (USEPA 2011).

Residential soil screening levels are based on an excess cancer risk level of 1x10⁻⁶ and noncancer HQ of 1. In general, the maximum detected concentration should be used to assess potential human health risks posed by surface soil (DTSC 2022a) This SLHHERA, however, evaluates risks on an individual sample-by-sample basis given the residential nature of exposure potential and the need to characterize the Site extent.

When more than one COPC is present, the cumulative cancer risk and noncancer hazard indices (HI) for all COPCs are calculated by summing the chemical-specific risks. Note, this is a conservative approach, as not all COPCs have the same toxic endpoint. The USEPA has defined what is considered to be an acceptable level of risk. The USEPA considers one in one million (1×10⁻⁶) to one in ten thousand (1×10⁻⁴) to be the target range for acceptable risk (USEPA 1990). Estimates of lifetime excess cancer risk associated with exposure to chemicals of less than 1×10⁻⁶ are considered *de minimis*, a risk level that is so low as to not warrant any further investigation or analysis (USEPA 1990). It should be noted that cancer risks in the 1×10⁻⁶ to 1×10⁻⁴ range or higher do not necessarily mean that adverse health effects will be observed. The current methodology for estimating the carcinogenic potential of chemicals could overestimate the true risk by a considerable degree.

Within the state of California, CalEPA also generally targets the same range for acceptable risks. However, DTSC's points of departure for risk management decisions are 1x10⁻⁶ excess cancer risk and a noncancer HI of 1 (DTSC 2022a). If any calculation of risk exceeds the point of departure, current and future risk evaluation and/or risk management decisions may be warranted. This includes the process of using the characterization of health risks and all Lines of Evidence (LOEs), both qualitative and quantitative, to determine the appropriate response actions (DTSC 2023).

4.1.1 Background Approach

Background inorganic elements in soil can prove problematic for risk assessment purposes because these elements detected at a site may be comprised of naturally occurring metals, regional anthropogenic contributions, or a site-specific release (DTSC 2020). Background and ambient concentrations of some inorganic elements can exceed risk-based concentrations. Arsenic is especially problematic since the risk-based soil concentration can sometimes be 100 times below typical background and ambient soil concentrations not related to site-specific releases of arsenic (DTSC 2020).

In accordance with USEPA and DTSC guidance, COPCs should not be eliminated from the risk assessment based on background (USEPA 2002; DTSC 2022a). Instead, USEPA and DTSC guidance states that "background issues for inorganic chemicals are to be addressed during the risk characterization" (DTSC 2022a). HERO recommends the screening level risk assessment include the calculation of both the site-related risk and hazard index and the total risk and hazard index. The latter presents the risk and hazard associated with exposure to all detected



chemicals prior to elimination of inorganic chemicals that are determined to be consistent with site-specific background or ambient concentrations. This information is useful for risk management decisions and for public transparency. Therefore, for naturally occurring COPCs at the Site (which in this case includes all the metals), the SLHHERA includes additional consideration of background soil concentrations in the risk evaluation.

Mitigation or remediation is usually not undertaken to reduce the concentration of contaminants below ambient levels, which comprise both naturally occurring background with added anthropogenic source inputs (i.e., ambient) (USEPA 2002).

4.2 Data Comparison to Soil Standards for Human Health

With the exception of homegrown produce, the residential screening levels consider all the above potential exposure routes including ingestion, inhalation of particulates in ambient air, and dermal absorption, and are utilized in the risk characterization below. As ingestion of homegrown produce represents a complete exposure pathway at the Site, the development of homegrown produce screening levels was conducted separately and is discussed in **Appendix H**

The resulting concentrations of COPCs in the soil samples were compared with applicable human health and ecological screening levels published by the California DTSC HERO, SFBRWQCB, and USEPA, as provided on **Table 4**.

Overall, all COPCs were detected in the 14 soil samples with the exception of chromium VI, molybdenum, and selenium. COPC concentrations were compared to residential screening levels established by the DTSC, SFBRWQCB and/or USEPA, as presented in **Table 4**. The following concentrations exceeded the respective residential soil health standards:

- **Arsenic**. Arsenic exceeded its residential soil health standard of 0.11 mg/kg at all 14 locations.
- Lead. Lead exceeded its residential soil health standard of 80 mg/kg at MRC-1 (82 mg/kg).

As shown in **Table 5** and detailed in **Appendices G and H**, the cumulative cancer risks based on direct contact with surface soil and ingestion of homegrown produce (not excluding background) range from 2x10⁻⁴ to 1x10⁻³. The risks are above the point of departure of 1x10⁻⁶ and the upper-bound cancer risk level of 1x10⁻⁴ and are generally due to arsenic concentrations. When the background contribution to soil concentrations is excluded (removed), the resulting excess cancer risks all drop to 0, indicating that the arsenic concentrations in soil are within the range of regional background and not attributable to the release of spent catalyst dust. In general, soil concentrations are consistent with background conditions.

As shown in **Table 5** and detailed in **Appendices G and H**, the estimated noncancer HIs based on direct contact with surface soil and ingestion of homegrown produce (not excluding background) range from 15.6 to 93.2. This range is above the acceptable HI of 1 and generally due to arsenic concentrations. When the background contribution to soil concentrations is excluded (removed), the resulting noncancer HIs all drop to 0, indicating that the arsenic concentrations in soil are within the range of regional background and not attributable to the release of spent catalyst dust. In general, soil concentrations are consistent with background conditions.



These LOEs are discussed in detail below.

4.2.1 Arsenic Uptake by plants

Although arsenic concentrations in soil are within the range of regional background and not attributable to the release of spent catalyst dust, community concerns related to ingestion of homegrown produce warrant a closer look at how arsenic is taken up by plants. Plants vary in the amount of arsenic they absorb from the soil and where they store arsenic. Some plants move arsenic from the roots to the leaves, while others absorb and store it in the roots only. Fruit-type vegetables, such as tomatoes, concentrate arsenic in the roots and very little arsenic is taken up in the edible portion of the plant. Leafy vegetables also store arsenic in their roots, but some is also stored in the stems and leaves. Lettuce and some members of the Brassica plant family (e.g., collards, kale, mustard, and turnip greens) store more arsenic in the leaves than do other crops, but not at concentrations high enough to cause concern. Root crops such as beets, turnips, carrots, and potatoes absorb most of the arsenic in the surface skin of the vegetable. By peeling the skins of root crops, you can eliminate the portion of the plant that contains arsenic.

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) published a pamphlet in 2015 called <u>Safe Gardening</u>, <u>Safe Play</u>, <u>and a Safe Home | Spring Valley in Washington DC | ATSDR (cdc.gov)</u> which looks at exposure and risk when arsenic in soil is greater than 20 mg/kg, similar to a handful of May 2023 soil samples (MRC-2 and MRC-4). The ATSDR study concluded that "even for those areas showing elevated levels of arsenic, the uptake into home grown vegetables or fruits, is not likely to be sufficient to cause any health effects to persons gardening in the soil or eating vegetables grown in the garden."

Total concentrations of arsenic in soil are a poor indicator of plant-available arsenic because water-soluble forms are considered the most phytoavailable (Kabata-Pendias and Pendias 1992). The speciation and valence state of arsenic under ambient conditions are greatly influenced by environmental factors such as oxidation-reduction (redox), pH, temperature, and other compounds. Bioavailability and uptake by plants, in turn, depend upon the species of arsenic present (API 1998).

Under low redox potential values typical of flooded conditions and wetland soils, the more mobile, soluble, and phytoavailable reduced state of arsenic (trivalent arsenic) is more abundant than the oxidized state of arsenic (pentavalent arsenic), which is predominant in aerated soils. (API 1998). However, aerated garden soils in neighborhoods surrounding MRC would generally contain the less soluble, less mobile, and less phytoavailable pentavalent arsenic.

Acidic soil (lower pH) promotes arsenic solubility and increases uptake by plants, as observed in several studies where pH decreased from 7 to 5.0 (Marin, et al. 1993; Speir, et al. 1992). Many plant uptake studies are conducted with acidic soils (pH less than 6), which would increase arsenic solubility and bioavailability for plants. Across the 14 soil sample locations, the pH of soil ranged from 5.7 to 7.3, which reduces arsenic plant uptake.

The presence of other metals in the soil (aluminum and iron) tend to sorb to the arsenic in soil, which significantly restricts the downward movement (leaching) of arsenic in soils, as well as the availability of arsenic to plants (Walsh, et al. 1977), (Wauchope 1975). Aluminum is abundant in



the soil (maximum aluminum soil concentration is 23,000 mg/kg) and likely sorb to much of the arsenic, rendering it less available to plant uptake.

Therefore, while concentrations of arsenic in surface soil are reported above the residential soil health standard, soil conditions in the region (e.g., aerated soils with neutral soil pH and high aluminum content) significantly reduce uptake of arsenic into plants and any concern related to consuming homegrown produce

4.3 Data Comparison to Ecological Soil Standards

A screening level ecological risk assessment was conducted for all detected surface soil COPCs. Ecological soil screening levels (ESSLs) were obtained from the SFBRWQCB ESLs and are based on terrestrial habitats that are present in significantly vegetated areas such as parkland or single-family homes with yards (SFBRWQCB 2019). The ESSLs are provided in **Table 6**.

The following concentrations exceeded their ecological soil standards:

- Arsenic. Arsenic exceeded the ecological soil standard of 25 mg/kg at MRC-2 (28 mg/kg).
- **Barium**. Barium exceeded the ecological soil standard of 390 mg/kg at MRC-5 (600 mg/kg) and MRC-7 (560 mg/kg).
- Lead. Lead exceeded the ecological soil standard of 32 mg/kg at MRC-1 (82 mg/kg) and MRC-2 (79 mg/kg).
- Nickel. Nickel exceeded the ecological soil standard of 130 mg/kg at MRC-4 (200 mg/kg).
- Vanadium. Vanadium exceeded the ecological soil standard of 18 mg/kg at all 14 locations.

In addition, surface soil concentrations for each detected metal (minus background) were adjusted for each sample location on a point-by point basis. Medium-specific hazard quotients (HQs) were calculated using the following equation.

$$HQ_{xy} = [COPC_{xy}]/ESSL_{xy}$$

Where:

 HQ_{xy} = hazard quotient for a COPC (x) in a given medium (y) $COPC_{xy}$ = the surface soil concentration for COPCs in each sample $ESSL_{xy}$ = the COPC-specific ecological soil screening level

Chemicals with an HQ less than 1 are considered unlikely to pose a risk to ecological receptors. Similar to human health, ecological HQs are then summed to determine the cumulative HI. If all medium-specific HIs are equal to or less than one, then it is reasonable to conclude no unacceptable ecological risks are associated with COPCs at the Site.

As shown in **Table 7** and detailed in **Appendix I**, the estimated ecological HIs based on direct contact (not excluding background) range from 2.7 to 9.2. This range is slightly above the acceptable HI of 1. When the background contribution to soil concentrations is excluded (removed), the resulting noncancer HIs all drop to 0, indicating that ecological receptors



(animals) contacting soil is not a concern when background is considered, as all soil concentrations fall within the expected background range.



5.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

A screening level human health and ecological risk assessment was conducted for receptors potentially exposed to spent catalyst dust deposited in surface soil from the MRC release. Residents may be exposed to surface soil COPCs via incidental ingestion, dermal contact, inhalation of particulates and ingestion of homegrown produce, while ecological receptors (e.g., animals) may be exposed to soils through direct contact. A summary of the risk assessment results after the background contribution of COPCs is accounted for does not indicate any concern to human health (residents) or ecological receptors (e.g., animals). While exceedances of acceptable cancer risk levels and noncancer HIs occur when background contribution is not removed, the following conclusions are made:

- None of the metals analyzed exceed the expected regional background range,
- Two metals (arsenic and lead) exceed residential direct contact screening levels, however these exceedances are not likely associated with the spent catalyst material, as the proportions of the metals found did not match the spent catalyst composition in the bulk material or dust (wipe samples).

Based on these findings, TRC does not recommend additional sampling or further evaluation.



6.0 References

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Tables

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Table 1 Summary of November 2022 Bulk and Wipe Data

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

					Sam	ple ID				
	B-1	B-2	B-3	B-4	B-6	D-1	D-2	D-4	D-5	D-6
			11/26/2022				11/26	5/2022	•	11/28/2022
Analyte			Bulk Sample					Wipe Sample		•
		Communi	ty Sample		Source Sample		Commun	ity Sample		Background Sample
	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	ug/wipe	ug/wipe	ug/wipe	ug/wipe	ug/wipe
Title 22 Metals	EPA 6020/7	000 series)								
Aluminum						5,900	13,000	56,000	39,000	1,300
Antimony	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	<0.50	1.1	1.6	2.8	1.7	<1.0
Arsenic	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	5.8	<1.0	1.1	2.7	1.8	<1.0
Barium	<240	86	<130	<3,400	63	39	61	140	96	23
Beryllium	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	0.68	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Cadmium	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50
Chromium	<24	15	16	<340	15	5.7	9.5	27	17	3.8
Cobalt	<24	6.5	<13	<340	7.9	1.1	2.4	8.5	5.4	1.2
Copper	<24	23	26	<340	29	14	24	55	37	11
Lead	<24	12	<13	<340	12	6.9	12	36	21	3.3
Mercury	<2.4	<0.34	<1.3	<34	<0.050	0.10	<0.10	0.13	<0.10	<0.10
Molybdenum	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	12	<1.0	2.0	5.2	3.6	<1.0
Nickel	160	200	200	<340	200	17	40	160	110	5.9
Selenium	<24	3.8	<13	<340	3.5	<1.0	<1.0	4.2	3.0	<1.0
Silver	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Thallium	<24	<3.4	<13	<340	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vanadium	570	580	610	510	510	52	130	540	380	5.8
Zinc	<240	61	200	19,000	16	130	180	370	240	290

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

Bulk sample B-5 did not contain enough material to analyze; therefore, no analysis was conducted.

Dust sample D-3 was not collected.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit</pre>

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ug/wipe = micrograms per wipe

-- = Not analyzed

Table 2 Summary of Regional Soil Background Studies Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

				Geometric Mean	Geometric Mean Western United States (West of 96th Meridian)	Arithmetic Mean	95th Percentile			anup Goals f	ire Backgrou for Metals in g/kg)				City of Oakla	nd Survey o		UCL Metal Conce	entration Stu	dies (mg/kg)
Analyte	Expected Background Concentration Range	Additional Background Studies (mg/kg)	Source	California Soils (mg/kg) Bradford-Kearney Foundation Report 1996. Background Concentrations of Trace and Major Elements in California Soils	Shacklette and Boerngen, 1984. Elements Concentrations in Soils and	(mg Analysis of Backgr of Metals in the	emoval of Outliers (/kg) ound Distributions Soil at Lawrence aboratory, Table 3.	UM Geological Area	QLS Geological Area	KL Geological Area	Q/QOA Geological Area	TV/TVP Geological Area	KU/KJFM Geological Area	Lawrence Berkley National Laboratorie s	Colluvian and Fill	Great Valley Group	Moraga Formation	Orinda Formation	San Pablo Group	San Leandro, CA	Union City, CA
Aluminum	58,000 - 71,000	NA	NA	71,000	58,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	1.8 - 31	11	Duverge	2.8	5.5	5.5	17	5.2	7.062	9.3	8.88	30	18.9	19.2	14	31	9.3	17.8	15.7	1.8-5.9	6.92-9.34
Barium	130 - 1,500	1,500	LBNL [a]	468	580	130	280	159	351	328	446	455	482	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Beryllium	0.368 - 3	3	LBNL [a]	1.14	0.68	NA [b]	NA [b]	0.368	0.733	0.52	1.78	1.73	1.8	1	0.9	1	0.8	1.1	0.8	<0.25-<1.3	0.5-0.81
Chromium, Total	24.8 - 1,690	160	LBNL [a]	76	41	58	100	1,690	29.8	124	53.3	156	75.6	99.6	91.4	59	142.2	95.2	78.6	24.8-43	46.5-112
Chromium, Hexavalent	t NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cobalt	7.1 - 136	23	LBNL [a]	12.6	7.1	14	22	136	19.48	33.7	31.9	53.9	30.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	11.8 - 99.7	76	LBNL [a]	24	21	32	58	33.8	30.9	44.93	38.6	59.1	91.3	69.4	59.6	99.7	54.1	66.9	40.9	11.8-68	28.2-60.1
Lead	3.3 - 247	48	LBNL [a]	21.7	17	7	17	14.45	22.22	26.9	117	247	43.7	16.1	14.7	21.5	8.9	14.8	10.3	3.3-10.4	19.8-148
Molybdenum	0.67 - 3.3	3.3	LBNL [a]	0.9	0.85	NA [b]	NA [b]	0.69	0.67	0.77	0.98	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	2.93 - 2,240	55	LBNL [a]	36	15	68	164	2,240	41.9	496	24.4	53	123	119.8	120.2	69.7	100.4	144.3	125.9	2.93-43.60	32.4-60.6
Selenium	0.028 -7	1.1	LBNL [a]	0.028	0.23	NA [b]	NA [b]	1.8	2.4	2.21	1.84	NA	NA	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.7	7	4.9	<0.25-<2.5	0.5
Vanadium	46 - 230	230	LBNL [a]	101	70	46	77	95.5	108.3	60.35	89.5	145	96.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	9.3 - 474	150	LBNL [a]	145	55	64	110	90.8	66.88	81.48	108	82	156	106.1	91.5	135.9	84.7	98.3	97.7	9.3-61.3	97.1-474

Notes:

[a] insufficient sample size to calculate statistic[b] Table 4 of LBNL based on data in S&B paper

Abbreviations:

NA = not available

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

95%UCL = 95% Upper Confidence Limit on the arithmetic mean

Source:

Bradford: Bradford, G.R., A.C. Chang, A.L. Page, D. Bakhtark, J.A. Frampton, and H. Wright 1996. Background Concentrations of Trace and Major Elements in California Soils, Kearney Foundation of Soil Science, Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources, University of California, Riverside, 52 p. **Duverge:** D. J. Duverge Establishing Background Arsenic in Soil of the Urbanized San Francisco Bay Region, Master of Sciences, December 2011.

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S&B: Shacklette, H.T., and J.G. Boerngen 1984. Element Concentrations in Soils and Other Surficial Materials, Conterminous United States, U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1270. **Napa County Fire Background Table.** Available online at: https://www.countyofnapa.org/DocumentCenter/View/7998/Napa-County-Fire-BKGD-20180214-V2

Table 3 Summary of Soil Data and Comparison to Expected Background Range

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

								Sample ID											
Analyte	MRC-1	MRC-2	MRC-3	MRC-4	MRC-5	MRC-6	MRC-7	MRC-8	MRC-8 /Dup-1	MRC-9	MRC-10	MRC-11	MRC-12	MRC-13	MRC-14	Max	Location	Expected	Are Soil Data Within Expected
7 and 19 to	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	Detect		Background Range (mg/kg)	Background Range?
					Title	22 Metal	s (Metho	d SW846	6010B) (r	ng/kg)									
Aluminum	9,200	19,000	17,000	9,800	23,000	17,000	21,000	19,000	18,000	9,300	15,000	10,000	15,000	8,900	14,000	23,000	MRC-5	58,000 - 71,000	Yes
Arsenic	7.1	28	11	24	7.5	6.8	8.8	16.0	14.0	6.1	5.1	5.7	3.9	5.4	8.5	28.0	MRC-2	1.8 - 31	Yes
Barium	99	110	150	110	600	170	560	130	130	100	130	98	86	90	86	600.0	MRC-5	130 - 1,500	Yes
Beryllium	0.57	0.53	0.93	0.58	0.61	0.48	0.62	0.77	0.69	0.73	1.2	0.64	0.65	0.55	88.0	1.2	MRC-10	0.368 - 3	Yes
Chromium, Total	22	57	46	87	46	43	51	64	56	24	27	29	20	16	35	87	MRC-4	24.8 - 1,690	Yes
Cobalt	7.1	19	17	16	15	12	18	15	15	6.3	11	7.9	5.1	6.5	9.9	19	MRC-2	7.1 - 136	Yes
Copper	20	53	44	36	44	28	63	48	43	14	30	23	7.9	11	29	63	MRC-7	11.8 - 99.7	Yes
Lead	82	79	31	23	11	31	31	32	25	15	10	13	6.6	18	33	82	MRC-1	3.3 - 247	Yes
Molybdenum	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	0.67 - 3.3	Yes
Nickel	19	56	50	200	44	40	60	65	60	23	30	31	14	13	32	200	MRC-4	2.93 - 2,240	Yes
Selenium	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	0.028 -7	Yes
Vanadium	30	70	60	30	69	59	64	70	64	29	59	34	30	30	54	70	MRC-2/-8	46 - 230	Yes
Zinc	160	82	210	56	65	66	110	88	82	64	79	59	32	41	270	270	MRC-14	9.3 - 474	Yes
					Hexava	lent Chro	mium (M	ethod SW	/846 7199) (mg/kg)									
Chromium VI	<0.25	<0.25	<0.22	<0.27	<0.24	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.24	<0.22	<0.25	<0.26	<0.25	<0.23	<0.27	MRC-4	NA	NA
							General I	Paramete	rs										
рН	5.9	6.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	6.0	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.3	6.0	5.7	5.	7-7.3	NA	NA

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram NA = Not applicable

Table 4 Summary of Soil Data and Residential Soil Health Standards

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

								Sample ID)									R	Residential Soil Healt	h Standard	ls (mg/kg)
Analyte	MRC-1	MRC-2	MRC-3	MRC-4	MRC-5	MRC-6	MRC-7	MRC-8	MRC-8 /Dup-1	MRC-9	MRC-10	MRC-11	MRC-12	MRC-13	MRC-14	Max Detect	Location	Ingestic	on, Dermal Contact,	Ingestic	n of Homegrown
	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023				on of Airborne Soil articulates [a]	_	oduce [b]
					Title	22 Metal	s (Metho	d SW846	6010B) (ı	mg/kg)]			
Aluminum	9,200	19,000	17,000	9,800	23,000	17,000	21,000	19,000	18,000	9,300	15,000	10,000	15,000	8,900	14,000	23,000	MRC-5	77,000	USEPA RSL (NC)	30,053	NC
Arsenic	7.1	28	11	24	7.5	6.8	8.8	16.0	14.0	6.1	5.1	5.7	3.9	5.4	8.5	28.0	MRC-2	0.11	DTSC-SL (C)	0.03	C [NC = 5.19]
Barium	99	110	150	110	600	170	560	130	130	100	130	98	86	90	86	600.0	MRC-5	15,000	SFRWQCB-ESL	727	NC
Beryllium	0.57	0.53	0.93	0.58	0.61	0.48	0.62	0.77	0.69	0.73	1.2	0.64	0.65	0.55	0.88	1.2	MRC-10	16	SFRWQCB-ESL	90	NC
Chromium, Total	22	57	46	87	46	43	51	64	56	24	27	29	20	16	35	87	MRC-4	120,000	SFRWQCB-ESL [c]	34,617	NC
Cobalt	7.1	19	17	16	15	12	18	15	15	6.3	11	7.9	5.1	6.5	9.9	19	MRC-2	23	SFRWQCB-ESL	1.8	NC
Copper	20	53	44	36	44	28	63	48	43	14	30	23	7.9	11	29	63	MRC-7	3,100	SFRWQCB-ESL	12	NC
Lead	82	79	31	23	11	31	31	32	25	15	10	13	6.6	18	33	82	MRC-1	80	SFRWQCB-ESL	NA	NA
Molybdenum	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	390	SFRWQCB-ESL	NA	NA
Nickel	19	56	50	200	44	40	60	65	60	23	30	31	14	13	32	200	MRC-4	820	SFRWQCB-ESL	243	NC
Selenium	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	390	SFRWQCB-ESL	NA	NA
Vanadium	30	70	60	30	69	59	64	70	64	29	59	34	30	30	54	70	MRC-2/-8	390	SFRWQCB-ESL	106	NC
Zinc	160	82	210	56	65	66	110	88	82	64	79	59	32	41	270	270	MRC-14	23,000	SFRWQCB-ESL	206	NC
					Hexava	lent Chro	mium (M	ethod SV	V846 7199	9) (mg/kg)										
Chromium VI	<0.25	<0.25	<0.22	<0.27	<0.24	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.24	<0.22	<0.25	<0.26	<0.25	<0.23	<0.27	MRC-4	0.3	SFRWQCB-ESL	NA	NA
							General I	Paramete	rs												
рН	5.9	6.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	6.0	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.3	6.0	5.7	5.	7-7.3		NA	4	

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

[a] California-specific DTSC or SFRWQCB screening levels assumed. When California-specific screening levels not available, USEPA Residential Soil RSL value assumed.

[b] Based on site-specific plant uptake and homegrown produce risk-based calculation, as presented in Appendix G.

[c] Value not available for total chromium; therefore, trivalent chromium assumed.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit</pre>

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

DTSC = California Department of Toxic Substances Control

ESL = Environmental Screening Level

HERO = Human and Ecological Risk Office

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

RSL = Regional Screening Level

SFRWQCB = San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

References:

San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, Bay Area. Summary of Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs), 2019 (Rev 2), Updated 2022.

Human Health Risk Assessment, Note Number 3, DTSC-modified Screening Levels (DTSC-SLs), California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO), Release date: June 2020; Revised May 2022. [Table 1. DTSC-recommended Screening Levels for Soil Analytes]

USEPA Regional Screening Level (RSL) Table. May 2023 update. Available online at: https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-generic-tables

Table 5 Summary of Human Health Risks from Direct Contact with Soil and Ingestion of Homegrown Produce

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

Exposure Pathways	Background Contribution	MRC	C-1	MR	C-2	MRC	C-3	MRO	C-4	MRC	C-5	MRC	C-6	MR	C-7	MR	C-8	MRC-8 /	Dup-1	MRO	C-9	MRC	-10	MRC	-11	MRC	-12	MRC	C-13	MRC)-14
Exposure Fairways	Included?	C Risk	NC HI																												
Soil Ingestion, Dermal, Inhalation (Appendix G)	YES	6.5E-05	18.9	2.5E-04	70.7	1.0E-04	28.5	2.2E-04	60.0	6.8E-05	19.7	6.2E-05	18.0	8.0E-05	23.2	1.5E-04	40.7	1.3E-04	35.7	5.5E-05	15.6	4.6E-05	13.5	5.2E-05	14.7	3.5E-05	10.2	4.9E-05	13.9	7.7E-05	22.0
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Appendix H)	YES	2.3E-04	8.7	9.0E-04	22.8	3.5E-04	18.1	7.7E-04	18.6	2.4E-04	16.5	2.2E-04	12.4	2.8E-04	20.2	5.2E-04	17.9	4.5E-04	16.9	2.0E-04	7.1	1.6E-04	11.5	1.8E-04	8.8	1.3E-04	5.4	1.7E-04	6.6	2.7E-04	12.3
Combined Residential Exposure Pathways	YES	2.9E-04	27.6	1.2E-03	93.4	4.5E-04	46.6	9.9E-04	78.7	3.1E-04	36.2	2.8E-04	30.3	3.6E-04	43.4	6.6E-04	58.5	5.8E-04	52.6	2.5E-04	22.7	2.1E-04	25.1	2.4E-04	23.5	1.6E-04	15.6	2.2E-04	20.6	3.5E-04	34.3

Exposure Pathways	Background Contribution	MRC	C-1	MRC	C-2	MRC	C-3	MR	C-4	MRC	C-5	MRC	C-6	MRC	C-7	MRC	C-8	MRC-8 /	Dup-1	MRC	C-9	MRO	C-10	MRC	:-11	MRC	C-12	MRC	-13	MR	C-14
Exposure Fathways	Included?	C Risk	NC HI																												
Soil Ingestion, Dermal, Inhalation (Appendix G)	NO	0.0E+00	0.0																												
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Appendix H)	NO	0.0E+00	0.0																												
Combined Residential Exposure Pathways	NO	0.0E+00	0.0																												

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

HI = noncancer Hazard Index = \sum HQ HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

Table 6 Summary of Soil Data and Ecological Soil Standards

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

								Sample ID										
Analyte	MRC-1	MRC-2	MRC-3	MRC-4	MRC-5	MRC-6	MRC-7	MRC-8	MRC-8 /Dup-1	MRC-9	MRC-10	MRC-11	MRC-12	MRC-13	MRC-14	Max Detect	Location	Ecological Soil Standards
	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/5/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023	5/4/2023			(mg/kg) [a]
					T	itle 22 Me	etals (Met	thod SW8	346 6010E	3) (mg/kg)							
Aluminum	9,200	19,000	17,000	9,800	23,000	17,000	21,000	19,000	18,000	9,300	15,000	10,000	15,000	8,900	14,000	23,000	MRC-5	OK when pH <u>></u> 5.5 [b]
Arsenic	7.1	28	11	24	7.5	6.8	8.8	16.0	14.0	6.1	5.1	5.7	3.9	5.4	8.5	28.0	MRC-2	25
Barium	99	110	150	110	600	170	560	130	130	100	130	98	86	90	86	600.0	MRC-5	390
Beryllium	0.57	0.53	0.93	0.58	0.61	0.48	0.62	0.77	0.69	0.73	1.2	0.64	0.65	0.55	0.88	1.2	MRC-10	5.0
Chromium, Total	22	57	46	87	46	43	51	64	56	24	27	29	20	16	35	87	MRC-4	160
Cobalt	7.1	19	17	16	15	12	18	15	15	6.3	11	7.9	5.1	6.5	9.9	19	MRC-2	50
Copper	20	53	44	36	44	28	63	48	43	14	30	23	7.9	11	29	63	MRC-7	180
Lead	82	79	31	23	11	31	31	32	25	15	10	13	6.6	18	33	82	MRC-1	32
Molybdenum	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	6.9
Nickel	19	56	50	200	44	40	60	65	60	23	30	31	14	13	32	200	MRC-4	130
Selenium	<2.5	<2.4	<2.1	<2.7	<2.4	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.3	<2.4	<2.2	<2.5	<2.5	<2.4	<2.3	<2.7	MRC-4	2.4
Vanadium	30	70	60	30	69	59	64	70	64	29	59	34	30	30	54	70	MRC-2/-8	18
Zinc	160	82	210	56	65	66	110	88	82	64	79	59	32	41	270	270	MRC-14	340
					Hexa	avalent C	hromium	(Method	SW846 7	'199) (mg	/kg)							
Chromium VI	<0.25	<0.25	<0.22	<0.27	<0.24	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.23	<0.24	<0.22	<0.25	<0.26	<0.25	<0.23	<0.27	MRC-4	10
							Gene	ral Param	eters									
рН	5.9	6.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	6.0	6.5	6.9	7.1	7.3	6.0	5.7	5.	7-7.3	NA

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

[a] All ecological screening levels taken from San Francisco Bay Summary of Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for Terrestrial Habitat Levels in Significantly Vegetated Area, except aluminum.

[b] As recommended in USEPA's EcoSSL for aluminum.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NA = Not applicable

Table 7 Summary of Ecological Risks

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

I Ecological Evacelira I	Background Contribution	MRC-1	MRC-2	MRC-3	MRC-4	MRC-5	MRC-6	MRC-7	MRC-8	MRC-8 /Dup-1	MRC-9	MRC-10	MRC-11	MRC-12	MRC-13	MRC-14
Pathways	Included?	HI	Ξ	HI	HI	H	I	H	Ħ	H	Ħ	Н	HI	H	H	HI
Direct Contact with Soil (Appendix I)	YES	5.8	9.2	6.9	6.0	7.2	5.9	7.9	7.3	6.6	3.3	5.2	3.6	2.7	3.2	6.2
Direct Contact with Soil (Appendix I)	NO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

HI = noncancer Hazard Index = ∑HQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

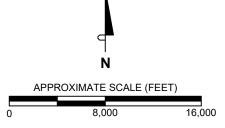
NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

Figures

LEGEND

Approximate soil sample location, May 2023



SOIL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

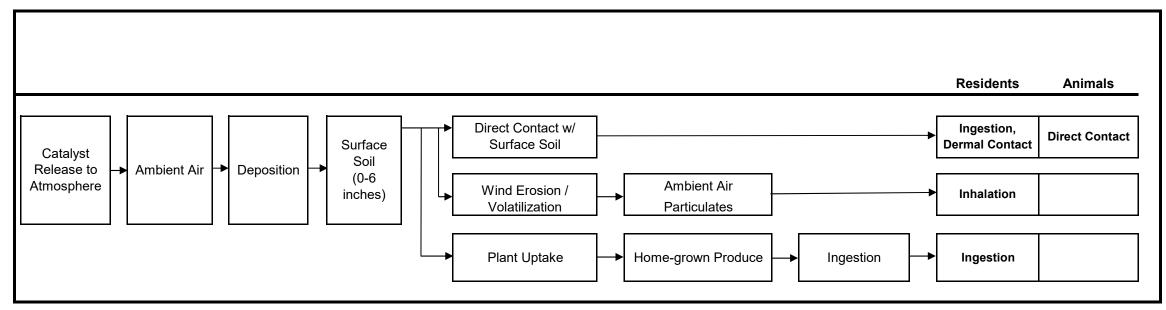
Contra Costa County Hazardous Materials Program



537895

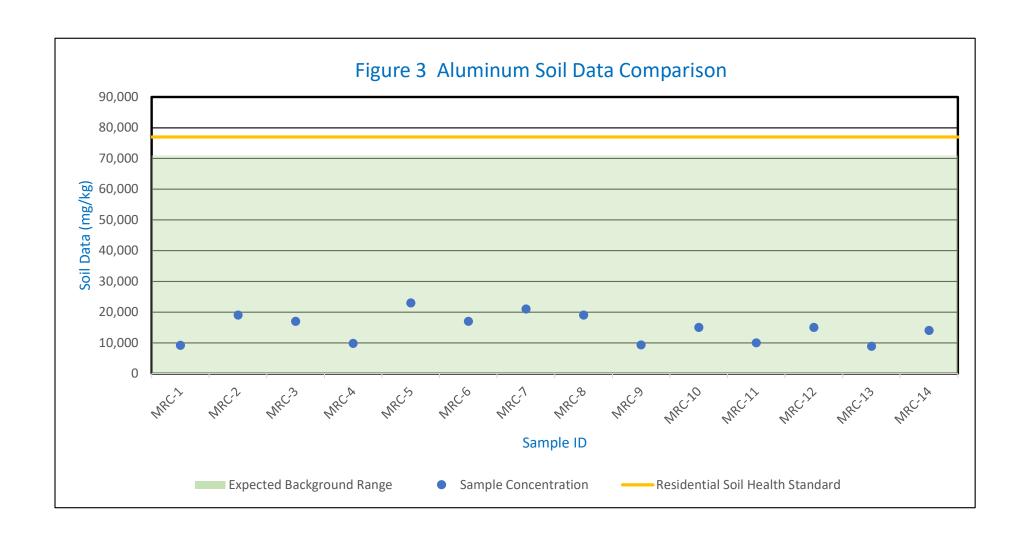
FIGURE 1

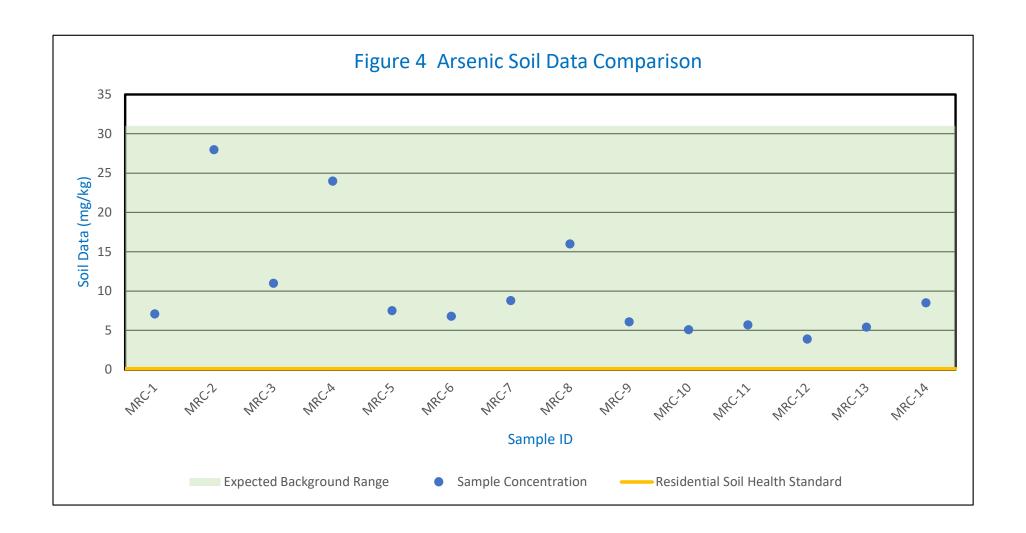
Figure 2 - Human Health and Ecological Conceptual Site Model
Martinez Refinery Company Sampling

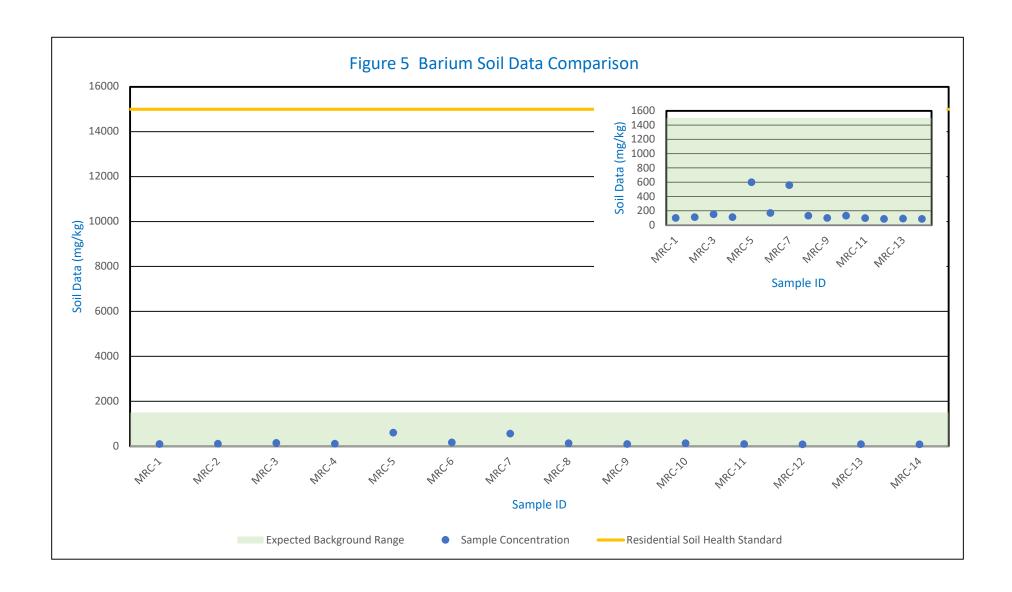


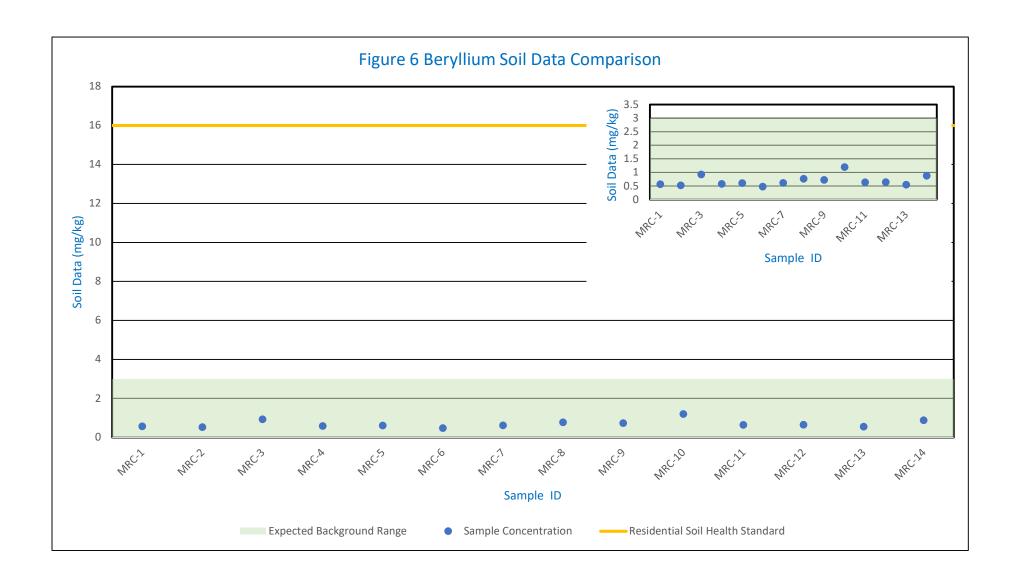
Notes:

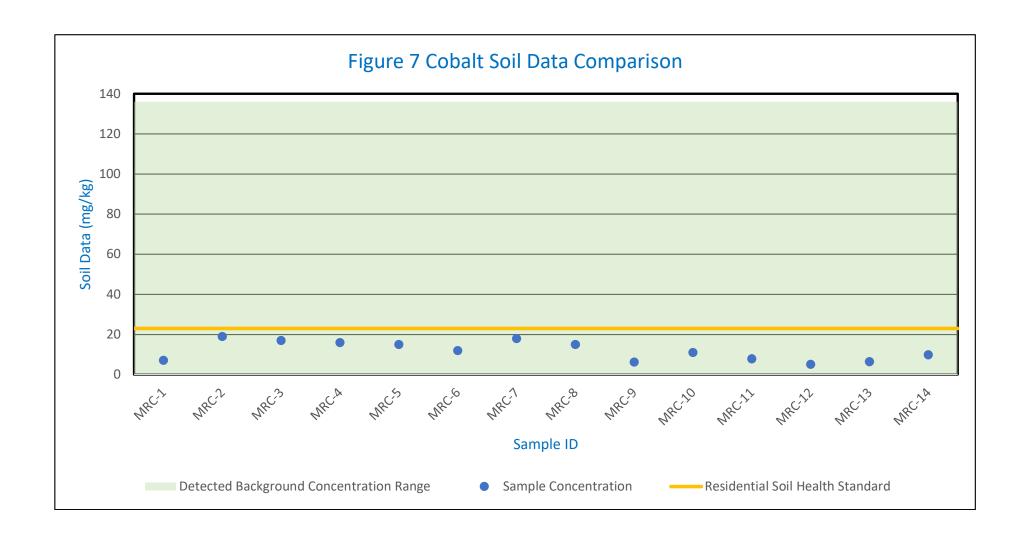
Blank box (no text) = incomplete exposure pathway

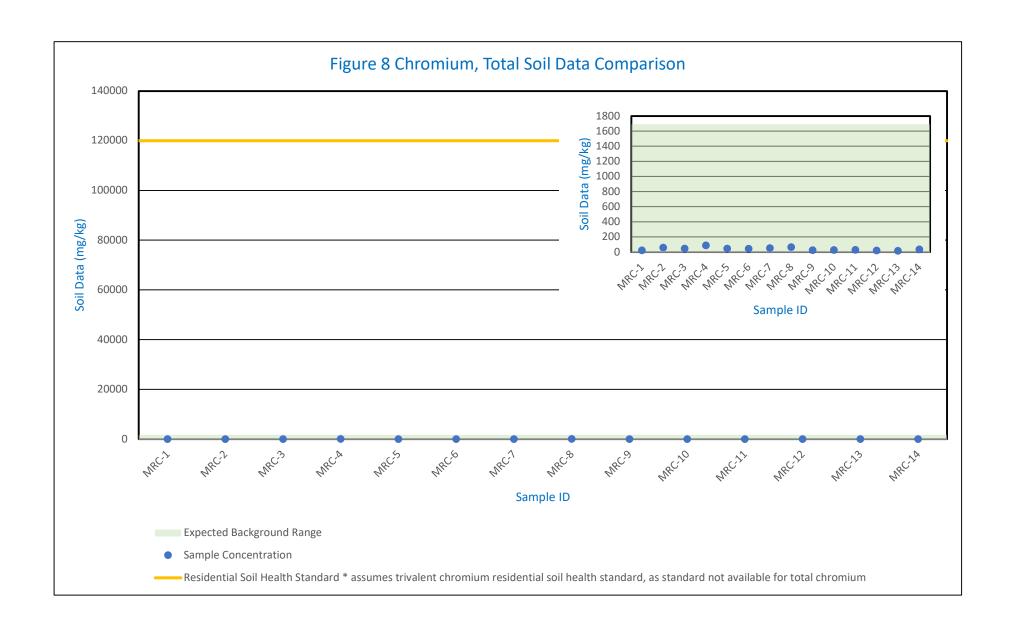


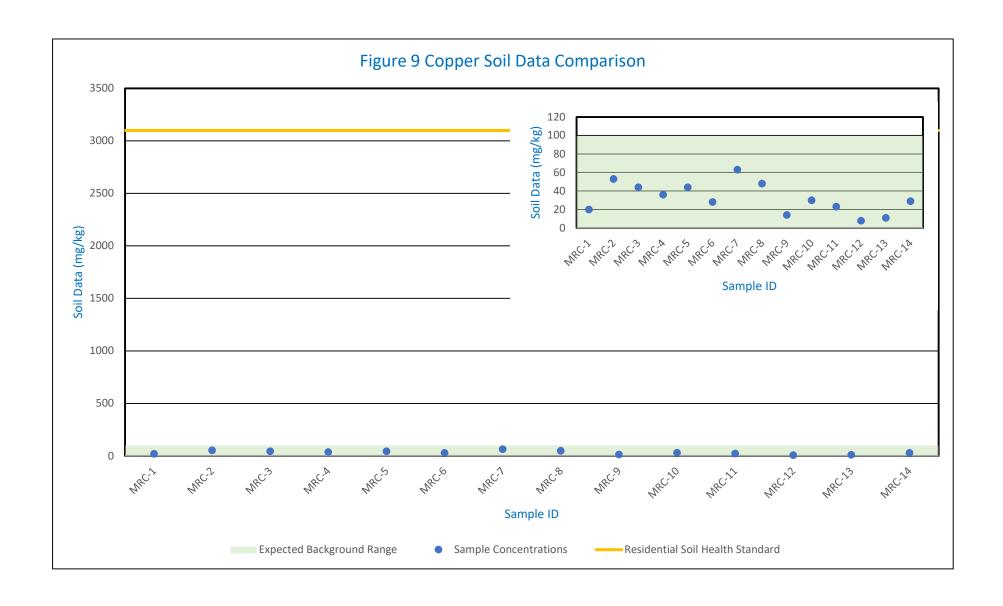


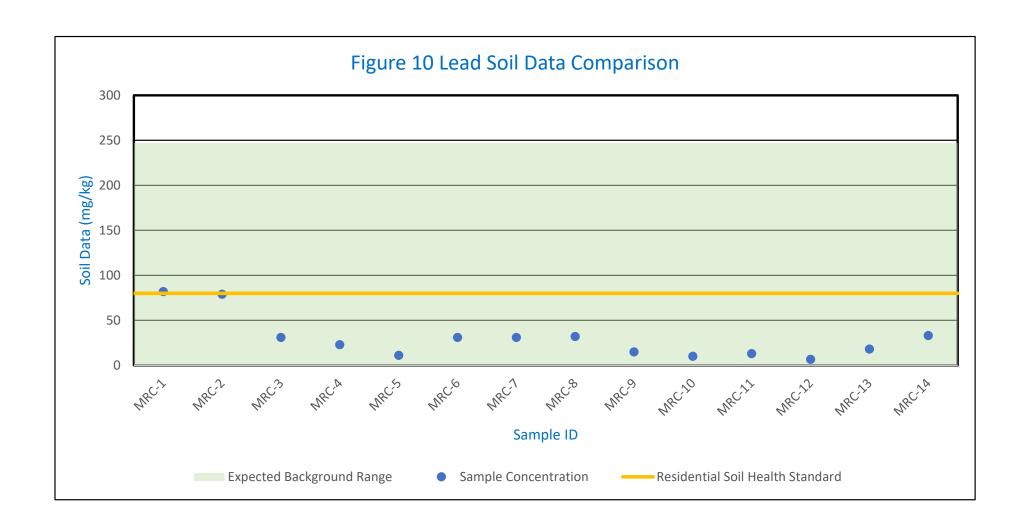


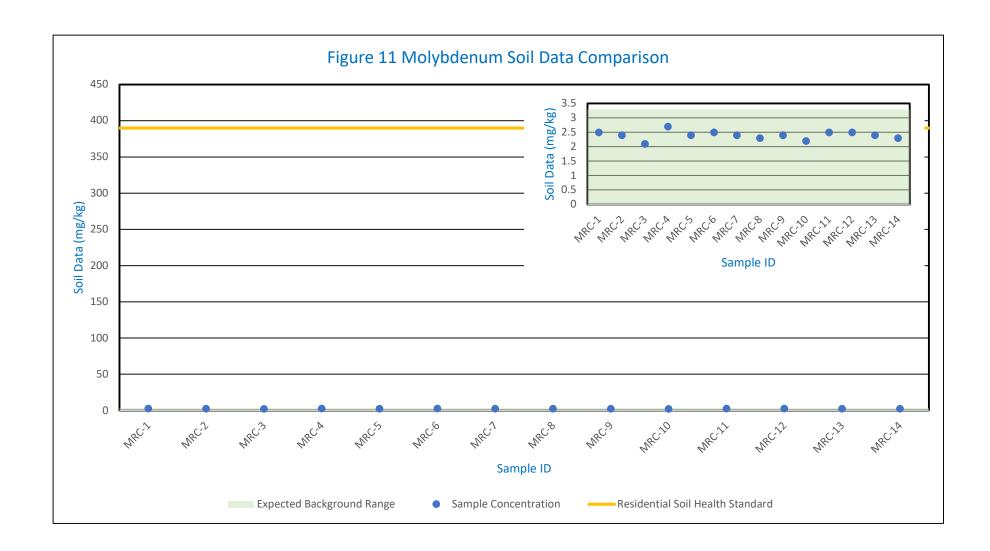


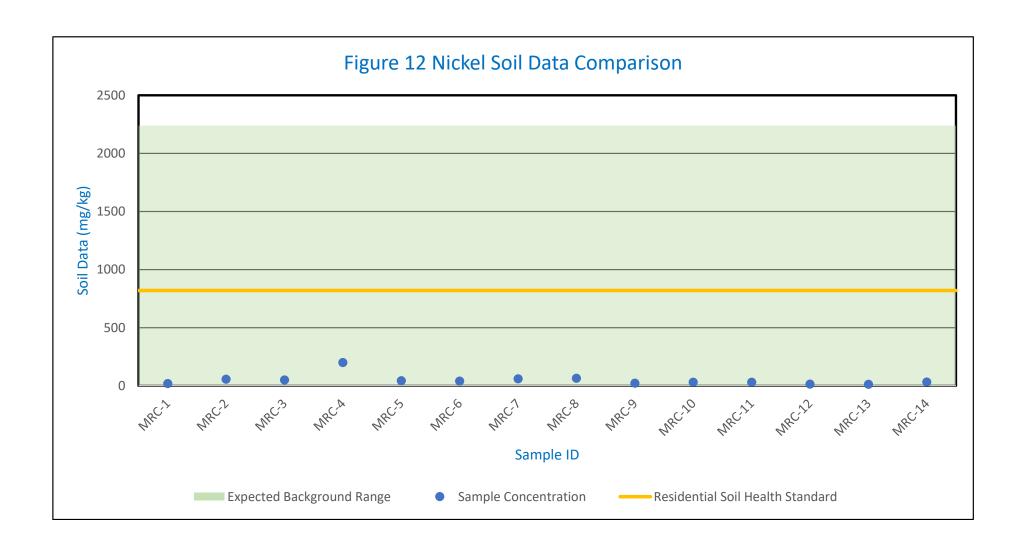


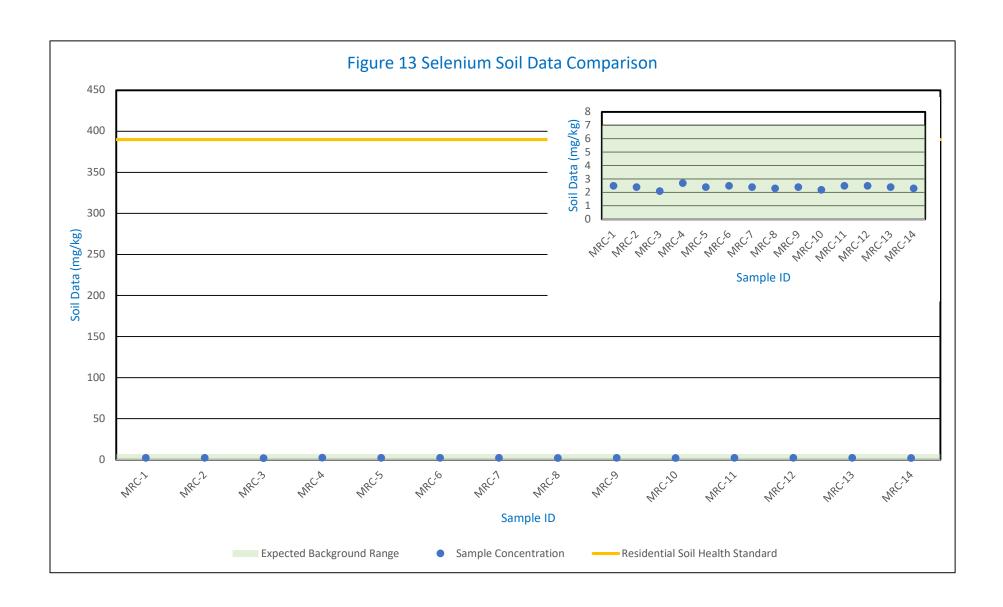


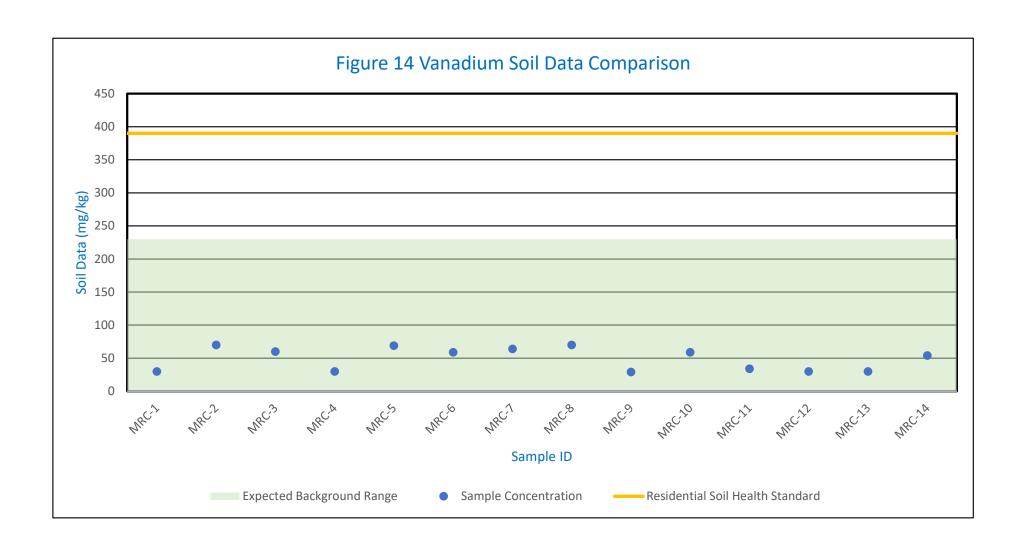


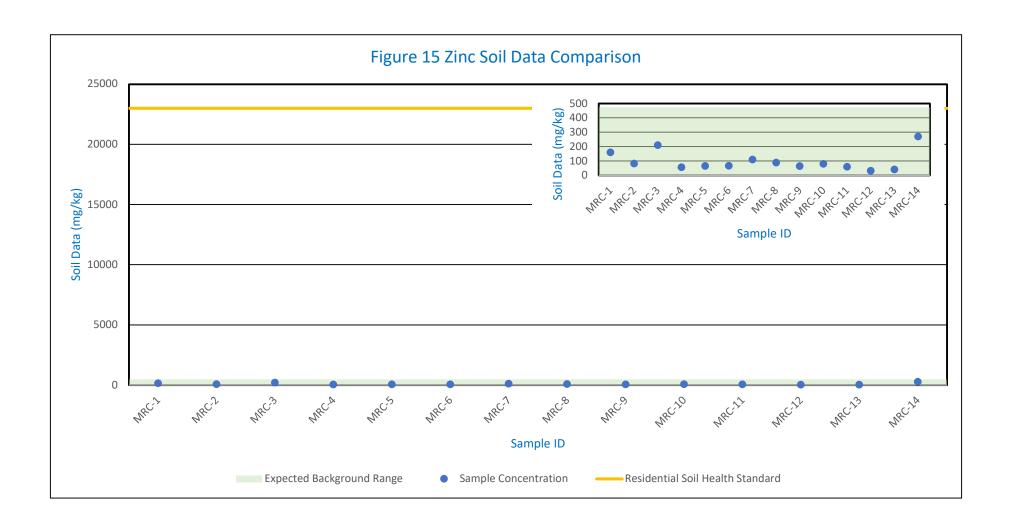












Appendix A. Laboratory Analytical Report for November 2022 Bulk Data



McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Quality Counts"

Analytical Report

WorkOrder: 2211J04

Report Created for: BAAQMD

375 Beale Street Suite 600 San Francisco, CA 94105

Project Contact: McKenzie Bell

Project P.O.:

Project: MRC

Note: CCH bulk dust samples collected in a sample container by BAAQMD. Samples reported in

milligrams per kilogram.

Project Received: 11/30/2022

Analytical Report reviewed & approved for release on 12/01/2022 by:

Jennifer Lagerbom

Project Manager

The report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The analytical results relate only to the items tested. Results reported conform to the most current NELAP standards, where applicable, unless otherwise stated in a case narrative.



1534 Willow Pass Rd. Pittsburg, CA 94565 ♦ TEL: (877) 252-9262 ♦ FAX: (925) 252-9269 ♦ www.mccampbell.com

CA ELAP 1644 ♦ NELAP 4033 ORELAP

Glossary of Terms & Qualifier Definitions

Client: BAAQMD WorkOrder: 2211J04

Project: MRC

Glossary Abbreviation

%D Serial Dilution Percent Difference

95% Interval 95% Confident Interval

CPT Consumer Product Testing not NELAP Accredited

DF Dilution Factor

DI WET (DISTLC) Waste Extraction Test using DI water

DISS Dissolved (direct analysis of 0.45 µm filtered and acidified water sample)

DLT Dilution Test (Serial Dilution)

DUP Duplicate

EDL Estimated Detection Limit

ERS External reference sample. Second source calibration verification.

ITEF International Toxicity Equivalence Factor

LCS Laboratory Control Sample
LQL Lowest Quantitation Level

MB Method Blank

MB % Rec % Recovery of Surrogate in Method Blank, if applicable

MDL is the minimum measured concentration of a substance that can be reported with 99% confidence that the

measured concentration is distinguishable from method blank results. Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit, Revision 2, 40CFR, Part 136, Appendix B, EPA 821-R-16-006,

December 2016.

ML Minimum Level of Quantitation

MS Matrix Spike

MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate

NA Not Applicable

ND Not detected at or above the indicated MDL or RL

NR Data Not Reported due to matrix interference or insufficient sample amount.

PDS Post Digestion Spike

PDSD Post Digestion Spike Duplicate

PF Prep Factor

RD Relative Difference

RL Reporting limit is the lowest level that can be reliably determined within specified limits of precision and accuracy

during routine laboratory operating conditions. (The RL cannot be lower than the lowest calibration standard

used in the initial calibration of the instrument and must be greater than the MDL.)

RPD Relative Percent Deviation
RRT Relative Retention Time

SPK Val Spike Value

SPKRef Val Spike Reference Value

SPLP Synthetic Precipitation Leachate Procedure

ST Sorbent Tube

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure

TEQ Toxicity Equivalents

TZA TimeZone Net Adjustment for sample collected outside of MAI's UTC.

WET (STLC) Waste Extraction Test (Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration)

Glossary of Terms & Qualifier Definitions

Client: BAAQMD WorkOrder: 2211J04

Project: MRC

Analytical Qualifiers

a7 Reporting limit raised due to limited sample amount.



	CAM / CCR 17 Metals													
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Col	lected	Instrument	Batch ID								
1-1635 Alhambra Communi	ty Sample 2211J04-001A	Solid	11/26/202	2 12:56	ICP-MS5 110SMPL.d	259224								
<u>Analytes</u>	Result		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed								
Antimony	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Arsenic	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Barium	ND		240	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Beryllium	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Cadmium	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Chromium	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Cobalt	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Copper	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Lead	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Mercury	ND		2.4	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Molybdenum	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Nickel	160		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Selenium	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Silver	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Thallium	ND		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Vanadium	570		24	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
Zinc	ND		240	1		12/01/2022 10:08								
<u>Surrogates</u>	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>											
Terbium	109		70-130			12/01/2022 10:08								
Analyst(s): AL			Analytical Cor	mments: a	7									



	CA	M / CCR	17 Metals			
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Col	llected	Instrument	Batch ID
2- 210 Buckley St Community	Sample 2211J04-002A	Solid	11/26/202	2 13:18	ICP-MS5 113SMPL.d	259224
Analytes	<u>Result</u>		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed
Antimony	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Arsenic	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Barium	86		34	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Beryllium	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Cadmium	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Chromium	15		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Cobalt	6.5		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Copper	23		3.4	1	Type text here	12/01/2022 10:19
Lead	12		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Mercury	ND		0.34	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Molybdenum	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Nickel	200		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Selenium	3.8		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Silver	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Thallium	ND		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Vanadium	580		3.4	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Zinc	61		34	1		12/01/2022 10:19
<u>Surrogates</u>	<u>REC (%)</u>		<u>Limits</u>			
Terbium	106		70-130	1		12/01/2022 10:19
Analyst(s): AL			Analytical Cor	mments:	a7	



	CAM / CCR 17 Metals													
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Col	lected	Instrument	Batch ID								
3- 225 Buckley St Community S	Sample ^{2211J04-003A}	Solid	11/26/202	2 13:31	ICP-MS5 114SMPL.d	259224								
<u>Analytes</u>	Result		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed								
Antimony	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Arsenic	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Barium	ND		130	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Beryllium	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Cadmium	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Chromium	16		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Cobalt	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Copper	26		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Lead	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Mercury	ND		1.3	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Molybdenum	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Nickel	200		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Selenium	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Silver	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Thallium	ND		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Vanadium	610		13	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Zinc	200		130	1		12/01/2022 10:22								
Surrogates	<u>REC (%)</u>		<u>Limits</u>											
Terbium	107		70-130			12/01/2022 10:22								
Analyst(s): AL			Analytical Cor	mments: a7	7									



	CA	M / CCR	17 Metals			
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Coll	lected	Instrument	Batch ID
4- 815 Estudillo St Community S	Sample ^{2211J04-004A}	Solid	11/26/2022	13:07	ICP-MS5 115SMPL.d	259224
<u>Analytes</u>	<u>Result</u>		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed
Antimony	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Arsenic	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Barium	ND		3400	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Beryllium	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Cadmium	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Chromium	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Cobalt	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Copper	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Lead	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Mercury	ND		34	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Molybdenum	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Nickel	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Selenium	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Silver	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Thallium	ND		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Vanadium	510		340	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Zinc	19,000		3400	1		12/01/2022 10:26
Surrogates	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>			
Terbium	105		70-130			12/01/2022 10:26
Analyst(s): AL			Analytical Con	nments: a	7	

Analytical Report

	CAM / CCR 17 Metals													
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Co	llected	Instrument	Batch ID								
6- 3487 Pachecco Blvd SO		Solid	11/26/202	22 14:15	ICP-MS5 116SMPL.d	259224								
Analytes from	m refinery _{Result}		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed								
Antimony	ND		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Arsenic	5.8		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Barium	63		5.0	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Beryllium	0.68		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Cadmium	ND		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Chromium	15		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Cobalt	7.9		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Copper	29		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Lead	12		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Mercury	ND		0.050	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Molybdenum	12		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Nickel	200		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Selenium	3.5		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Silver	ND		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Thallium	ND		0.50	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
Vanadium	510		2.5	5		12/01/2022 10:48								
Zinc	16		5.0	1		12/01/2022 10:29								
<u>Surrogates</u>	<u>REC (%)</u>		<u>Limits</u>											
Terbium	96		70-130)		12/01/2022 10:29								
Analyst(s): AL														



Quality Control Report

 Client:
 BAAQMD
 WorkOrder:
 2211J04

 Date Prepared:
 11/30/2022
 BatchID:
 259224

 Date Analyzed:
 12/01/2022
 Extraction Method:
 SW3050B

 Instrument:
 ICP-MS5
 Analytical Method:
 SW6020

Matrix: Soil Unit: mg/kg

Project: MRC Sample ID: MB/LCS/LCSD-259224

	QC Summar	ry Report for	Metals			
Analyte	MB Result	MDL	RL	SPK Val	MB SS %REC	MB SS Limits
Antimony	ND	0.12	0.50	-	-	-
Arsenic	ND	0.11	0.50	-	-	-
Barium	ND	0.71	5.0	-	-	-
Beryllium	ND	0.10	0.50	-	-	-
Cadmium	ND	0.092	0.50	-	-	-
Chromium	ND	0.13	0.50	-	-	-
Cobalt	ND	0.064	0.50	Type	text here	-
Copper	ND	0.13	0.50	-	-	-
Lead	ND	0.065	0.50	-	-	-
Mercury	ND	0.038	0.050	-	-	-
Molybdenum	ND	0.092	0.50	-	-	-
Nickel	ND	0.080	0.50	-	-	-
Selenium	ND	0.21	0.50	-	-	-
Silver	ND	0.057	0.50	-	-	-
Thallium	ND	0.072	0.50	-	-	-
Vanadium	ND	0.11	0.50	-	-	-
Zinc	ND	2.5	5.0	-	-	-
Surrogate Recovery						
Terbium	540			500	108	70-130

Matrix:

Soil

1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 Toll Free Telephone: (877) 252-9262 / Fax: (925) 252-9269 http://www.mccampbell.com / E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Quality Control Report

Unit:

 Client:
 BAAQMD
 WorkOrder:
 2211J04

 Date Prepared:
 11/30/2022
 BatchID:
 259224

 Date Analyzed:
 12/01/2022
 Extraction Method:
 SW3050B

 Instrument:
 ICP-MS5
 Analytical Method:
 SW6020

Project: MRC Sample ID: MB/LCS/LCSD-259224

QC Summary Report for Metals													
Analyte	LCS Result	LCSD Result	SPK Val	LCS %REC	LCSD %REC	LCS/LCSD Limits	RPD	RPD Limit					
Antimony	50	51	50	100	101	75-125	1.27	20					
Arsenic	50	51	50	100	102	75-125	1.93	20					
Barium	510	510	500	102	101	75-125	0.512	20					
Beryllium	51	52	50	102	104	75-125	1.21	20					
Cadmium	51	52	50	101	103	75-125	1.92	20					
Chromium	48	49	50	96	98	75-125	1.70	20					
Cobalt	52	52	50	103	104	75-125	1.25	20					
Copper	51	52	50	101	104	75-125	2.70	20					
Lead	49	50	50	98	100	75-125	2.04	20					
Mercury	1.2	1.3	1.25	100	102	75-125	2.46	20					
Molybdenum	51	52	50	102	103	75-125	0.840	20					
Nickel	50	51	50	100	103	75-125	2.53	20					
Selenium	49	52	50	97	104	75-125	7.10	20					
Silver	50	51	50	101	102	75-125	0.809	20					
Thallium	50	51	50	100	102	75-125	2.01	20					
Vanadium	50	51	50	100	102	75-125	1.88	20					
Zinc	500	510	500	101	103	75-125	2.10	20					
Surrogate Recovery													
Terbium	530	540	500	106	108	70-130	1.58	20					

McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

FAX: 415-749-5082

☐ WaterTrax

Email:

Project:

PO:

cc/3rd Party:

□ CLIP

MRC

mbell@baagmd.gov

1534 Willow Pass Rd Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 (925) 252-9262

375 Beale Street Suite 600

San Francisco, CA 94105

Report to:

McKenzie Bell

(415) 793-6649

BAAQMD

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

11/30/2022

WorkOrder: 2211J04 ClientCode: BAAQ

□ EDF

EQuIS Dry-Weight Email HardCopy ThirdParty J-flag

Detection Summary Excel

Bill to: Requested TAT: 1 day;

Alexandra McMullen

Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

4585 Pacheco Blvd., Ste 100 Date Received: 11/30/2022

Martinez, CA 94553 Date Logged:

cchazmat@cchealth.org

							Re	quested	l Tests (See leg	end belo	ow)				
Lab ID	ClientSampID	Matrix	Collection Date	Hold	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2211J04-001	1-1635 Alhambra	Solid	11/26/2022 12:56		Α	Α										
2211J04-002	2- 210 Buckley St	Solid	11/26/2022 13:18		Α	Α										
2211J04-003	3- 225 Buckley St	Solid	11/26/2022 13:31		Α	Α										
2211J04-004	4- 815 Estudillo St	Solid	11/26/2022 13:07		Α	Α			İ							
2211J04-005	5- 318 Halen St	Solid	11/26/2022 15:07		Α	Α			İ							
2211J04-006	6- 3487 Pachecco Blvd	Solid	11/26/2022 14:15		Α	Α										

Test Legend:

1	CAM17MS_TTLC_S	2 PRDisposal Fee	3	4
5		6	7	8
9		10	11	12

Prepared by: Agustina Venegas

Comments:

NOTE: Soil samples are discarded 60 days after receipt unless other arrangements are made (Water samples are 30 days).

Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.



McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Quality Counts"

1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 Toll Free Telephone: (877) 252-9262 / Fax: (925) 252-9269 http://www.mccampbell.com / E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

WORK ORDER SUMMARY

Client Name:	BAAQMD				Project:	MRC						Work O	order: 2211	J04	
Client Contact: 1	McKenzie Be	11										QC I	Level: LEV	EL 2	
Contact's Email: 1	mbell@baaqn	nd.gov			Comment	s:						Date Lo	gged: 11/3	0/202	:2
		WaterT	raxCLIP	□EDF	Exc	el EQu	ılS	Em	nail	HardCopy	Third	PartyJ-flag	J		
LabID ClientSar	mpID]	Matrix	Test Name		Containers /Composites	Bottle & Preservative			Dry- Weight	Collection Date & Time	TAT	Test Due Date	Sediment Content	Hold	Sub Out
001A 1-1635 Alhamb	ora	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)		1	Plastic Baggie, Sm	all			11/26/2022 12:56	1 day	12/1/2022			
002A 2- 210 Buckley	St	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)		1	Plastic Baggie, Sm	all			11/26/2022 13:18	1 day	12/1/2022			
003A 3- 225 Buckley	St	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)		1	Plastic Baggie, Sm	all			11/26/2022 13:31	1 day	12/1/2022			
004A 4- 815 Estudillo	o St	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)		1	Plastic Baggie, Sm	all _			11/26/2022 13:07	1 day	12/1/2022			
005A 5- 318 Halen S	t	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)		1	Plastic Baggie, Sm	all			11/26/2022 15:07	1 day	12/1/2022		✓	
006A 6- 3487 Pachec	co Blvd	Solid	SW6020 (CAM 17)	_	1	2OZ Black Plastic	С			11/26/2022 14:15	1 day	12/1/2022	•		

NOTES: * STLC and TCLP extractions require 2 days to complete; therefore, all TATs begin after the extraction is completed (i.e., One-day TAT yields results in 3 days from sample submission).

- Organic extracts are held for 40 days before disposal; Inorganic extract are held for 30 days.
- MAI assumes that all material present in the provided sampling container is considered part of the sample MAI does not exclude any material from the sample prior to sample preparation unless requested in writing by the client.

Plastic Baggie, Small

U** = An unpreserved container was received for a method that suggests a preservation in order to extend hold time for analysis.

MAI Work Order #

	1	- 1		
221	17	11	_	
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McCAMI	PBELL	ANA	LY	ΓICAL	INC.						9	HAI	N O	F CU	JSTO	ODY	REC	COR	D					
1534	Willow Pass I	Rd. Pittsbur	g, Ca.	94565-1701		Turn .	Aroun	d Time	:1 Day	Rush	1	2 Day	Rush	0.3	3 Day	Rush		STD		Qu	ote#	7		
Teleph	none: (877) 25	52-9262 / F	ax: (92	5) 252-9269		J-Flag	/ MDL		ESL		-	Clean	ир Арг	roved		Dry V	Veight		Bott	tle Order #				
www.mccamp	bell.com	ma	in@n	nccampbell.	com	Delive	ery Fo	rmat:	PDF		Geo	Tracke	r EDF		EDD		Wr	ite On	(DW)		Dete	ct Sum	mary	
Report To: BANGUD TICK	nac Beil	Bill To:	con	ouny to	ZINCIT								Aı	nalys	is Re	quest	ted							
Company: Bay thea the Wild							BE	hout	д	out											slı			
Address: mbelle bagin	nolm or					Diesel, and Motor	CW (s	l Wit	Wit	With	Oil &	118.1	જ	only			(SAN				meta			
Email: 375 Beale St SF	THIOS	Tele:	415	5-743-1	0019	and	8015	or Oi	ır Oi	071)	ons -	ons (icide	clors	(\$2)	(S)	s/P	*(0			lved	. 1		
Project Name: MRC		Project #:				esel,	8021/	Mote	Mote	64/9	carb ith S	carb	l Pest	Aro	(voc	(SVC	PAH	/ 602			diss			
Project Location: Multiple		PO#				is, Di	Gas (+ (51	+ (51	e (16	lydro 1) W	lydro	81 (C	B's;	8260	8270 (310 (8.00	*(0;	ment	le for			
Sampler Signature:	(as G.	H as	1 (80	1 (80	Freas	um F / 907	um E	1 80	82 PC	24/	1529	M/8	als (2	7 60	quire	samp			
SAMPLE ID	Sam	pling	#Containers	Matrix	Preservative	Multi Range Oil (8021/801	BTEX & TPH as Gas (8021/ 8015) MTBE	TPH as Diesel (8015) + Motor Oil Withou Silica Gel	TPH as Diesel (8015) + Motor Oil With Silca Gel	Total Oil & Grease (1664 / 9071) Without Silica Gel	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Oil & Grease (1664/9071) With Silica Gel	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1) With Silica Gel	EPA 505/ 608 / 8081 (Cl Pesticides)	EPA 608 / 8082 PCB's ; Aroclors only	EPA 524.2 / 624 / 8260 (VOCs)	EPA 525.2 / 625 / 8270 (SVOCs)	EPA 8270 SIM / 8310 (PAHs / PNAs)	CAM 17 Metals (200.8 / 6020)*	Metals (200.8 / 6020)*	Baylands Requirements	Lab to filter sample for dissolved metals analysis			
Location / Field Point	Date	Time	#Cor		2001 14 (400)	Multi Oil (8	вте	TPH as D	FPH	Total Silica	Fotal Greas	Fotal With	EPA :	EPA	EPA :	EPA :	EPA	CAM	Metal	Bayla	Lab t			
Olv35 Alhambia He	11/20/22	12 50	1															×	?					
2210 BICKLEVST	11/20/20	1318	1															Υ	1					
3 225 Buckey St	1/12/16	13 B1	1															У	7					
1 EIS Estudillo St	1/24/22		1															×	?					
5 318 taenst	1/20/22	15-07	1															Χ	2			- 1		
63487 Pachero Blvd	11/21/22	14:15	1															×	,					
							ber :	Sa	₩ <u>8</u>	8	ш													[a]
							≦.	<u>3</u> 3	A e c	Œ.														
							g	Samples a		<u>C</u>														
MAI clients MUST disclose any dangerous chemica Non-disclosure incurs an immediate \$250 surcharge	als known to be p	resent in their	submitte	ed samples in co	ncentrations the	t may c	ausse in	man a	e harm	S erie	ous futi	ire heal	th enda	ngerme	nt as a	result o	of brief,	gloved	open a	ir, sam	ple han	dling by	MAI s	taff.
* If metals are requested for water samples and													WOIK Sa	itery.								truction		
Please provide an adequate volume of sample.										<u> </u>			rt.					×				sure	100	
Relinquished By / Compar			_		me								,	Da	ate	Ti	me	45	NOT	CAY	VIECE	OWN	ala	_
McKenne Bell BIT	MANK	7	11/30	122 14:	37 /	2	1/	ived By	73	27	\checkmark	-	11/3	0/2	622	14	37	-av	na	M,	9	erry	11	1
			,			1)	'a	ples							•	DIS	NO	od	-0	ana	2/10/	a
Land to the same of the same o																		11	-30	-22		ance		
Matrix Code: DW=Drinking Water, C									=Stu	d <u>≨</u> e, A	A=Ai	r, WP	=Wi	pe, O	=Oth									
Preservative Code: 1=4°C 2=HCl	$3=H_2SO_4$	4=HNO ₃	5=Na	aOH 6=Zn	OAc/NaOI	1 7=	-Non	e		Ð						1	Гетр			°C	Init	ials		

REQUEST FOR LABORAT				SAMPLE PUR			
		Kehni	1.4				
Site Name	Manner (an)	pany)	Analysis requested			
Address	3185 Par March	chero t	31/10	Billing Code			
City, Zip	Martine :			Reason for samp			
Source	(0BS)-	Control of the last of the las	A STATE OF THE OWNER, THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	Compliance w	with Reg Rule _	Sec	
Operation #	The second second second second	2 rich	The state of the s	Limit specific			
Site #	Acoll			☐ Operation und Limit specific			
SAMPLE (COLLECTION			Other (specify	n incidence	Kerpi	na
Taken by (post name)	Tim p	2110					
A Section Control of the Control of	11/20/21 14	STATE OF THE PARTY		SAMPLE SUI	BMISSION TO L	ABORAT	ORY
Taken from		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON.		I N	lame (print)	tion behalf the back half the	& Time
(exact location)	() BS M taff present at colle	Applicabilities in the contract of the contrac	A PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN	Delivered by	Mente Bell	11/2	8/22
	white po			Received by			
Sample Description	Gu	ostani	e				
SDS or other	r documentation a		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF T	QUALITY CO	NTROL CHECK	Y	N NA
MFTR Code & Name	Name And Complete Laboratory of Street Street Co.			Received at app	ropriate temperature	THE PERSON NAMED IN	0 0
	sample of	coent co	LIXIY(+	and the second second	ropriate container		0 0
Comments	sample of s	hoper	4 COR	Sample contains	er intact fixed & complete	-	ם
				Seals affixed &		0 1	THE REAL PROPERTY.
CHAIN O	CUSTODY		T Out 8				32
Transfer	From	A TO	/ Date & Time	LABORATO	RY		
1 00 Le	maris	him he	11/26/21	Storage Location			
1	m PAR'S	Marke	14:15	Stored Date & Initials			
41	to O	y 1/3		Analyst	NEW TABLE	THE RES	
2			11/28/21	Analysis			
Fe	noubell		13.37	Date	2 1 1 - 1/2		
- K	De		11/30/22	Lab			
3	nte Kell			Comments			
		10 To 10		Use mm/tid/yy f	thirm 24hr format for	dales and	Dimos
4		-					
Post							
						PS	200:00

Relq: cym Nov. 30th

Client Name & Address: Bry Aven Av aventy Management Dis Mct 375 Beale of of CA 94105 Contact: McKenzie Beil Phone: 415-793-6049 Fax: E-mail:			Date: Turn Around Time: Same Day / 1Day / 2Day / 3Day / 4Day / 5Day PCM: NIOSH 7400A / NIOSH 7400B Rotometer PLM: Standard / Point Count 400 1000 / CARB 435 TEM Air: AHERA / Yamate2 / NIOSH 7402 TEM Bulk: Quantitative / Qualitative / Chatfield TEM Water: Potable / Non-Potable / Weight % TEM Microvac: Qual(+/-) / D5755(str/area) / D5756(str/mass)														
									mbell & bargina gov			Particle Identification (TEM LAB)					
									Site:			Metals Analysis: Method: Matrix:					
									Site Location:			Analytes:					
									Comments: Please T		CINER	II CATELLYST		Report Via		E-Mail	□ Verbal
										Date /	all location ride	uere'		FOR AIR SAM		NLY	Sample Area /
Sample ID	Time	Sample Location / D	2 CA	Туре	Time On/Off	Avg. LPM	Total Time	Air Volume									
1	11/20/22	1435 Alhambia	AVC	LE C													
2	13/18	210 BUCKlex S	Treet	P													
3	13:31	225 BUCKIES	Met	P													
	1426/22	815 Estudi	110 st	P													
5	1507	38 Haven	st	PC													
2	14:15	3487 Painer	co Blvd	P													
				A P C													
				A P													
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ampled By: 1-5 MUK	entre Bi	eil b: Timpay Pate:	11/20/22		Time:	-											
hipped Via: 🗆 Fed Ex 🗈	DHL DU	PS US Mail Cou			Other:		,										
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tate / Time M &/h	1	Date / Time:			Date / Time:												

3 day per client. - april - cym

Scanned with CamScanner Page 15 of 16

Sample Receipt Checklist

Client Name: Project:	BAAQMD MRC				Date and Time Date Logged: Received by:	e Received: 11/30/2022 14:37 11/30/2022 Agustina Venegas
WorkOrder №: Carrier:	2211J04 Client Drop-In	Matrix: Solid			Logged by:	Agustina Venegas
		<u>Chain</u>	of Custo dy	(COC)	<u>Information</u>	
Chain of custody present?					No 🗌	
Chain of custody	signed when relinquish	ned and received?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Chain of custody agrees with sample labels?				✓	No 🗌	
Sample IDs noted	d by Client on COC?		Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Date and Time of	collection noted by Cl	ient on COC?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Sampler's name	noted on COC?		Yes	✓	No 🗌	
COC agrees with	Quote?		Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗹
		<u>S</u>	ample Rece	ipt Infor	mation	
Custody seals int	act on shipping contair	ner/cooler?	Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗸
Custody seals int	act on sample bottles?	,	Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗸
Shipping container/cooler in good condition?				✓	No 🗌	
Samples in proper containers/bottles?				✓	No 🗆	
Sample containers intact?				✓	No 🗌	
Sufficient sample	volume for indicated to	est?	Yes	✓	No 🗆	
		Sample Preser	vation and	<u>Hold Tir</u>	me (HT) Information	
All samples received within holding time?					No 🗌	NA 🗆
Samples Receive	ed on Ice?		Yes		No 🗹	
				Tomn		NA 🗸
Sample/Temp Blank temperature				Temp		NA 🗹
	analyses: VOA meets z Cs, TPHg/BTEX, RSK)		Yes		No 🗀	NA 💌
Sample labels ch	ecked for correct prese	ervation?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
pH acceptable upon receipt (Metal: <2; Nitrate 353.2/4500NO3: <2; 522: <4; 218.7: >8)?			: Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗹
<u>UCMR Samples:</u> pH tested and acceptable upon receipt (200.7: ≤2; 533: 6 - 8; 537.1: 6 - 8)?			Yes		No 🗆	NA 🗹
Free Chlorine tested and acceptable upon receipt (<0.1mg/L) [not applicable to 200.7]?					No 🗌	NA 🗹
Comments:	======	======			======	=========

Appendix B. Laboratory Analytical Report for November 2022 Dust Data



McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Quality Counts"

Analytical Report

WorkOrder: 2211G11

Report Created for: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

4585 Pacheco Blvd., Ste 100

Martinez, CA 94553

Project Contact: Sara Dwight Note: CCH wipe sample data

Project P.O.: #023961 samples 1,2,6 and 7 are collected from a 12"x12" surface area and

Project: MRC reported in micrograms per

sample wipe. Others are bulk aproxamat

60"x30".

Project Received: 11/28/2022

Analytical Report reviewed & approved for release on 11/29/2022 by:

Jennifer Lagerbom

Project Manager

The report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The analytical results relate only to the items tested. Results reported conform to the most current NELAP standards, where applicable, unless otherwise stated in a case narrative.



1534 Willow Pass Rd. Pittsburg, CA 94565 ♦ TEL: (877) 252-9262 ♦ FAX: (925) 252-9269 ♦ www.mccampbell.com

CA ELAP 1644 ♦ NELAP 4033 ORELAP

Glossary of Terms & Qualifier Definitions

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials WorkOrder: 2211G11

Project: MRC

Glossary Abbreviation

%D Serial Dilution Percent Difference

95% Interval 95% Confident Interval

CPT Consumer Product Testing not NELAP Accredited

DF Dilution Factor

DI WET (DISTLC) Waste Extraction Test using DI water

DISS Dissolved (direct analysis of 0.45 µm filtered and acidified water sample)

DLT Dilution Test (Serial Dilution)

DUP Duplicate

EDL Estimated Detection Limit

ERS External reference sample. Second source calibration verification.

ITEF International Toxicity Equivalence Factor

LCS Laboratory Control Sample
LQL Lowest Quantitation Level

MB Method Blank

MB % Rec % Recovery of Surrogate in Method Blank, if applicable

MDL is the minimum measured concentration of a substance that can be reported with 99% confidence that the

measured concentration is distinguishable from method blank results. Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit, Revision 2, 40CFR, Part 136, Appendix B, EPA 821-R-16-006,

December 2016.

ML Minimum Level of Quantitation

MS Matrix Spike

MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate

NA Not Applicable

ND Not detected at or above the indicated MDL or RL

NR Data Not Reported due to matrix interference or insufficient sample amount.

PDS Post Digestion Spike

PDSD Post Digestion Spike Duplicate

PF Prep Factor

RD Relative Difference

RL Reporting limit is the lowest level that can be reliably determined within specified limits of precision and accuracy

during routine laboratory operating conditions. (The RL cannot be lower than the lowest calibration standard

used in the initial calibration of the instrument and must be greater than the MDL.)

RPD Relative Percent Deviation
RRT Relative Retention Time

SPK Val Spike Value

SPKRef Val Spike Reference Value

SPLP Synthetic Precipitation Leachate Procedure

ST Sorbent Tube

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure

TEQ Toxicity Equivalents

TZA TimeZone Net Adjustment for sample collected outside of MAI's UTC.

WET (STLC) Waste Extraction Test (Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration)

Glossary of Terms & Qualifier Definitions

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials WorkOrder: 2211G11

Project: MRC

Analytical Qualifiers

a22 Reporting limit raised due to increased prep factor because of physical size of ghost wipe.

Case Narrative

Client:Contra Costa-Hazardous MaterialsWork Order:2211G11Project:MRCNovember 29, 2022

Al2O3 is estimated from the Al data determined by E6020B. It is assumed that all the Aluminum detected is in the form of Al2O3.

Sample ID	Al2O3 ug/wipe
2211G11-001A	11,112
2211G11-002A	24,656
2211G11-003A	106,680
2211G11-004A	73,144
2211G11-005A	2,501
2211G11-006A	ND<189

μg/wipe

Analytical Report

Unit:

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Metals Client ID Lab ID Matrix **Date Collected** Instrument **Batch ID** D-1 ICP-MS5 106SMPL.d Community Sample 11/26/2022 11:55 2211G11-001A Wipe 259077 **Analytes** <u>RL</u> <u>DF</u> Result **Date Analyzed** Aluminum 5900 100 11/29/2022 09:57 Antimony 1.1 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 Arsenic ND 1.0 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Barium 39 10 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Beryllium ND 1.0 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Cadmium ND 0.50 11/29/2022 09:57 1 Chromium 5.7 1.0 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Cobalt 1.1 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 Copper 14 1.0 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Lead 6.9 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 0.10 0.10 11/29/2022 09:57 Mercury 1 ND 1.0 1 11/29/2022 09:57 Molybdenum Nickel 17 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 Selenium ND 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 Silver ND 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 ND Thallium 1.0 11/29/2022 09:57 1

 Surrogates
 REC (%)
 Limits

 Terbium
 104
 70-130
 11/29/2022 09:57

 Analyst(s):
 WV
 Analytical Comments:
 a22

1.0

10

1

1

52

130

Vanadium

Zinc

11/29/2022 09:57

11/29/2022 09:57

μg/wipe

Analytical Report

Unit:

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Metals Client ID Lab ID Matrix **Date Collected** Instrument **Batch ID** D-2 Community Sample ICP-MS4 156SMPL.d 11/26/2022 12:00 2211G11-002A Wipe 259077 **Analytes** <u>RL</u> <u>DF</u> **Date Analyzed** Result Aluminum 13,000 500 5 11/29/2022 13:33 Antimony 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 1.6 Arsenic 1.1 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Barium 61 10 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Beryllium ND 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Cadmium ND 0.50 11/29/2022 10:01 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Chromium 9.5 1.0 1 Cobalt 2.4 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 Copper 24 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Lead 12 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 ND 0.10 11/29/2022 10:01 Mercury 1 2.0 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Molybdenum Nickel 40 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 Selenium ND 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 Silver ND 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 ND Thallium 1.0 11/29/2022 10:01 1 Vanadium 130 1.0 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Zinc 180 10 1 11/29/2022 10:01 Surrogates **REC (%)** <u>Limits</u> **Terbium** 101 70-130 11/29/2022 10:01 Analyst(s): WV Analytical Comments: a22

Analytical Report

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Unit: μg/wipe

Metals									
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Coll	ected	Instrument	Batch ID			
D-4 Community Sample	2211G11-003A	Wipe	11/26/2022	12:34	ICP-MS4 157SMPL.d	259077			
Analytes	Result		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed			
Aluminum	56,000		2000	20		11/29/2022 13:37			
Antimony	2.8		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Arsenic	2.7		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Barium	140		10	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Beryllium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Cadmium	ND		0.50	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Chromium	27		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Cobalt	8.5		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Copper	55		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Lead	36		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Mercury	0.13		0.10	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Molybdenum	5.2		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Nickel	160		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Selenium	4.2		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Silver	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Thallium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Vanadium	540		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Zinc	370		10	1		11/29/2022 10:04			
Surrogates	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>						
Terbium	94		70-130			11/29/2022 10:04			
Analyst(s): WV			Analytical Com	<u>ıments:</u> a2	22				

Analytical Report

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Unit: μg/wipe

			Meta	ls			
Clien	t ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Coll	lected	Instrument	Batch ID
D-5	Community Sample	2211G11-004A	Wipe	11/26/2022	2 12:36	ICP-MS4 158SMPL.d	259077
Analyt	<u>es</u>	<u>Result</u>		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed
Alumi	inum	39,000		2000	20		11/29/2022 13:41
Antim	nony	1.7		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Arser	nic	1.8		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Bariu	m	96		10	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Beryll	lium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Cadm	nium	ND		0.50	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Chror	mium	17		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Coba	lt	5.4		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Copp	er	37		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Lead		21		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Mercu	ury	ND		0.10	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Molyb	odenum	3.6		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Nicke	el .	110		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Selen	nium	3.0		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Silver	•	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Thalli	um	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Vana	dium	380		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Zinc		240		10	1		11/29/2022 10:08
Surrog	gates	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>			
Terbi	um	97		70-130			11/29/2022 10:08
Analys	st(s): WV			Analytical Con	nments: a2	22	

Analytical Report

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11 Extraction Method: SW3050B

Analytical Method: SW6020 Unit: µg/wipe

Metals									
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Col	lected	Instrument	Batch ID			
D-6 Background sample	2211G11-005A	Wipe	11/28/2022	2 08:40	ICP-MS5 110SMPL.d	259077			
<u>Analytes</u>	<u>Result</u>		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed			
Aluminum	1300		100	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Antimony	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Arsenic	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Barium	23		10	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Beryllium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Cadmium	ND		0.50	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Chromium	3.8		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Cobalt	1.2		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Copper	11		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Lead	3.3		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Mercury	ND		0.10	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Molybdenum	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Nickel	5.9		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Selenium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Silver	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Thallium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Vanadium	5.8		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Zinc	290		10	1		11/29/2022 10:11			
Surrogates	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>						
Terbium	101		70-130			11/29/2022 10:11			
Analyst(s): WV			Analytical Con	nments: a2	22				

Analytical Report

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

 Date Received:
 11/28/2022 9:55

 Date Prepared:
 11/28/2022

 Project:
 MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Unit: μg/wipe

Metals								
Client ID	Lab ID	Matrix	Date Col	lected	Instrument	Batch ID		
D-7 Blank	2211G11-006A	Wipe	11/28/2022	2 08:45	ICP-MS5 113SMPL.d	259077		
<u>Analytes</u>	Result		<u>RL</u>	<u>DF</u>		Date Analyzed		
Aluminum	ND		100	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Antimony	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Arsenic	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Barium	ND		10	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Beryllium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Cadmium	ND		0.50	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Chromium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Cobalt	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Copper	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Lead	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Mercury	ND		0.10	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Molybdenum	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Nickel	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Selenium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Silver	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Thallium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Vanadium	ND		1.0	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
Zinc	52		10	1		11/29/2022 10:22		
<u>Surrogates</u>	REC (%)		<u>Limits</u>					
Terbium	105		70-130			11/29/2022 10:22		
Analyst(s): WV			Analytical Cor	<u>nments:</u> a2	22			



Quality Control Report

Client: Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

Date Prepared:11/28/2022Date Analyzed:11/29/2022Instrument:ICP-MS5Matrix:WipeProject:MRC

WorkOrder: 2211G11
BatchID: 259077
Extraction Method: SW3050B
Analytical Method: SW6020

Unit: μg/wipe

Sample ID: MB-259077

QC Summary Report for Metals									
Analyte	MB Result	MDL	RL	SPK Val	MB SS %REC	MB SS Limits			
Aluminum	ND	100	100	-	-	-			
Antimony	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Arsenic	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Barium	ND	10	10	-	-	-			
Beryllium	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Cadmium	ND	0.50	0.50	-	-	-			
Chromium	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Cobalt	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Copper	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Lead	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Mercury	ND	0.10	0.10	-	-	-			
Molybdenum	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Nickel	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Selenium	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Silver	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Thallium	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Vanadium	ND	1.0	1.0	-	-	-			
Zinc	ND	10	10	-	-	-			
Surrogate Recovery									
Terbium	1100			1000	107	70-130			

McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

FAX: (925) 646-2073

☐ WaterTrax

Email: cc/3rd Party:

Project:

PO:

☐ CLIP

#023961

MRC

sara.dwight@hsd.cccounty.us

□EDF

1534 Willo Pittsburg, C (925) 252-9

Sara Dwight

(925) 335-3200

Report to:

1534 Willow Pass Rd Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701 (925) 252-9262

Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

4585 Pacheco Blvd., Ste 100

Martinez, CA 94553

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

11/28/2022

WorkOrder:	2211G11	ClientCode:	CCHM

Detection Summary Excel

Bill to: Requested TAT: 1 day;

Alexandra McMullen

Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials

4585 Pacheco Blvd., Ste 100 Date Received: 11/28/2022

Martinez, CA 94553 Date Logged:

cchazmat@cchealth.org

					Requested Tests (See legend below)											
Lab ID	ClientSamplD	Matrix	Collection Date	Hold	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2211G11-001	D-1	Wipe	11/26/2022 11:55		Α	Α	Α									
2211G11-002	D-2	Wipe	11/26/2022 12:00		Α	Α	Α									
2211G11-003	D-4	Wipe	11/26/2022 12:34		Α	Α	Α									
2211G11-004	D-5	Wipe	11/26/2022 12:36		Α	Α	Α									
2211G11-005	D-6	Wipe	11/28/2022 08:40		Α	Α	Α									
2211G11-006	D-7 Blank	Wipe	11/28/2022 08:45		Α	Α	Α									

Test Legend:

1	METALSMS_TTLC_WI	
5		
9		

2	PRDisposal Fee
6	
10	

3	PRMISC
7	
11	

4	
8	
12	

Prepared by: Agustina Venegas

Comments:

NOTE: Soil samples are discarded 60 days after receipt unless other arrangements are made (Water samples are 30 days). Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.



McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Quality Counts"

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WORK ORDER SUMMARY

Client Name:	CONTRA COSTA-HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	Project:	MRC		Work Order: 2211G11
--------------	----------------------------------	----------	-----	--	---------------------

Client Contact: Sara Dwight QC Level: LEVEL 2

Contact's Email: sara.dwight@hsd.cccounty.us

Comments:

Date Logged: 11/28/2022

		Water	Trax CLIP EDI	Exc	el <u>EQu</u>	IS ✓ Em	nail	HardCopy	Third	dParty		
LabII	O ClientSampID	Matrix	Test Name	Containers /Composites	Bottle & Preservative	U** Head Space		Collection Date & Time	TAT	Test Due Date	Sediment Content	Sub Out
001A	D-1	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Beryllium Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium, Zinc></aluminum, 		50mL Digestion Tube			11/26/2022 11:55	1 day	11/29/2022		
002A	D-2	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Beryllium Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium, Zinc></aluminum, 		50mL Digestion Tube			11/26/2022 12:00	1 day	11/29/2022		
003A	D-4	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Beryllium Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium, Zinc></aluminum, 		50mL Digestion Tube			11/26/2022 12:34	1 day	11/29/2022		

NOTES: * STLC and TCLP extractions require 2 days to complete; therefore, all TATs begin after the extraction is completed (i.e., One-day TAT yields results in 3 days from sample submission).

- Organic extracts are held for 40 days before disposal; Inorganic extract are held for 30 days.
- MAI assumes that all material present in the provided sampling container is considered part of the sample MAI does not exclude any material from the sample prior to sample preparation unless requested in writing by the client.

U** = An unpreserved container was received for a method that suggests a preservation in order to extend hold time for analysis.



McCampbell Analytical, Inc.

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WORK ORDER SUMMARY

Client Name:	CONTRA COSTA-HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	Project:	MRC	W	Vork Order:	2211G11
--------------	----------------------------------	----------	-----	---	-------------	---------

Client Contact: Sara Dwight QC Level: LEVEL 2

Contact's Email: sara.dwight@hsd.cccounty.us

Comments:

Date Logged: 11/28/2022

		Water	Trax CLIP ED	F Exc	el <u>EQu</u>	IS	✓ Er	mail	HardCopy	Thire	dParty	1		
LabII	O ClientSampID	Matrix	Test Name	Containers /Composites	Bottle & Preservative	U**		Dry- Weight	Collection Date & Time	TAT	Test Due Date	Sediment Content	Hold	Sub Out
004A	D-5	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Berylliun Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium Zinc></aluminum, 	,	50mL Digestion Tube				11/26/2022 12:36	1 day	11/29/2022			
005A	D-6	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Berylliun Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium Zinc></aluminum, 	,	50mL Digestion Tube				11/28/2022 8:40	1 day	11/29/2022			
006A	D-7 Blank	Wipe	SW6020 (Metals) <aluminum, Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Berylliun Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper Lead, Mercury, Molybdenum, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium Zinc></aluminum, 	,	50mL Digestion Tube				11/28/2022 8:45	1 day	11/29/2022			

NOTES: * STLC and TCLP extractions require 2 days to complete; therefore, all TATs begin after the extraction is completed (i.e., One-day TAT yields results in 3 days from sample submission).

- Organic extracts are held for 40 days before disposal; Inorganic extract are held for 30 days.
- MAI assumes that all material present in the provided sampling container is considered part of the sample MAI does not exclude any material from the sample prior to sample preparation unless requested in writing by the client.

U** = An unpreserved container was received for a method that suggests a preservation in order to extend hold time for analysis.

	llow Pass R ne: (877) 25 ll.com	d. Pittsburg 2-9262 / Fa ma Bill To:	g, Ca. 9 ix: (92 in@m	94565-1701 5) 252-9269 accampbell.		Turn	Aroun	d Time	: 1 Day	Rush	V	2 Day	Rush		3 Day	Duch		STD		Que	ata #		
Telephon www.mccampbe Report To: Sava Duis hut Company: Cartra Costa Canty Email: Sava duisht@pcl Alt Email:	ne: (877) 25 <u>II.com</u> Ha Za ro	2-9262 / Fa <u>ma</u> Bill To:	ix: (92 in@rr	5) 252-9269											J Day	1/USII		SID		Out	JIE #		
www.mccampbel Report To: Sava Dwis ht Company: Carta Carty Email: Sava wight@pcl Alt Email:	ll.com Hazaro	Bill To:	in@m				J-Flag	/ MDL		ESL	/	_	Cleanu	ір Арр	roved		-		Bott	le Oro	_		
Report To: Sava Dwisht Company: Cartra Carty Email: Sava dwisht@pcl Alt Email:	Hazaro	Bill To:			com	_	ery Fo		PDF		Geo		r EDF	-	EDD		Wri	ite On	(DW)		Е	QuIS	
Company: Contra Costa Country 1 Email: Sara dwight@pcl Alt Email:	Hazaro	-		0048									Ar	ıalysi	s Re	quest	ed						
Email: Saa. dwight@pcl Alt Email:	health	100 > /		rials P		BE		-1	art	24							1			ls	1	14	
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		Project #:				as Gas (8021/ 8015) MTBE	IPH as Diesel (8015) + Motor Oil Without Silica Gel	TPH as Diesel (8015) + Motor Oil With Silca Gel	Total Oil & Grease (1664 / 9071) Without Silica Gel	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Oil & Grease (1664 / 9071) With Silica Gel	fotal Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1) With Silica Gel	EPA 505/ 608 / 8081 (CI Pesticides)	EPA 608 / 8082 PCB's ; Aroclors only	EPA 524.2 / 624 / 8260 (VOCs)	EPA 525.2 / 625 / 8270 (SVOCs)	EPA 8270 SIM / 8310 (PAHs / PNAs)	CAM 17 Metals (200.8 / 6020)*			Lab to filter sample for dissolved metals analysis	Oxide	4	
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MAI clients MUST disclose any dangerous chemicals	known to be p	resent in their	submitt	ed samples in co	oncentrations that	t may	cause i	mmedia	te harm	or seri	ous futu	re heal	th enda	ngerme	nt as a	result o	f brief,	gloved	, open	air, sam	ple han	dling by	MAI staf
Non-disclosure incurs an immediate \$250 surcharge at													work sa	ifely.					-	13000			
* If metals are requested for water samples and the																		-	C	ommei	its / Ins	truction	S
Please provide an adequate volume of sample. If		is not sufficie	_		ime CS/LCSD wil	be pi			y / Cor			ie repo	ort.	l p	ate	Ti	me	1					
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Matrix Code: DW=Drinking Water, GV	W=Ground	d Water, W	/W=V	Vaste Water	, SW=Seaw	ater,	S=S	oil, Si	=Slu	dge,	A=Ai	r, WI	P=Wi	pe, O	=Oth	er			_				
Preservative Code: 1=4°C 2=HCl 3										- T							Гетр	11)	.0	°C	Init	ials	
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11/28/2022 OW		101	, -1	11	100	10		1.	- "									7	COL		P	age _	_ of _

Sample Receipt Checklist

Client Name: Project:	Contra Costa-Hazardous Materials MRC			Date and Time Receive Date Logged: Received by:	ed: 11/28/2022 09:55 11/28/2022 Agustina Venegas
WorkOrder №: Carrier:	2211G11 Matrix: Wipe Client Drop-In			Logged by:	Agustina Venegas
	<u>Chain of</u>	f Custody	<u>/ (COC</u>	c) Information	
Chain of custody	present?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Chain of custody	signed when relinquished and received?	Yes	✓	No 🗆	
Chain of custody	agrees with sample labels?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Sample IDs note	ed by Client on COC?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Date and Time o	of collection noted by Client on COC?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Sampler's name	noted on COC?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
COC agrees with	n Quote?	Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗹
	<u>Sam</u>	ple Rece	eipt Info	ormation	
Custody seals in	tact on shipping container/cooler?	Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗹
Custody seals in	tact on sample bottles?	Yes		No 🗌	NA 🗹
Shipping contain	ner/cooler in good condition?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Samples in prop	er containers/bottles?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Sample containe	ers intact?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
Sufficient sample	e volume for indicated test?	Yes	✓	No 🗆	
	Sample Preserva	ation and	Hold 1	Time (HT) Information	
All samples rece	vived within holding time?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	NA 🗌
Samples Receive	ed on Ice?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
	(Ice Ty	ype: BLl	JE ICE)	
Sample/Temp B	lank temperature		Tem	np: 10°C	NA 🗆
	analyses: VOA meets zero headspace ICs, TPHg/BTEX, RSK)?	Yes		No 🗆	NA 🗹
Sample labels ch	hecked for correct preservation?	Yes	✓	No 🗌	
pH acceptable u <2; 522: <4; 218	pon receipt (Metal: <2; Nitrate 353.2/4500NO3: .7: >8)?	Yes		No 🗆	NA 🗹
UCMR Samples:	_			🗖	🗖
pH tested and 537.1: 6 - 8)?	acceptable upon receipt (200.7: ≤2; 533: 6 - 8;	Yes		No 📙	NA 🗹
Free Chlorine finot applicable	tested and acceptable upon receipt (<0.1mg/L) to 200.7]?	Yes		No 🗆	NA 🗹
Comments:	=======================================			========	========

Appendix C.	Soil Sampling Standard Operating Procedure and May
	2023 Field Notes



Title: Soil Sampling			Procedure Number: ECR 003
			Revision Number: 04
			Effective Date: February 2022
	Authoriza	tion Signatures	
ME. Wall		Ro79-	
Technical Reviewer	Date	SOP Work Group Co-Lead	Date
Chelsea Wenhardt	2/21/2022	Ryan Jorrey	2/21/2022

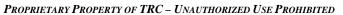
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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A Procedure for Collection of Samples for VOCs, VPH, or GRO

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(SW-846 Method 5035A)

Attachment B Shipping Methanol-preserved Samples

Attachment C SOP Fact Sheet

Attachment D SOP Modifications for PFAS

Attachment E Explanation of Subsurface Sampling Technologies

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TRC Controlled Document

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1.0 Introduction

1.2 Scope and Applicability

This Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) was prepared to direct TRC personnel in the logistics, collection techniques, and documentation requirements for collecting representative soil samples for chemical analysis. These are standard (i.e., typically applicable) operating procedures that may be changed, as required, depending on site conditions, equipment limitations, or limitations imposed by the procedure. In addition, other state or federal requirements may be above and beyond the scope of this SOP and will be followed, if applicable. In all instances, the actual procedures used should be documented and described in the field notes (see ECR SOP-001). Portions of this SOP may be applicable to soil sample collection for geotechnical analysis. However, specific instructions for collection of geotechnical samples are not provided; these samples should be collected in accordance with ASTM methods or other applicable standards.

1.3 Summary of Method

The objective of soil sampling is to obtain a representative sample of soil for laboratory analysis of constituents of interest at a given site. This objective requires that the sample be of sufficient quantity and quality for analysis by the selected analytical method. For specialized sampling programs involving per- and polyfluorinated alkyl substances (PFAS), refer to Attachment D for further details. Soil samples may be collected using a variety of methods and equipment depending on the depth of the desired sample, the type of sample required (disturbed vs. undisturbed), and the soil type. Near-surface soils may be sampled using a spade, trowel, and/or scoop. Sampling at greater depths typically is performed using a hand auger, continuous flight auger, a split-spoon, direct-push methods (i.e., Geoprobe®), sonic drilling, a backhoe, or an excavator. The following reference may be used as a guide to aid in selecting an appropriate method or sampling device for the collection of subsurface soil samples with a drill rig: ASTM D6169–98 Standard Guide for Selection of Soil and Rock Sampling Devices Used with Drill Rigs for Environmental Investigation.

1.4 Equipment

The following equipment may be utilized when collecting soil samples. Project-specific conditions or laboratory requirements may warrant the addition or deletion of items from this list.

- Appropriate level of personal protective equipment (PPE), as specified in the site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP).
- Sample containers: The proper containers should be determined in conjunction with the analytical laboratory in the planning stages of the project, and will depend on the analytical program, laboratory SOPs, and regulatory requirements.
 - For non-volatile organic compound (VOC) parameters, glass containers with Teflon®-lined caps are typically utilized. Typical containers used for VOC parameters are provided in Attachment A. Brass liners, steel liners, or soil core acetate liners with Teflon® tape and plastic end caps may also be used.

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• Stainless steel mixing bowl or new aluminum pie pan.



- Stainless steel spoon or spatula or sterile individually wrapped single use scoop.
- Plastic bowl or plastic resealable bag for inorganics.
- Hand auger, mud auger, sand auger, bucket auger, and/or T-handle.
- Post hole auger.
- Extension rods.
- Stainless steel trowel.
- Shovel.
- Applicable field screening equipment with calibration solution/gas [i.e., pH meter, photoionization detector (PID), flame ionization detector (FID), etc.].
- Tape measure or folding ruler.
- Wooden stakes and spray paint, plastic flagging (highly visible), or steel pin flags.
- Field book/field notes and/or boring log.
- Sample container labels.
- Chain-of-custody (COC) forms (TRC or laboratory, as appropriate).
 - Custody seals for sample coolers.
 - Tape to secure sample coolers and sample container labels (if necessary).
- Camera.
- Maps/site plan.
- Survey equipment, global positioning system (GPS), or other means of measuring sample locations.
- Indelible marking pens or markers.
- Organic absorbent material (e.g., Slickwick, ground corn cob, sawdust).
- Sample coolers.
- Bubble wrap.
- Ice (for sample storage/preservation).
- Zip-loc[®] plastic bags (for ice and COCs).
- Equipment decontamination supplies (see <u>ECR SOP-010</u>).

1.5 Definitions

Composite	Composed of two or more grab samples collected over a period of time or space
sample	during a single sampling event and mixed together.

En-Core[®] A disposable volumetric sampling device with an airtight sealing cap. sampler

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Grab sample Individual discrete sample collected at a particular time.



High-level VOC analysis

VOC soil analysis that yields high reporting limits (approximately 50-200 μg/kg, depending on the laboratory). Samples are typically preserved in methanol and cooled to 4°C. High-level VOC analyses are used for samples that are expected to contain elevated concentrations of VOCs (>200 μg/kg).

Low-level VOC analysis

VOC soil analysis that yields low reporting limits (approximately 5 μ g/kg, depending on the laboratory). Samples are typically preserved in water, cooled to 4°C, and can be frozen within 48 hours of collection. Low-level VOC analyses are used for samples that are expected to contain lower concentrations of VOCs ($\leq 200 \, \mu$ g/kg).

Terra CoreTM sampler

A disposable volumetric sampling device used to transfer soil samples to the appropriate sample containers.

1.6 Health & Safety Considerations

TRC personnel will be on site when implementing this SOP. Therefore, TRC personnel shall follow the site-specific HASP. TRC personnel will use the appropriate level of PPE, as defined in the HASP.

Soil samples containing chemical contaminants may be handled during implementation of this SOP. Additionally, sample preservatives including caustics and/or acids may be considered hazardous materials and TRC employees will appropriately handle and store them at all times. The HASP will address chemicals that pose specific toxicity or safety concerns and TRC employees will follow relevant requirements, as appropriate. Hazardous substances may be incompatible or may cause dangerous chemical reactions, including the production of heat, violent reactivity, or production of toxic vapors or other byproducts. Hazardous substances may be incompatible with clothing or equipment; some substances can permeate or degrade protective clothing or equipment. Also, hazardous substances may pose a direct health hazard to workers through inhalation or skin contact or if exposed to heat/flame resulting in combustion. Safety data sheets (SDS) for chemicals handled by TRC should be maintained in the field.

1.7 Cautions and Potential Problems

- <u>Cross contamination</u>: Cross contamination problems can be eliminated or minimized through the use of dedicated sampling equipment. If this is not possible or practical, then decontamination of sampling equipment is necessary.
- <u>Improper sample collection:</u> Improper sample collection can involve using contaminated equipment, disturbance of the matrix resulting in compaction of the sample, or inadequate homogenization of the samples where required, resulting in variable, non-representative results.
- Special considerations for the different soil sampling techniques are provided below in the applicable sections. Cautions and potential problems associated with soil sampling for VOCs are provided in Attachment A.



 Special care should be taken when sampling for PFAS. Please refer to Attachment D for details.

1.8 Personnel Qualifications

Since this SOP will be implemented at sites or in work areas that entail potential exposure to toxic chemicals or hazardous environments, TRC personnel must be adequately trained. Project and client-specific training requirements for samplers and other personnel on site should be developed in project planning documents, such as the sampling plan or project work plan. These requirements may include:

- OSHA 40-hour Health and Safety Training for Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) workers
- 8-hour annual HAZWOPER refresher training

2.0 PROCEDURES

Always review the site-specific work plan and/or scope of work for any site-specific sampling procedures.

2.2 Pre-Sampling Activities

Pre-sampling activities that the sampling team should consider include the following:

- reviewing the work plan approved by the client and/or regulatory agency;
- developing a strategy to implement the work plan
- selecting a laboratory; and
- determining laboratory-specific procedures related to bottle orders, holding times, work orders, methods of analysis, COC procedures, data deliverables, schedule, and cost.

Additional activities include determining shipping logistics, utility clearance, and handling of investigation-derived waste (IDW) disposal. Pre-labeling bottles can help to reduce sampling and labeling errors.

The following steps should also be employed:

- 1. Determine the extent of the sampling effort, the sampling methods to be employed, and the types and amounts of equipment and supplies required.
- 2. Obtain necessary sampling and monitoring equipment.
- 3. Decontaminate or clean equipment and ensure that it is in working order.
- 4. Prepare schedules and coordinate with staff, client, and regulatory agencies, if appropriate.
- 5. Perform a general site survey prior to site entry in accordance with the site-specific HASP.



- 6. Use stakes, flagging, or paint, to identify and mark all sampling locations. Specific site factors, including extent and nature of contaminants, should be considered when selecting sample locations. If required, the proposed locations may be adjusted based on site access, property boundaries, and surface obstructions.
 - NOTE: If spray paint is used to mark stakes, the spray paint should be carefully isolated from the space used to hold sample bottles, sampling equipment, etc.
- 7. Prior to any subsurface soil sampling, especially that completed with a drill rig or backhoe, it is important to ensure that all sampling locations are clear of overhead and buried utilities by conducting a utility survey/markout. Locations on private properties should also be reviewed with the owner prior to sampling. Client or project-specific utility clearances may also be required, such as air-knifing or ground-penetrating radar (GPR) and should be specified in the site-specific work plan.

2.3 General Soil Sampling Procedures

These are general soil sampling procedures. However, regulatory requirements may dictate a different procedure.

- 1. Refer to other TRC SOPs for the proper procedures for classifying soil samples (<u>ECR SOP 005</u>) and for screening of samples for VOCs (<u>ECR SOP 014</u>). Special care is required when sampling for PFAS Please refer to Attachment D for details.
- 2. For sampling in the State of California only: When the sampling interval is predetermined and soil samples are collected by direct-push methods into an acetate liner, the section of the liner corresponding to the predetermined depth interval may be cut off and submitted to the laboratory for analysis with the exception of samples for VOC, volatile petroleum hydrocarbon (VPH), or gasoline-range organics (GRO) analysis. If VOC, VPH, or GRO analysis is required, then these samples can be collected from either open end of the acetate liner section according to the procedures outlined in Attachment A prior to packaging and submitting it to the laboratory. The laboratory should be consulted for the required length of liner tube (i.e., sample volume) depending on the analytical suite and to ensure that the use of acetate liners is appropriate for the analytical method(s). After collecting material for the VOC, VPH, or GRO analysis samples (if required), seal each end of the acetate liner section with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Label the acetate liner with the sample identification (ID) and date and time of collection. Ensure that the laboratory will perform homogenization of the soil sample within the acetate liner and proceed to Step #9.
- 3. Prior to the collection of soil samples from a particular location or depth, the soil is typically screened for organic vapors with a portable meter equipped with a FID and/or PID depending upon the suspected contaminants of concern, site-specific work plan requirements, and/or regulatory requirements. Such organic vapor screening may be used to determine appropriate soil sample locations or depths for laboratory VOC analysis depending upon established site-specific work plan requirements. Soil should be screened *in situ* or immediately upon retrieval of the soil sample from the subsurface. It is good practice to photograph surface soil, stockpiles, etc. prior to sample collection with measurements and orientation identified for reference.



- 4. Samples for VOC, VPH, or GRO analysis are then collected as soon as possible after the soil has been exposed to the atmosphere and prior to sample collection for other analyses. Refer to Attachment A.
- 5. After collecting the sample(s) for VOC analysis, the sample portion for the remaining analyses should be well homogenized in a decontaminated stainless-steel bowl, disposable new aluminum pie pan, plastic bowl (for inorganics), or re-sealable plastic bag (for inorganics). These soil samples must be thoroughly mixed to ensure that the sample is uniform and as representative as possible of the sample media. Samples for VOC analysis are not homogenized. The most common method of mixing is referred to as quartering. The quartering procedure should be performed as follows:
 - o The material in the sample pan should be divided into quarters and each quarter should be mixed individually.
 - o Two quarters should then be mixed to form halves.
 - o The two halves should be mixed to form a homogenous matrix.

This procedure should be repeated several times until the sample is adequately mixed. If round bowls are used for sample mixing, adequate mixing is achieved by stirring the material in a circular fashion, reversing direction, and occasionally turning the material over. Soil can be homogenized and transferred to sample containers using soil sampling devices that have been decontaminated (e.g., stainless steel spoon) prior to use or individually wrapped or new devices (e.g., plastic scoopula). Such devices are generally for one-time use. Stainless steel devices may be decontaminated and individually foil wrapped, plastic bagged, or field decontaminated and foil wrapped between uses. Decontamination of sampling equipment shall be conducted in accordance with TRC's SOP on equipment decontamination.

- 6. Stones, gravel, or vegetation should be removed from the soil sample as much as practical prior to placement in sample containers, since these materials will not be analyzed. Visible asphalt, concrete, ash, slag, and coal debris should also be removed from the sample as much as possible to ensure sufficient soil quantity for laboratory analyses, unless these matrices are part of the overall characterization program. The soil sample must be representative of what the end user is trying to characterize. In addition, if such debris is to be tested, further sample preparation (e.g., pulverizing) will likely be necessary in the field or laboratory. In any case, the presence of any such materials in the soil at the sample location must be documented in the fieldnotes.
- 7. Filling of the sample bottles should be completed immediately after sample collection to minimize losses due to volatilization and biodegradation. Soil classification can be completed following VOC sample collection.
- 8. Place the sample into an appropriate, labeled container(s) by using the alternate shoveling method and secure the cap(s) tightly. The alternate shoveling method involves placing a spoonful of soil in each container in sequence and repeating until the containers are full or the sample volume has been exhausted. Threads on the container and lid should be cleaned to ensure a tight seal when closed.
- 9. Restore the sampling location to grade in accordance with applicable state or federal guidelines and/or the site-specific work plan. Options include backfilling the sample location



with the remaining removed soil, bentonite pellets, or cement/bentonite grout depending on site conditions/hole depth and patching the surface to match the surrounding area (e.g., topsoil with grass seed, asphalt, or concrete patch), as necessary. The site-specific work plan may prohibit the backfilling of sample locations with removed soil if there is evidence of contamination, site-specific restoration requirements, etc. Boreholes must be abandoned or backfilled after the completion of sampling. In general, shallow boreholes (e.g., less than 10 feet deep) that remain open and do not approach the water table may be abandoned by pouring a cement/bentonite grout mixture from the surface or pouring bentonite pellets from the surface and hydrating the pellets in lifts. The grout mixture should be based on site-specific conditions (e.g., boring depth, groundwater depth, and formation permeability), site-specific work plan procedures, and local regulatory requirements. Boreholes where bridging of the bentonite may be an issue, such as boreholes that intercept groundwater or are greater than approximately 10 feet in depth, should be backfilled by pressure grouting with a cement/bentonite grout mixture, either through a re-entry tool string or through a tremie pipe introduced to within several feet of the borehole bottom.

10. Record locations of soil borings/samples in the field notes by sketching a map and/or providing a description of the location. Always measure and record distances to fixed landmarks, such as buildings, fences, curbs, existing surveyed wells, etc. Additionally, photographs or a GPS unit with real-time sub-meter accuracy (not applicable for interior samples or other site conditions such as heavy tree/brush cover and thick cloud cover that limit unit connection with satellites) could be used to document sample locations. Note observations about elevation changes between sample locations.

3.0 SURFACE SOIL SAMPLING METHODS

The depth of surface soil samples will be determined on a site-specific basis and may be influenced by site-specific conditions and/or applicable local, state, or federal regulatory programs and potential exposure pathways. Surface soils are generally classified as soils between the ground surface and 6 to 12 inches below ground surface (bgs). The most common interval is 0 to 6 inches; however, the data quality objectives of the investigation or regulatory requirements may dictate another interval, such as 0 to 3 inches for risk assessment purposes.

The following procedure should be used for surface soil sampling:

- 1. If a thick, matted root zone, leaf layer, gravel, surface debris, concrete, etc. is present at or near the surface, it should be carefully removed using clean, decontaminated tools or clean nitrile gloves before the soil sample is collected. The presence and thickness of any such material should be recorded in the field notes for each location. The depth measurement for the soil sample begins at the top of the soil horizon, immediately following any such removed materials.
- 2. A decontaminated stainless-steel spoon, scoop, or trowel is typically used for surface soil sampling depths from 0 to 12 inches bgs where conditions are generally soft and there is no problematic vegetative layer to penetrate. A hand auger or shovel may also be used to dig down to the desired depth, and then after careful removal of the dug soils from the hole, a decontaminated stainless-steel spoon, scoop, or trowel is used to collect the soil sample from the bottom of the hole for laboratory chemical analysis. Plated trowels typically available



from garden supply centers should not be used due to potential heavy metal impacts from the trowel plating.

- 3. When using stainless steel spoons or trowels, consideration must be given to the procedure used to collect a soil sample for VOC analysis. Samples for VOC, VPH, or GRO analysis must be collected first and never homogenized or composited. These samples are collected using an open-barrel disposable syringe, a Terra CoreTM sampler, an En-Core[®] sampler, or equivalent. If the soil being sampled is cohesive and holds its *in-situ* texture in the spoon or trowel, the En-Core[®] sampler or disposable syringe used to collect the sub-sample should be plugged directly from the spoon or trowel. However, if the soil is not cohesive and crumbles when removed from the ground surface for sampling, the sub-sample should be plugged directly from the surface of the appropriate sample depth. Additionally, note that En-Core[®] samplers are not recommended for non-cohesive soils (see Attachment A). Generally, the sample portion for VOC analysis is collected from several inches below grade to minimize volatilization from the *in-situ* soil.
- 4. Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures in Section 2.3.

4.0 SUBSURFACE SOIL SAMPLING METHODS

The general soil sampling procedures described above should be followed for subsurface sampling. There are numerous options available for subsurface soil retrieval for sampling, including the following:

- Hand auger methods
- Direct-push drilling (standard or dual tube)
- Hollow-stem auger drilling with split spoon or continuous core sampling
- Shelby tube/thin walled sampling
- Roto-sonic drilling
- Excavator sampling (remedial excavations/trenching and test pits)

Other drilling methods not covered are available and may be appropriate for specific project purposes. Project specific procedures should be defined in project documentation. Be sure that the drilling method selected is appropriate for required sample volumes. For information regarding the applicability and details of commonly used subsurface sampling technologies please refer to Attachment E.

4.2 Hand Auger Sampling Methods

The following procedure is used for collecting soil samples with a hand auger:

- 1. Attach the auger head to a rod extension and attach the T-handle to the rod.
- 2. Clear the area to be sampled of any surface debris (e.g., twigs, rocks, litter). It may be advisable to remove the first several inches of surface soil and any root layer for an area approximately 6 inches in radius around the borehole location.



- 3. Begin augering, periodically removing and depositing accumulated soils onto a plastic sheet spread near the borehole or other appropriate container. This prevents accidental brushing of loose material back down the borehole when removing the auger or adding rod extensions. It also facilitates refilling the borehole and avoids possible contamination of the surrounding area.
- 4. When the sample depth is reached, remove the bucket used to advance the borehole and attach a decontaminated or clean bucket. Place the clean auger bucket in the borehole, advance the clean auger bucket to fill it with the soil sample, and then carefully remove the clean auger bucket.
- 5. If VOC analysis is to be performed, collect a sample directly at the bottom of the boring, if within reach, and not from the auger bucket. If not within reach, collect the sample directly from the auger bucket or from minimally disturbed material immediately after the auger bucket is emptied. Use an En-Core® sampler or other coring device (i.e., syringe, Terra CoreTM) to collect the sub-sample as described in Attachment A. Note: some regulatory agencies do not allow for subsurface VOC sample collection directly with a hand auger; refer to the site-specific work plan and regulatory requirements to ensure the collection of VOC samples with a hand auger is appropriate.
- 6. Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures in Section 2.3. Note that if another sample is to be collected in the same borehole, but at a greater depth, reattach the auger bucket to the rod assembly, and follow steps 1 through 5 above, making sure to decontaminate the sampling device between samples.

Special Considerations for Hand Auger Sampling

- Slough Because of the tendency for the auger bucket to scrape material from the sides of the auger hole while being extracted, the top several inches of soil in the auger bucket should be discarded prior to placing the bucket contents in the homogenization container for processing.
- *VOC Sample Collection* Observe precautions for VOC sample collection found in Attachment A and/or the site-specific work plan.
- *Decontamination* If sampling equipment is to be reused at a new sampling location or at a deeper depth in the same location, proper decontamination of sampling equipment is required.

4.3 Direct-Push Sampling Methods

Direct-push sampling methods include but may not be limited to the following techniques:

- Macro-Core® Sampler (Direct-push)
- Dual-tube Soil Sampling System (Direct-push) -
- Discrete Sampling

The following procedure is used for collecting soil samples from direct-push soil cores:

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1. The driller will advance and extract the soil sample liner which will then be given to the field sampler - confirm with the driller which end is top and which end is bottom. Record the time



of core collection (military time), the soil boring ID and the depth interval in feet bgs in the field notes, field log sheet, or electronic data collection form.

- 2. Measurement of vertical depth should start from the top of the ground surface. The presence and thickness of surface asphalt, surficial concrete slabs, or gravel sub-base should be noted on the boring log and in the field notes.
- 3. Measure the length of recovered soil in inches and record in the field notes.
- 4. Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures in Section 2.3.

If a specific depth interval is targeted for sampling, be sure to give consideration to the percent recovery of soil and use professional judgement when selecting the sample interval. For example, if the targeted sample interval was from 2.0 to 2.5-ft, and the core barrel was advanced from 0 to 4 ft bgs, and 30 inches (2.5 ft) of soil was recovered, the sample should be collected immediately below the mid-point of the recovered soil, or 15 inches below the top of the recovered soil (not including slough). If the sample interval is comprised of multiple soil types, there may be one or more materials that are underrepresented in the sample tube (e.g., when a more dense/stiff material overlies a softer material). The sampler should use their best professional judgement to select the sample interval. The sample designation will indicate that the depth was 2.0 to 2.5 ft bgs.

Special Considerations for Direct-push Sampling

- Liner Use and Material Selection Direct-push soil samples are collected within a dedicated new or decontaminated liner to facilitate removal of sample material from the sample barrel. The liners may only be available in a limited number of materials for a given sample tool, although overall, liners are available in brass, stainless steel, cellulose acetate butyrate (CAB), polyethylene terephthalate glycol (PETG), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and Teflon[®]. For most investigations, the standard disposable new polymer liner material for a sampling tool will be acceptable. When the study objectives require very low reporting levels or unusual contaminants of concern, the use of more inert liner materials such as Teflon[®] or stainless steel may be necessary. However, such costly liner materials typically are not disposable and therefore require decontamination between each use.
- Sample Orientation When the liners and associated sample are removed from the sample tubes, it is important to confirm and maintain the proper orientation of the sample. This is particularly important when multiple sample depths are collected from the same push. It is also important to maintain proper orientation to define precisely the depth at which a sample was collected. Maintaining proper orientation is typically accomplished using vinyl end caps. Convention is to place red caps on the top of the liner and black caps on the bottom to maintain proper sample orientation. Orientation can also be indicated by marking on the exterior of the liner with a permanent marker.
- Core Catchers Occasionally the material being sampled lacks cohesiveness and is subject to crumbling and falling out of the sample liner. In such cases, the use of core catchers on the leading end of the sampler may help retain the soil until it is retrieved to the surface. Core catchers may only be available in specific materials and should be evaluated for suitability. However, given the limited sample contact that core catchers have with the sample material, most standard core catchers available for a tool system will be acceptable.

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- *VOC Sample Collection* Observe precautions for VOC sample collection found in Attachment A and/or the site-specific work plan.
- Decontamination The cutting shoe and piston rod point are to be decontaminated between each sample interval. Within a borehole, the sample barrel, rods, and drive head may be subjected to an abbreviated cleaning to remove obvious and loose material, but must be cleaned between boreholes, such as with high-pressure water, steam, or soap solution with 5-gallon buckets and water rinse.
- *Health and Safety* Liners should be cut open with the proper tools and in accordance with TRC's health and safety policies.

4.4 Split-spoon Sampling Methods

The following procedure is used for collecting soil samples from split-spoon soil cores:

- 1. Record the blow count per 6-inch interval when advancing split-spoon samplers with the hollow stem auger rig. Record the hammer weight (e.g., 140 pounds [lb] is standard, but 300 lb may also be used to advance the spoon). Blow counts are an indication of soil density and are a measure of the number of blows it takes for a 140 lb slide hammer falling over a distance of 30 inches to penetrate 6 inches of soil. The drillers will keep the count and will repeat them to the field sampler (e.g., 11, 13, 16 means the number of blows the hammer advanced the spoon every 6 inches over a total depth interval of the split-spoon sampler, in this case over 18 inches). If refusal is encountered, the count is recorded in the field notes as "# of hammer blows / depth in inches the spoon is driven" (e.g., 50/3 means 50 blows of the hammer advanced the spoon 3 inches).
- 2. The driller will advance, extract, and open the split spoon, which will then be given to the field sampler confirm with the driller which end is top and which end is bottom, if a soil sample liner is used and removed from the spoon. Record the time of core collection (military time), the soil boring ID, and the depth interval in feet bgs in the field notes.
- 3. Measurement of vertical depth should start from the top of the ground surface.; The presence and thickness of surface asphalt, surficial concrete slabs, or gravel sub-base should be noted on the boring log and in the field notes.
- 4. Measure the length of recovered soil in inches and record in the field notes.
- 5. Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures in Section 2.3.

Special Considerations for Split-spoon Sampling

- Split-spoon soil sampling for geotechnical purposes should be conducted in accordance with ASTM Method D1586 Standard Test Method for Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soil.
- *Slough* Generally discard the top several inches of material in the spoon before removing any portion for sampling. This material normally consists of borehole wall material that has sloughed off of the borehole wall after removal of the drill string prior to and during insertion of the split spoon.

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- *VOC Sample Collection* Observe precautions for VOC sample collection found in Attachment A and/or the site-specific work plan.
- Decontamination Within a borehole, the split spoon sample barrels must be cleaned between each sample the driller typically has multiple barrels and can alternate between clean and dirty barrels so drilling progress is not affected by decontamination of the barrels. The augers should be decontaminated between boreholes (such as with high-pressure steam).

4.5 Shelby Tube/Thin-walled Sampling Methods

Shelby tube or thin-walled soil sampling should be conducted in accordance with ASTM Method D1587 *Practice for Thin-walled Tube Sampling of Soils for Geotechnical Purposes*.

After retrieval to the surface, the tube containing the sample is then removed from the sampler head. If samples for chemical analyses are needed, the soil contained inside the tube is then removed for sample acquisition by following the direct-push sampling procedures in Section 4.3. If the sample is collected for geotechnical parameters, the tube is typically sealed, to maintain the sample in its relatively undisturbed state, capped, labeled appropriately (including sample ID, top end of sample, inches of recovery, etc.), and shipped to the appropriate geotechnical laboratory. The tube is typically stored in an upright position to maintain the integrity of the undisturbed sample. For geotechnical use, check with the laboratory prior to sampling to understand sample volume recoveries needed to perform the actual tests.

4.6 Sonic Drilling Sampling Methods

The soil core is extruded from the core barrel or casing into a flexible plastic sleeve. The sleeve is then placed on an appropriate surface or prepared sample area to contain spoils. The sleeve is opened to screen with a PID, log lithology and collect samples. The procedures for collecting soil samples from sonic cores are the same as the procedures presented for collecting soil samples from direct-push sampling methods in Section 4.3.

Special Considerations for Sonic Drilling Sampling

- *Utility Clearance* Due to the ability of sonic drilling to advance through material that may normally cause refusal of standard DPT, extra care should be taken with clearances and borehole location selection.
- Sonic-generated soils are not undisturbed. The resonation of the core barrel during advancement energizes the skin of the sample immediately adjacent to the barrel, approximately ½ to ¼ inch around the OD of the sample. Heating of the soils is possible. VOC samples particularly may require permission, approval, or data quality review to be considered representative and/or applicable to the project requirements.
- Depending on site conditions, the outer casing may require adding some water to the borehole if heaving or flowing sand(s) and gravel are present. An adequate water supply should be considered in these site-specific conditions.
- Sonic drilling sleeves in general will produce more IDW to be disposed of than DPT. The sleeves themselves can be awkward and heavy to move to a sample processing area.



4.7 Excavator Sampling Methods

The following procedures are used for collecting soil samples excavated with a backhoe or excavator:

- Refer to the site-specific work plan for the number of floor and/or sidewall samples, which is
 typically driven by the surface area and can vary depending on the governing regulatory
 agency.
- For a shallow excavation where the soil samples can be collected directly from the excavation, samples can be collected using a trowel, spoon, or coring device at the desired intervals in the excavation. A clean shovel may be used to remove a 1 to 2- inch layer of soil from the vertical face of the pit that contacted the backhoe bucket and where soil sampling is planned. Scrape the vertical face at the point of sampling to remove any soil that may have fallen from above and to expose fresh soil for sampling.
- For deeper excavations where sample locations are inaccessible, soil samples can be collected directly from the excavator bucket. Do not enter an excavation to collect a sample.
- Soil samples should be collected from the top of the soil in the excavator bucket with special
 care taken that residual soil on the excavator bucket is not scrapped off and placed in the
 excavation sample. Collect enough sample volume into a clean, stainless-steel bowl so that
 the sample containers can be filled at a safe distance from the excavation equipment.
 Confirm with the equipment operator when the sampling is complete, and excavation can
 continue.
- Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures in Section 2.3.

Special Considerations for Excavator Sampling

- Effective communication with the excavation equipment operator is critical to collecting the samples safely. Establish a set of hand signals that will be used with the equipment operator to conduct the sampling safely. Confirm with the operator which direction the excavator arm will swing and establish a safe zone where the field staff should stand by to collect the sample. Field staff should always stand at least 3 feet away from the edge of an open excavation. Samples should be collected from the excavator bucket only after the bucket is safely on the ground and confirmation from the equipment operator is received that the equipment is stationary.
- *VOC Sample Collection* Observe precautions for VOC sample collection found in Attachment A and/or the site-specific work plan.
- Do not physically enter backhoe excavations to collect a sample if the excavations are unstable or not sloped and protected with shoring. A trench with non-cohesive soils (i.e., sand, saturated/wet muds, or flowing water at the base) is particularly susceptible to collapsing suddenly. Never enter a trench without a confined space entry permit, as required by OSHA regulations.
- Smearing is a potential issue when sampling with a backhoe or excavator. Any time a vertical or near vertical surface is sampled, such as achieved when shovels or similar devices are used for subsurface sampling, the surface should be dressed (scraped) to remove smeared soil. This is necessary to minimize the effects of contaminant migration interferences due to smearing of material from other levels.

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• The backhoe/excavator bucket should be decontaminated and loose paint, grease, and rust should be removed to the extent practical prior to use for sample collection if the bucket will come in direct contact with the material to be sampled. Care should be taken to collect the soil sample from the center of the excavated material within the bucket (i.e., material that has not touched the bucket walls).

4.8 Stockpile Soil Sampling Methods

Stockpiled soils are typically sampled to characterize the soils for reuse or disposal. The stockpile sampling strategy used must consider the source of the soil, available data, field observations, shape/dimensions and volume of the pile, and sampling frequency requirements established by oversight regulatory agencies or potential soil disposal facilities.

If the stockpile is known to be a representative mixture of soil with no known or suspected significant variability of contamination with depth in the pile, the stockpile sampling may be conducted according to the surface soil sampling method described in Section 3. However, if the soil characteristics are not known or are known or suspected to vary with depth in the pile, both surface soil and deeper subsurface soil samples will be required to properly characterize the soil pile.

A backhoe or excavator equipped with a bucket can be used to collect subsurface soil samples from stockpiles. This method is often preferred for collecting subsurface soil samples from a stockpile since it allows the sampler greater opportunity to inspect the physical characteristics of the pile for potential signs of variability for determining appropriate sample depths and locations.

Typically, based on the minimum required number of samples for the estimated stockpile volume, the stockpile is divided into the appropriate number of estimated volumes equal to that sample number. For example, if the specified sample frequency is 1 sample per 1,000 cubic yards (cy) and the estimated stockpile size is 4,000 cy, the stockpile would be broken down into approximately four equal volumes or quadrants. Grab VOC samples and composite non-VOC samples, as required, would then be collected from each of the areas for characterization of the stockpile.

5.0 Post-sampling Activities

- 1. After the samples have been collected, the sampling locations must be appropriately documented. The type of documentation will depend on the project specific data quality objectives (DQOs). Sampling locations may be marked with wooden stakes colored with highly visible spray paint and/or flagging in order to identify the sample location for surveying purposes, recorded immediately using a GPS receiver with sub-meter accuracy, recorded using GPS on a mobile device, measured from building corners or other fixed reference points, or a combination of the above. If stakes/markers are used to identify the locations for photos or to physically locate the point at a future date, sample and/or location identification should be written on each stake in indelible ink or marking pen. A sketch or photograph of the sampling locations should also be included in the field notes.
- 2. Package the samples with bubble wrap and/or organic absorbent, as necessary.



- 3. Place the samples into a shipping container and cool to 4°C. If wet ice is used to cool the samples, place the ice in double-bags to prevent water from the melting ice from damaging the samples during shipment.
- 4. Complete the COC form.
- 5. Decontaminate non-disposable sampling equipment.

6.0 INVESTIGATION-DERIVED WASTE DISPOSAL

Field personnel should discuss specific documentation and containerization requirements for investigation-derived waste disposal with the Project Manager.

Each project must consider investigation-derived waste disposal methods and have a plan in place prior to performing the field work. Provisions must be in place as to what will be done with investigation-derived waste. If investigation-derived waste cannot be returned to the site, consider material containment, such as a composite drum, proper labeling, on-site storage by the client, testing for disposal approval of the materials, and ultimately the pickup and disposal of the materials by appropriately licensed vendors.

7.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

The collection of specific field quality control (QC) samples will be specified in the project-specific planning documents and/or specified by the regulatory agency. and may include one or more of the following: field blank, equipment blank, trip blank, field duplicate, and/or matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates.

7.2 Duplicate Soil Sample Collection

The following procedures should be used for collecting duplicate soil samples:

- 1. For QC purposes, each duplicate sample will be submitted to the laboratory as a "blind" duplicate sample, in that a unique sample identification not tied to the primary sample identification will be assigned to the duplicate (e.g., DUP-01). Standard labeling procedures used for soil sampling will be employed. However, a sample collection time will not be included on the sample label or the COC form. The actual source of the duplicate sample will be recorded in the field notes.
- 2. Each duplicate sample will be collected simultaneously with the actual sample in accordance with the same collection procedures. At the same step in the sampling procedures that the VOC, VPH, and/or GRO containers are filled and sealed, the duplicate sample VOC, VPH, and/or GRO containers will also be filled and sealed. Duplicates for all parameters other than VOCs, VPH, and GRO should be filled from the homogenized sample to ensure consistency between the sample and the duplicate. Following the order of collection specified for each set of containers (i.e., VOCs, VPH, GRO, semivolatile organic compounds [SVOCs], other organics and then inorganic compounds), the duplicate sample containers will be filled simultaneously with each parameter.



3. Collection and preservation procedures outlined for soil sampling will be followed for each duplicate sample.

8.0 DATA MANAGEMENT AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Record the general sample collection information such as location, identification, and date/time in the field notes or on a field data sheet. Typical field documentation recorded in field notes includes the following information:

- Sample identification number
- Sample location (description or sketch of the sample point)
- Sample depth interval
- GPS coordinates and coordinate system
- Time and date sample was collected
- Personnel performing the task
- Visual or sensory description of the sample (e.g., odors, staining)
- Brief soil descriptions (e.g., color, texture, appearance)
- Presence of any fill materials (e.g., concrete, asphalt, ash)
- Readings from field screening equipment (e.g., PID)
- Weather conditions during sampling (e.g., temperature, wind)
- Other pertinent observations including whether photographs were taken
- Sample collection equipment used
- Decontamination procedure
- Analytical parameters

Affix a properly completed label to each sample container.

All sample numbers must be documented on the COC form that accompanies the samples during shipment. Any deviations from the record management procedures specified in the site-specific work plan must be approved by the Project Manager and documented in the field notes.

For projects using TRC's Environmental Data Management System (EDMS), the project team's Data Manager can assist in planning sampling events to prepopulate bottle labels and chain of custody forms and keep track of COC forms and laboratory EDDs generated for the project. The TRC EDMS system has a completeness report that can track the samples collected and the analyses performed as data are received from the laboratory.

TRC's EDMS includes an approved electronic mobile field data collection system (e.g., EQuIS Collect, Fulcrum, or esri Collector). A TRC Data Manager must be assigned for coordination and setup of the respective application to be used by the project team. The details and specifications of the sampling event should be discussed with the TRC Data Manager during the project kickoff meeting. The TRC Data Manager will work with the TRC project team and field personnel on configuring the system for efficient use in the field with pre-populated, project-specific menus following TRC's best practices for sample ID naming conventions compatible with TRC's EDMS.



For projects that do not use electronic mobile field data collection systems field notes containing sample IDs, sample date, sample matrix, sample start depth, sample end depth, sample method, sample event task code, and sample purpose, along with GPS coordinates for each sample location ID should be transcribed into TRC's standard Location and Field Sample EDDs for import into TRC's EDMS as soon as the soil sampling event is completed, preferably the same day in order to get data into the EDMS in as near real time as possible.

9.0 SUSTAINABLE RECOMMENDATIONS

Sustainable practices should be incorporated wherever practical. Items to consider for soil sampling are as follows:

- Utilize reusable equipment as appropriate;
- Utilize recycled material as appropriate (i.e., Recycle plastic bags or use green bags);
- Utilize laboratories with smaller sample containers;
- Utilize electronic data collection methods rather than paper for field notes and boring logs

10.0 REFERENCES

ASTM Methods D1586 Standard Test Method for Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soil, D1587 Practice for Thin-walled Tube Sampling of Soils for Geotechnical Purposes, ASTM D6169 Standard Guide for Selection of Soil and Rock Sampling Devices Used With Drill Rigs for Environmental Investigation, ASTM International, Most Current Version.

California EPA, Guidance Document for the Implementation of United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 5035: Methodologies for Collection, Preservation, Storage, and Preparation of Soils to be Analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds, November 2004

MassDEP, Method for the Determination of Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons (VPH), May 2004.

U.S, EPA, SW-846 Method 5035A, Closed System Purge-and-Trap and Extraction for Volatile Organics in Soil and Waste Samples, Draft Revision 1, July 2002.

U.S. EPA Environmental Response Team, Soil Sampling SOP #2012, February 18, 2000.

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U.S. EPA Science and Ecosystem Support Division, Soil Sampling Operating Procedure (SESDPROC-300-R2), December 20, 2011.

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11.0 SOP REVISION HISTORY

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	REASON FOR REVISION
0	SEPTEMBER 2013	NOT APPLICABLE
1	November 2016	ADDED ATTACHMENT D TO ACCOMMODATE SOP MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED WHEN SAMPLING FOR PFAS; CHANGED NAMING CONVENTION FOR SOP FROM RMD TO ECR.
2	JANUARY 2020	TRC RE-BRANDING
3	AUGUST 2020	ADDITIONAL MODIFICATIONS FOR PFAS SAMPLING
4	JANUARY 2022	SOP UPDATE



Attachment A:

Procedure for Collection of Samples for VOCs, VPH, or GRO (SW-846 Method 5035A)

SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES – SOP 003 FACT SHEET

1.0 SAMPLING FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS IN SOIL BY EPA METHOD 5035/5035A

The following sampling protocol is recommended for site investigations assessing the extent of VOCs (including VPH and GRO) in soils. Because of the large number of options available, careful coordination between field and laboratory personnel is needed. The specific sampling containers and sampling tools required will depend upon the required detection levels and intended data use. Once this information has been established, selection of the appropriate sampling procedure and preservation method best applicable to the investigation can be made.

SW-846 Method 5035 provides instructions and options on the preservation of soil samples for low-level and high-level VOC analyses:

- Low-level ($\leq 200 \mu g/kg$) and
- High-level (> 200 μ g/kg).

The choice of low-level or high-level analysis is determined by the requirements of the project. However, since the low-level method is only valid for a certain concentration range, a sample for analysis by the high-level method must also be collected to ensure quantification of all target analytes is possible, if needed.

The low-level method uses one or more of the following options for the sampling/preservation of soils:

- Soil sampled into a vial with a sodium bisulfate (NaHSO₄) solution.
- Soil collected in an En-Core® sampler and immediately shipped to the laboratory for further preservation (within 48 hours).
- Soil collected in a vial with organic-free water, sealed in the field, and shipped to the laboratory immediately in order to meet the method preservation requirement to freeze within 48 hours of collection.

Based on project-specific requirements, trip blanks may be recommended. Refer to the site-specific work plan for quality assurance (QA)/QC requirements.

1.1 Low-level Method (VOCs)

Option A - Direct sampling into En-Core® samplers

- Three 5-gram size En-Core® samplers for each sample.
- One non-preserved container for moisture determination.

Option B - Direct sampling into vial with chemical preservative

- Two 5-gram size cores are added to volatile organic analysis (VOA) vials (one soil core is added to each of two VOA vials with sodium bisulfate solution) for each sample using a Terra CoreTM or other coring sampler (e.g., disposable syringe). Once the vials are sealed in the field, these are not opened again.
- One non-preserved container for moisture determination.

Option C - Direct sampling into vial with water (to be frozen at the laboratory)

- Two 5-gram size cores are added to VOA vials (one soil core is added to each of two VOA vials with water) for each sample using a Terra CoreTM or other coring sampler (e.g., disposable syringe). Once the vials are sealed in the field, these are not opened again.
- One non-preserved container for moisture determination.

1.2 High-level Method (VOC, VPH, GRO)

Option A - Direct sampling into En-Core® samplers

- One 5-gram size En-Core® sampler for each sample.
- One non-preserved container for moisture determination.



SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES – SOP 003 FACT SHEET

Option B - Direct sampling into a methanol-preserved vial

- For VOCs: 5 or 10 grams of soil is added to a VOA vial (with 5 or 10 grams of methanol, respectively) for each sample using a Terra CoreTM or other coring sampler (e.g., disposable syringe). This may also depend upon the regulatory agency (e.g., New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection requires 8 to 12 grams in 25 mL methanol or 5 grams in 10 mL methanol).
- For VPH or GRO: The coring device will be filled with 25 grams of undisturbed soil if 60-ml vials with 25 ml of methanol are used, or 15 grams of undisturbed soil if 40-ml vials with 15 ml of methanol are used. The goal is to have a 1:1 ratio of soil- to- methanol.
- One non-preserved container for moisture determination.

1.3 Cautions and Potential Problems

1. Potential leaking sample containers for VOC, VPH, and GRO analyses:

Options for evaluating containers for leaking preservatives:

- a. When ordering pre-preserved sample containers, laboratories should be encouraged to mark the meniscus of the preservative on all sample containers. The preservative level should be checked before sampling as a quick check that there has not been any loss of liquid.
- b. Compare preservative level in multiple bottles and select one for comparison purposes to subsequent sample bottles.
- c. Weigh methanol-preserved sample containers prior to sampling. Sample containers found to have lost greater than 0.2 grams of methanol compared to their initial weight should not be used. In order to perform this option, initial container weights must be provided by the laboratory.

2. Potential methanol absorption:

Soil may be encountered that absorbs all of the methanol preservative (e.g., organic-rich soil, fine-grain soil). These soils can absorb the methanol leaving no methanol extract for the laboratory to analyze. In these instances, the use of additional methanol is required. The laboratory must be contacted for sample containers with an increased volume of methanol. Using a 1:2 ratio of soil to methanol will help to ensure that there will be adequate volume of methanol remaining for analysis. **NOTE: Additional methanol should not be added to the sample container by the sampler in the field. Containers with additional methanol must be obtained from the laboratory.**

3. Collection of samples with high moisture content:

Soil samples with high (>50%) moisture content (e.g., sediments, soil samples below the water table) may prevent the attainment of the ideal 1:1 soil-to-preservative ratio. In these instances, depending on the data quality objectives, it may be necessary to evaluate the soil to determine what level in the disposable syringe corresponds to the required weight (typically 5 grams for VOCs and 15 or 25 grams for VPH). This can be performed by collecting several trial samples with disposable syringes. Weigh each trial sample and note the length of the soil in the syringe. These measurements would be used to determine how much soil in the syringe corresponds to 5 ± 0.5 grams (or the desired weight ± 0.5). All trial samples should be discarded and not used for analysis.

4. En-Core® sampler cautions:

- a. En-Core® samplers, or equivalent, should only be used on fine-grain or cohesive soils (soils that stay together in the En-Core® sampler and do not fall apart). En-Core® samplers should not be used to collect soil samples that consist of dry sand, gravel, or a mixture of gravel and fines, or samples with high moisture (e.g., sediments and soil samples below the water table). In the case of soil samples that consist of dry sand, gravel, or a mixture of gravel and fines, or samples with high moisture (e.g., sediments and soil samples below the water table), a stainless-steel spatula or scoop should be used with field preservation techniques.
- b. The En-Core® sampler is a single-use device and cannot be decontaminated and reused.



- c. The volume of material collected in an En-Core® sampler should not cause excessive stress on the coring tool.
- d. The volume of material collected should not be so large that the sample easily falls apart during extrusion.
- e. The En-Core® sampler should not be used if any of the components are damaged as the seals may be compromised. Under no circumstances should any components be removed or disturbed.
- f. It is important to make sure air is not trapped behind the sample, as this could cause air to pass through the sample, resulting in a loss of VOCs, or it could cause the sample to be pushed prematurely from the coring tool.

5. Potential effervescence with use of sodium bisulfate as a preservative for low-level VOC analysis of soils:

This method of preservation is not preferred and, therefore, is not outlined below. If it is used, the following cautions exist:

- a. Carbonaceous or strongly alkaline soils may cause potential effervescence when reacting with the sodium bisulfate and may result in a loss of VOCs and a shattered vial. If effervescence occurs, sodium bisulfate should not be used. The laboratory must be contacted and low-level preservation techniques, using water only, should be followed.
- b. Loamy materials or materials containing decayed material may result in false positive results for acetone due to the interaction with the sodium bisulfate.
- c. Some VOCs may be lost due to the resulting acidification when sodium bisulfate is used (e.g., styrene, 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether, acrylonitrile).
- d. Some VOCs may be lost if the laboratory is using a heated purge in combination with the sodium bisulfate preservative (e.g., methyl tert butyl ether [MTBE] and other fuel oxygenates).

1.4 Sample Containers and VOC Sampling Equipment

- Method 5035A-compatible containers or kits (for VOCs, VPH, and GRO): Preservatives may be required for some samples with certain variations of SW-846 method 5035A consult the governing regulatory agency or principal analytical chemist to determine which preservatives are necessary.
 - <u>Low-level VOCs:</u> two 40-mL VOA vials pre-preserved with 5 mL organic-free water and also containing a magnetic stir bar.
 - <u>High-level (or medium-level) VOCs:</u> one 40-mL VOA vial pre-preserved with 5 or 10 mL of purge-and-trap-grade methanol. Volume will be dependent upon laboratory's preference or regulatory agency requirements (e.g., New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection prefers vials with 10 or 25 mL of purge-and-trap-grade methanol).
 - <u>VPH and GRO</u>: One 60-mL vial pre-preserved with 25 mL of purge-and-trap-grade methanol **or** One 40-mL VOA vial pre-preserved with 15 mL of purge-and-trap-grade methanol **and**
 - One glass container (or other appropriate container) with no preservative to allow the laboratory to perform the percent solids measurement. NOTE: The laboratory typically requires a minimum of 20 grams to perform this test. Therefore, submitting a sample size less than 4 ounces may be acceptable. This additional container will not be required if the sample is also being submitted for other non-VOC parameters.
- En-Core® samplers, or equivalent, for VOC, VPH and/or GRO analysis:

High-level VOC or GRO analysis: one 5-gram En-Core® sampler.

Low-level VOC analysis: two 5-gram En-Core® samplers.

- VPH, GRO or toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) VOC analysis: one 25-gram En-Core® sampler.
- Disposable plastic syringes or Terra CoreTM samplers.
- Foam VOC vial holders.
- Portable digital scale (accurate to ± 0.01 grams) with calibration weights.



2.0 COLLECTION OF SAMPLES USING EN-CORE® SAMPLERS, OR EQUIVALENT

- The sample will be collected using an En-Core® sampler, or equivalent, as soon as possible after the soil has been exposed to the atmosphere.
- Check that the En-Core® sampler, or equivalent, is full using both of the following procedures:
 - a. Be sure that the back o-ring on the plunger can be seen when looking through the viewing hole on the handle. This will mean that the soil has pushed the plunger fully to the back.
 - b. The plunger can only be rotated when it is fully pushed to the back of the body. Therefore, it is important to twist the plunger to guarantee that the soil has filled the sampler and the back o-rings have sealed.
- Immediately seal the En-Core® sampler, or equivalent. Be sure to twist the cap as it is pushed on. The cap is properly sealed when the two locking arms are completely and symmetrically over the body ridge.
- The samples must be shipped to a laboratory within 24 hours of sampling to ensure the 48-hour hold time for preservation will be met.
- In the event that a field screening technique (instrument reading or visual staining of the soil) indicates the possible presence of VOCs or hydrocarbons, note the observations or instrument readings in the field notes. If the field screening technique does not indicate the presence of VOCs, this should also be noted.
- If samples are collected for only VOC and VPH analyses, a separate aliquot must be collected in an unpreserved container in order for the laboratory to perform a dry weight determination.

3.0 COLLECTION OF SAMPLES USING FIELD PRESERVATION

- Samples for VOCs will be collected as soon as possible after the soil has been exposed to the atmosphere.
- Samples for VOCs will be collected first (prior to collection of samples for other parameters) using an openbarrel disposable syringe, Terra CoreTM sampler, or equivalent. In the case of soil samples that consist of dry sand, gravel, or a mixture of gravel and fines, or samples with high moisture (e.g., sediments and soil samples below the water table), an open-barrel disposable syringe may not be practical; a stainless steel spatula or scoop can be used with field preservation techniques.
- Soil samples for VOC analyses should **never** be homogenized.
- Each pre-preserved sample container will be weighed prior to sample collection, and the container/preservative weight will be recorded. This procedure will generally be performed by the laboratory prior to shipping the containers to the field.
- Depending upon project requirements, samples for VOC analysis will be collected as low-level, high-level, or both.

A. Low-level VOCs

- 1. The syringe will be filled with undisturbed soil of the following volume: 5 grams of soil.
 - As an option to the syringes, 5-gram Terra CoreTM samplers, or equivalent, can be used. The goal is to have a 1:1 ratio of soil- to- preservative.
- 2. The soil will be extruded into a pre-preserved VOA vial containing a magnetic stir bar and 5 mL organic-free water. This will be done in replicate.
- 3. Any sand grains present on the container rim or cap must be removed to ensure an air-tight seal of the vial. The VOA vial will be capped quickly and labeled with the sample ID, date, and time of collection. Labels should not be written on the cap of the vial.
- 4. Gently swirl sample to break up the soil aggregate, if necessary, until the soil is covered with preservative. It is imperative that the soil sample be completely immersed in the preservative solution.



- 5. In the event that a field screening technique (instrument reading or visual staining of the soil) indicates the possible presence of VOCs or hydrocarbons, note the observations or instrument readings in the field notes. If the field screening technique does not indicate the presence of VOCs, this should also be noted.
- 6. If samples are collected for only VOC analysis, a separate aliquot must be collected in an unpreserved container in order for the laboratory to perform a dry weight determination.

B. High-level VOCs, VPH, or GRO

1. High-level VOCs: The syringe will be filled with undisturbed soil of the following volume: 5 or 10 grams of soil for high-level analysis (added to the 5 or 10 ml of methanol, respectively). This may also depend upon the regulatory agency (e.g., New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection requires 8 to 12 grams in 25 mL methanol or 5 grams in 10 mL methanol).

VPH or GRO: The syringe will be filled with 25 grams of undisturbed soil if 60-ml vials with 25 ml of methanol are used, or 15 grams of undisturbed soil if 40-ml vials with 15 ml of methanol are used. The goal is to have a 1:1 ratio of soil- to- methanol.

As an option to the syringes, 5-gram Terra CoreTM samplers, or equivalent, can be used. Typically, the goal is to have a 1:1 ratio of soil- to- preservative.

- 2. The sample will be extruded into a VOA vial containing purge-and-trap grade methanol
- 3. Any sand grains present on the container rim or cap must be removed to ensure an air-tight seal of the vial. The VOA vial will be capped quickly and labeled with the sample ID, date, and time of collection. Labels should not be written on the cap of the vial.
- 4. Gently swirl sample to break up the soil aggregate, if necessary, until the soil is covered with preservative. It is imperative that the soil sample be completely immersed in the preservative solution.
- 5. In the event that a field screening technique (instrument reading or visual staining of the soil) indicates the possible presence of VOCs or hydrocarbons, note the observations or instrument readings in the field notes. If the field screening technique does not indicate the presence of VOCs, this should also be noted.
- 6. Methanol is considered to be a hazardous material by the US Department of Transportation (DOT) and the International Air Transportation Association (IATA). Shipments containing methanol between the field and the laboratory must conform to the rules established in Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR parts 171 to 179) and the most current edition of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. The volumes of methanol recommended in the VOC method fall under the small quantity exemption of 49 CFR section 173.4. Refer to Attachment B for further details.
- 7. If samples are collected for only VOC analysis, a separate aliquot must be collected in an unpreserved container in order for the laboratory to perform a dry weight determination.



Attachment B:

Shipping Methanol-preserved Samples

Shipping of Hazardous Materials

Methanol is considered a hazardous material by the US Department of Transportation (DOT) and the International Air Transport Association (IATA). Shipments of methanol between the field and the laboratory must conform to the rules established in Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR parts 171 to 179) and the most current edition of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. Consult these documents or your shipping company for complete details.

Small Quantity Exemption

The volumes of methanol recommended in the high-level VOC, VPH, and GRO methods fall under the small quantity exemption of 49 CFR section 173.4. To qualify for this exemption, all of the following conditions must be met:

- the maximum volume of methanol in each sample container must not exceed 30 mL
- ♦ the sample container must not be full of methanol
- the sample container must be securely packed and cushioned in an upright position and be surrounded by a sorbent material capable of absorbing spills from leaks or breakage of sample containers
- ♦ the package weight must not exceed 64 pounds
- ♦ the volume of methanol per shipping container must not exceed 500 mL
- the packaging and shipping container must be strong enough to hold up to the intended use
- ♦ the package must not be opened or altered while in transit
- ♦ the shipper must mark the shipping container as follows:

"This package conforms to 49 CFR 173.4"

When shipping domestically by Federal Express via ground or air, the following rules apply:

- ♦ follow the inner packaging requirements of 49 CFR 173.4
- ono labels, placards, up arrows, or dangerous goods shipping papers are required
- ♦ if the Federal Express airbill has a shipper's declaration for hazardous goods on it, check the Yes box under Shipper's Declaration not Required

When shipping internationally by Federal Express, the following rules apply:

- ♦ follow the inner packaging requirements of 49 CFR 173.4
- ♦ use dangerous goods shipping papers
- apply orientation arrows on opposite vertical sides on the exterior of the package

Shipping Papers for International Shipments

<u>International shipments must be</u> accompanied by dangerous goods shipping papers that include the following:

Proper Shipping Name: Methyl Alcohol Hazardous Class: Flammable Liquid

Identification Number: UN1230

Total Quantity: (mL methanol/container x the number of containers)

Emergency Response Info: Methanol SDS attached Emergency Response Phone: 1-800-424-9300



Attachment C:

SOP Fact Sheet



PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE

Soil sampling is conducted in order to obtain a representative sample for laboratory analysis of constituents of interest at a given site. Soil samples may be collected using a variety of methods and equipment depending on the depth of the desired sample, the type of sample required (disturbed vs. undisturbed), and the soil type.

WHAT TO BRING

- Appropriate level of personal protective equipment (PPE), as specified in the site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP).
- Sample containers: The proper containers should be determined in conjunction with the analytical laboratory in the planning stages of the project, and will depend on the analytical program, laboratory SOPs, and regulatory requirements.
- For non-volatile organic compound (VOC) parameters, glass containers with Teflon®-lined caps are typically utilized. Typical containers used for VOC parameters are provided in Attachment A. Brass liners, steel liners, or soil core acetate liners with Teflon® tape and plastic end caps may also be used.
- Stainless steel mixing bowl or new aluminum pie pan.
- Plastic bowl or plastic resealable bag for inorganics.
- Stainless steel spoon or spatula or sterile individually wrapped single use scoop.
- Hand auger, mud auger, sand auger, bucket auger, and/or T-handle.
- Post hole auger.
- Extension rods.
- Stainless steel trowel.
- Shovel.
- Applicable field screening equipment with calibration solution/gas (i.e., pH meter, photoionization detector, flame ionization detector, etc.)

- Tape measure or folding ruler.
- Wooden stakes and spray paint, plastic flagging (highly visible), or steel pin flags.
- Field book and/or boring log.
- Sample container labels.
- Chain-of-custody (COC) forms (TRC or laboratory, as appropriate).
- Custody seals for sample coolers.
- Tape to secure sample coolers and sample container labels (if necessary).
- Camera.
- Maps/site plan.
- Survey equipment, global positioning system (GPS), or other means of measuring sample locations.
- Indelible marking pens or markers.
- Organic absorbent material (e.g., Slickwick, ground corn cob, sawdust).
- Sample coolers.
- Bubble wrap.
- Ice (for sample storage/preservation).
- Zip-loc® plastic bags (for ice and COCs).
- Equipment decontamination supplies (see <u>ECR SOP-</u>010).

OFFICE

- Prepare/update the HASP; make sure the field team is familiar with the latest version.
- Review workplan, discuss the objective for the soil sampling program with the Project Manager and/or the field lead. Develop strategy including sample order, collection method, designation, analytical parameters, turnaround times, laboratory, etc.
 - o Are the soil cuttings to be containerized in drums or returned to borehole?
 - o Volume of soil required for each sample?
 - O QA/QC sample collection?
 - o Field decontamination required?

- Confirm that all necessary equipment is available in-house or has been ordered. Rental equipment is typically delivered the day before fieldwork is scheduled. Prior to departure, test equipment and make sure it is in proper working order.
- Verify that a utility survey/mark-out has been performed to ensure that sample locations are clear of overhead and buried utilities. Obtain a copy of the mark out ticket or confirmation number. Additionally, a private geophysical sub-surface survey may be necessary.
- Review sample bottle order for accuracy and completeness.
- Confirm soil boring locations (or specific sampling areas) are clearly identified on figure and that soil boring and sample designations are understood.



SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

ON-SITE

- Verify that underground utilities have been marked out and that the mark outs are clear. Stay at least two feet away from any marked utility. Identify if any overhead obstructions or limited access areas exist near proposed borings and contact the Project Manager if any proposed locations need to be moved. Sketch/photograph mark-out • locations. Client or project-specific utility clearances such as air-knifing or GPR may also be required.
- Review the HASP with all field personnel, conduct Health & Safety tailgate meeting.
- Ensure appropriate PPE is worn by all personnel and work area is safe (i.e., utilize traffic cones, minimize interference with on-site activities and pedestrian traffic, etc.)
- Calibrate equipment (if applicable) and record all equipment serial numbers in the field book.

GENERAL SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

- Refer to other TRC SOPs for the proper procedures for classifying soil samples (ECR SOP 005) and for screening of samples for VOCs (ECR SOP 014).
- Refer to Attachment D of this SOP for specialized sampling requirements for PFAS.
- Refer to the appropriate guidance documents for statespecific sampling requirements.
- Perform any required field screening in-situ or immediately upon retrieval of the soil sample from the subsurface.
- Samples for VOC, VPH, or GRO analysis are collected as soon as possible after the soil has been exposed to the atmosphere and prior to sample collection for other analyses. Refer to Attachment A of this SOP for additional details.
- After collecting the sample(s) for VOC analysis, the sample
 portion for the remaining analyses should be well
 homogenized in a decontaminated stainless-steel bowl,
 disposable new aluminum pie pan, plastic bowl (for
 inorganics), or re-sealable plastic bag (for inorganics) to
 ensure the sample is uniform and as representative as
 possible of the sample media.
- Stones, gravel, vegetation, or debris (such as concrete, asphalt, ash or slag) should be removed from the soil sample as much as practical prior to placement in sample containers, unless these matrices are part of the overall characterization program.
- Transfer to sample containers using new, clean, or decontaminated spoons/scoops.
- Filling of the sample bottles should be completed immediately after sample collection to minimize losses due to volatilization and biodegradation. Soil classification can be completed following sample collection.
- Place the sample into an appropriate, labeled container(s) by using the alternate shoveling method and secure the cap(s) tightly. The alternate shoveling method involves placing a spoonful of soil in each container in sequence and repeating until the containers are full or the sample volume has been exhausted. Threads on the container and lid should be cleaned to ensure a tight seal when closed.
- Make sure ALL sample containers are clearly labeled with the site name, sample date, sample collection time and

- sample designation including depth in indelible ink. Make sure to clearly identify requested samples and analyses on the COC.
- Labeled samples should be immediately put into a cooler with ice; sample coolers should always be kept within eyesight or stored within the cab of the vehicle or other secured place such as a locked office.
- Be aware of sample holding times and arrange for samples to be in the laboratory's possession accordingly.
- Restore the sampling location to grade in accordance with applicable state or federal regulations and/or the site-specific work plan. Options include backfilling the sample location with the remaining removed soil, bentonite pellets, or cement/bentonite grout depending on site conditions/hole depth and patching the surface to match the surrounding area (e.g., topsoil with grass seed, asphalt, or concrete patch), as necessary.
- Record locations of soil borings/samples in the field book by sketching a map and/or providing a description of the location. When measuring locations of soil borings/samples, always use fixed landmarks such as buildings, fences, curbs, etc.
- Decontaminate sampling equipment in accordance with TRC's SOP (ECR SOP 010) on equipment decontamination.
- Ensure any IDW is appropriately managed. If IDW cannot be returned to the site, consider material containment, such as a composite drum, proper labeling, on-site storage by the client, testing for disposal, approval of the materials, and ultimately the pickup and disposal of the materials by appropriately licensed vendors.



SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

SURFACE SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

The depth of surface soil samples are typically from 0-6 in. or 0-12 in. and will be determined on a site-specific basis and may be influenced by site-specific conditions. The following procedure should be used for surface soil sampling:

- If a thick, matted root zone, leaf layer, gravel, surface debris, concrete, etc. is present at or near the surface, it should be carefully removed using clean, decontaminated tools before the soil sample is collected. The presence and thickness of any such material should be recorded in the field book for each location. The depth measurement for the soil sample begins at the top of the soil horizon, immediately following any such removed materials.
- A decontaminated stainless-steel spoon, scoop, or trowel is typically used for surface soil sampling depths from 0 to 12 inches bgs. A hand auger or shovel may also be used to dig down to the desired depth and then after careful removal of the dug soils from the hole, a decontaminated stainless-steel spoon, scoop, or trowel is used to collect the soil sample from the bottom of the hole for laboratory chemical analysis.
- Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures.

HAND AUGER SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Hand augers may be used to advance boreholes and collect soil samples in shallow subsurface intervals. The auger is advanced by simultaneously pushing and turning using an attached T-handle with extensions (if needed). Auger holes are advanced one bucket at a time until the appropriate sample depth is achieved. The following procedure should be used for hand auger sampling:

- Clear the area to be sampled of any surface debris (e.g., twigs, rocks, litter).
- Begin augering, periodically removing and depositing accumulated soils onto a plastic sheet spread near the borehole.
- When the sample depth is reached, remove the bucket used to advance the borehole and attach a decontaminated or clean bucket.
 Place the clean auger bucket in the borehole, advance the clean auger bucket to fill it with the soil sample and then carefully remove the clean auger bucket.
- If VOC analysis is to be performed, collect a sample directly at the bottom of the boring, if within reach, and not from the auger bucket. If not within reach, collect the sample directly from the auger bucket or from minimally disturbed material immediately after the auger bucket is emptied.
- Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures.
- Refer to the SOP for special considerations for hand auger sampling.

DIRECT PUSH/SPLIT SPOON/SONIC DRILLING SAMPLING PROCEDURES

For some soil investigations, soil logs provide justification for sample locations and intervals, so be descriptive and precise.

- The driller will advance the soil sampler (macrocore, split spoon, sonic casing, etc.) which will then be given to the sampler confirm with driller which end is top and which end is bottom. Record the time of core collection in the field book (military time). Begin the soil record by indicating the soil boring location and ID, followed by the depth interval in feet bgs [e.g., B-1/0-4].
- Record the blow count per six-inch interval when collecting split-spoon samplers with hollow stem auger rig. The drillers will keep the count and repeat them to you. If refusal is encountered, the count is recorded in the book as "# of hammer blows / depth in inches the spoon is driven" (e.g., 50/3 means 50 blows of the hammer advanced the spoon 3 inches).
- Measurement of vertical depth should start from the top of the ground surface. The presence and thickness of surface asphalt, surficial concrete slabs or gravel sub-base should be noted in the field book and/or boring log.
- Measure the length of recovered soil in inches and record in the field book.
- Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures. If a specific depth interval is targeted for sampling, be sure to account for percent recovery when selecting the sample interval.
- Refer to the SOP for special considerations for Direct Push, Split Spoon, and Sonic Drilling sampling.

SHELBY TUBE/THIN-WALLED SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Shelby tube or thin-walled soil sampling should be conducted in accordance with ASTM Method D1587 <u>Practice for Thin-walled Tube Sampling of Soils for Geotechnical Purposes.</u>

To collect a sample, the tube is attached to a string of drill rod and is lowered into the borehole, where the sampler is then pressed into the undisturbed material by hydraulic force from the drill rig. After retrieval to the surface, the tube containing the sample is then removed from the sampler head.

- If samples for chemical analyses are needed, the soil contained inside the tube is then removed for sample acquisition by following the direct-push sampling procedures.
- If the sample is collected for geotechnical parameters, the tube is typically sealed to maintain the sample in its relatively undisturbed state, capped, labeled appropriately (including sample ID, top end of sample, inches of recovery, etc.), and shipped to the appropriate geotechnical laboratory. The tube is typically stored in an upright position to maintain the integrity of the undisturbed sample.



SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

- For geotechnical use, check with the laboratory prior to sampling to understand sample volume recoveries needed to perform the
 actual tests.
 - Refer to the SOP for special considerations for Shelby Tube or Thin-Walled sampling.

EXCAVATOR SAMPLING PROCEDURES

A backhoe or excavator can be used to assist with soil sampling such as during remedial excavation activities (to collect floor and sidewall samples within the excavation), test pit installation, or trenching operations. The following procedures are used for collecting soil samples excavated with a backhoe or excavator:

- For test pits or trench excavation, excavate in accordance with the site-specific work plan. The work plan may also require that excavated soils be placed on plastic sheets or another impervious surface and protected from rain.
- Refer to the site-specific work plan for the number of floor and/or sidewall samples, which is typically driven by the surface area and can vary depending on the governing regulatory agency.
- Samples can be collected using a trowel, spoon, or coring device at the desired intervals. A clean shovel may be used to remove a 1 to 2- inch layer of soil from the vertical face of the pit that contacted the backhoe bucket and where soil sampling is planned. Scrape the vertical face at the point of sampling to remove any soil that may have fallen from above and to expose fresh soil for sampling.
- In many instances, soil sample locations within the excavation area are inaccessible (do not physically enter backhoe excavations to collect a sample). In these cases, soil samples can be collected directly from the backhoe bucket use caution not to collect a soil sample from edges that may have come into contact with the backhoe bucket.
- Continue by following the General Soil Sampling Procedures.
- Abandon the pit or excavation according to applicable state regulations and the site-specific work plan. Generally, shallow excavations can simply be backfilled with the removed soil material.
 - Refer to the SOP for special considerations for Excavator sampling.

STOCKPILE SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Stockpiled soils are typically sampled to characterize the soils for reuse or disposal. The stockpile sampling strategy used must consider the source of the soil and all available data, field observations, shape/dimensions and volume of the pile, and sampling frequency requirements established by oversight regulatory agencies or potential soil disposal facilities.

If the stockpile is known to be a representative mixture of soil with no known or suspected significant variability of contamination with depth in the pile, the stockpile sampling may be conducted according to the surface soil sampling method described above. However, if the soil characteristics are not known or are known or suspected to vary with depth in the pile, both surface soil and deeper subsurface soil samples will be required to properly characterize the soil pile. Based on the minimum required number of samples for the estimated stockpile volume, the stockpile is divided into the appropriate number of estimated volumes equal to that sample number.

Refer to the SOP for special considerations for Stockpile Soil sampling.

POST SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

- After the samples have been collected, the sampling location should be surveyed in the field with a GPS unit if not surveyed later by some other means. A sketch or photograph of the sampling locations should also be included in the field book.
- Package the samples with bubble wrap and/or organic absorbent as necessary.
- Place the samples into a shipping container and cool to 4°C. If wet ice is used to cool the samples, place the ice in double-bags to prevent water from the melting ice from damaging the samples during shipment.
- Complete and cross check the COC form.
- Refer to Attachment B in the SOP for specific guidance on shipping methanol-preserved samples.
- Decontaminate non-disposable sampling equipment.





DOS AND DO NOTS OF SOIL SAMPLING

DOs:

- No matter the work plan or the site, DO have the following items when going into the field:
 - o Site-Specific HASP
 - o Appropriate PPE
 - o Field book and a pen with indelible ink

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- Business cards
- DO review soil boring logs or cross sections from previous sampling events, if available.
- DO call the Project Manager or field team leader if unexpected conditions are encountered and at least twice during the workday to update them. Even if everything is fine and there are no questions, call or text with an update. It is also recommended to call when sampling is winding down for the day to make sure that the work plan has been fully implemented and there are no additional tasks to complete.
- DO have the numbers for laboratory, vehicle rental, and equipment rental providers readily available while in the field.
- DO decontaminate any heavy equipment used for the advancement of sampling devices by steam cleaning or high pressure/hot water wash prior to and between sample locations. This would include, but is not limited to auger flights,

- drill rods, backhoe buckets and other respective accessories.
- DO review and count the sample bottles and compare to the COC prior to leaving the site.
- DO record sampler type (e.g., macrocore, split spoon, etc.) and boring method (e.g., direct push, hammer, etc.) in the field book.
- DO record the hammer weight, the distance of the hammer drop and the method for hammer lift (i.e., cathead and rope, hydraulic, etc.) in the field book at least once per day when collecting split-spoon samples with a drill rig.

DO NOTs:

- DO NOT sign anything other than the COC in the field. This includes disposal documentation, statements, etc; call the Project Manager if there is an issue.
- DO NOT use non-indelible ink to label samples or record field notes if the field book gets wet, notes become illegible.
- DO NOT include any upper soils which may "fall" as a result of the open borehole caving in (slough) when recording recovery.
- DO NOT use general terms such as "Fill" or "Till" as a sole description for layers always give detailed description of soil components



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Attachment D:

SOP Modifications for PFAS





Due to the pervasive nature of PFAS in various substances routinely used during sampling and the need to mitigate potential cross-contamination or sampling bias to ensure representative data are collected, special care should be taken when sampling for PFAS. The following table highlights the required modifications to this SOP when sampling for PFAS.

	PFAS Sampling Protocols					
SOP Section Number	Modifications to SOP					
1.3	 Do not use equipment utilizing Teflon® during sample handling or mobilization/demobilization. This includes waterproof/resistant paper products, certain personal protective equipment (PPE) (see below), and Teflon® tape. Blue Ice® (chemical ice packs) must not be used to cool samples or be used in sample coolers. Regular ice in Ziploc® bags can be used. 					
	 Do not use low density polyethylene (LDPE)¹ or glass sample containers or containers with Teflon-lined lids. HDPE or polypropylene containers are acceptable for sample storage. HDPE or polypropylene caps are acceptable. Do not use aluminum foil. 					
	 Waterproof field notes, plastic clipboards and spiral bound notebooks should not be used. Field notes should be recorded on loose paper field forms maintained in aluminum or Masonite clipboards. Field notes should be attached to the project-specific field notes or folder upon returning to the office. 					
	 Avoid using waterproof labels for sample bottles. The use of paper labels covered with clear tape or placed in Ziploc® bags avoid moisture on the sample label is acceptable. Do not use Post-It Notes during sample handling or mobilizating demobilization. 					
	 demobilization. Refer to TRC's SOP ECR-010 Equipment Decontamination for PFAS-specific decontamination protocols. Ensure that PFAS-free water is used during the decontamination procedure. 					
1.5	Always consult the Site Specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) prior to conducting field work. The following considerations should be made with regards to field preparation during PFAS sampling: • Tyvek® suits should not be worn during PFAS sampling events. Cotton coveralls may be worn.					
	 Boots and other field clothing containing Gore-TexTM or other waterproof/resistant material should not be worn. This includes rain gear. Boots made with polyurethane and polyvinyl chloride (PVC) are acceptable. 					
	 Stain resistant clothing should not be worn. Food and drink should not be allowed within the exclusion area. Pre-wrapped food or snacks should not be in the possession of sampling personnel during sampling. Bottled water and hydration drinks (e.g., Gatorade®) may be consumed in the staging area only. 					
	Personnel involved with sample collection and handling should wear nitrile gloves at all times while collecting and handling					





	PFAS Sampling Protocols
SOP Section Number	Modifications to SOP
	samples or sampling equipment. Avoid handling unnecessary items with nitrile gloves. A new pair of gloves must be donned prior to collecting each sample. • Wash hands with Alconox or Liquinox and deionized water after leaving vehicle before setting up at a soil sampling location.
1.6	 Avoid wearing clothing laundered with fabric softeners. Avoid wearing new clothing (recommended 6 washings since purchase). Clothing made of cotton is preferred. Avoid using cosmetics, moisturizers, hand creams, or other related products as part of cleaning/showering on the day of sampling. Avoid using sunscreens or insect repellants that are not natural or chemical free. If installing borings for PFAS sampling, assume the surface soil is contaminated with PFAS and remove the top six inches and transfer to drums prior to installing the borings. Clear an area of at least 1.5 feet by 1.5 feet. Keep all site surface soil in one drum, if possible. It is important to minimize PFAS in the surface soil from getting into the boring during soil sampling or well construction.
	 If sampling for PFAS under a roadway, move the dense aggregate subgrade out of the way prior to sampling. Efficient and consistent homogenization procedures must be performed on soil samples; this is critical due to the small mass used by the laboratory. Do not homogenize soil in aluminum pie pans; use a decontaminated stainless steel bowl.
2.2	 LDPE and/or glass containers should not be used for sampling. Teflon®-lined caps should also not be used during sample collection. Instead, HDPE or polypropylene containers are acceptable for sample storage. HDPE or polypropylene caps are acceptable. Do not homogenize soil in aluminum pie pans. Use a decontaminated stainless steel bowl. Stainless steel tools should not be wrapped in aluminum foil after decontaminating prior to and in between uses. Homogenize the soil sample in a decontaminated, stainless steel bowl and place in an appropriate laboratory-provided sample container (as listed above) following the collection of VOC, VPH or GRO samples.
2.2.3	Do not use Teflon® liners for direct push sampling methods. Cellulose acetate butyrate (CAB) liners are acceptable.
2.2.7	 Homogenize the soil sample in a decontaminated, stainless steel bowl and place in an appropriate laboratory-provided sample container (as listed above) following the collection of VOC, VPH or GRO samples.
2.3	• Samples for PFAS analysis must be shipped at <10°C. Standard coolers are acceptable. Keep high-concentration PFAS samples in separate coolers from low-concentration PFAS samples.

¹PFAS have been used as an additive in the manufacturing of LDPE to smooth rough surfaces.





Attachment E:

Explanation of Common Subsurface Sampling Technologies





Hand Augering

Hand augers may be used to advance boreholes and collect soil samples in shallow subsurface intervals. Often, 4-inch diameter stainless steel auger buckets with cutting heads are used. The auger is advanced by simultaneously pushing and turning using an attached T-handle with extensions (if needed).

The practical depth of investigation using a hand auger largely depends upon the soil properties and depth of investigation. In sand, augering is typically easy to perform, but the depth of collection is limited to the depth at which the sand begins to flow or collapse. The use of hand augers may be of limited use in soils containing large amounts of unnatural fill (e.g., brick, slag, concrete), coarse gravel and cobbles (or larger grain size), and in tight clays or cemented sands. In these soil types, it becomes more difficult to recover a sample due to increased friction and torque of the hand auger extensions as the depth increases. At some point, these problems become so severe that alternate methods (i.e., power equipment) must be used.

Auger holes are advanced one bucket at a time until the appropriate sample depth is achieved. When the sample depth is reached, the bucket used to advance the hole is removed and decontaminated or a clean bucket is attached. The clean auger bucket is then placed in the hole and filled with soil to make up the sample and then carefully removed.

Direct Push

Direct-push sampling methods are used primarily to collect shallow and deep subsurface soil samples. Soil sampling probes may range from simple hand tools to truck-mounted or track-mounted hydraulically operated rigs. The sampling tool is hydraulically driven into the soil, filling the tube, and withdrawn. All of the sampling tools involve the collection and retrieval of the soil sample within a thin-walled liner. The following sections describe two specific sampling methods using direct-push techniques, along with details specific to each method.

- <u>Macro-Core® Sampler (Direct-push)</u> The Macro-Core® (MC®) sampler is a solid barrel, direct-push sampler equipped with a piston-rod point assembly used primarily for collection of either continuous or depth-discrete subsurface soil samples. Other lengths are available, the standard MC® sampler comes in lengths of 48 or 60 inches (1219 or 1524 mm) with an outside diameter (OD) of 2.25 inches (57 mm). The MC® sampler is capable of recovering a discrete sample the length of the sample core used with a diameter of 1.5 inches (38 mm) contained inside a removable liner. The resultant sample volume is an approximate maximum of 1400 mL (for a 48-inch sampler). The MC® sampler may be used in either an open-tube or closed-point configuration.
- <u>Dual-tube Soil Sampling System (Direct-push)</u> The Dual-tube soil sampling system is a direct-push system for collecting continuous core samples of unconsolidated materials from within a sealed outer casing of 2.25-inch (57 mm) to 6-inch (152 mm) OD probe rod. For the 2.25-inch OD probe rods, the samples are collected and retrieved within a liner that is threaded onto the leading end of a string of 1.25-inch (32 mm) OD diameter probe rods inserted into the bottom of the outer casing. Collected samples have a volume of up to 800 mL in the form of a 1.125-inch x 48-inch (29 mm x 1219 mm) core. In addition to the 48-inch length, nominal liner lengths include 36 inches, 1 meter, and 60 inches. Use of this method allows for collection of a continuous core inside a cased hole, minimizing or preventing cross contamination between different intervals during sample collection. The outer casing is



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advanced, one core length at a time, with only the inner probe rod and core being removed and replaced between samples. If the sampling zone of interest begins at some depth below ground surface, a solid drive tip must be used to drive the dual-tube assembly and core to its initial sample depth.

Split Spoon

All split-spoon samplers, regardless of size, are basically split cylindrical barrels that are threaded on each end. The leading end is held together with a beveled threaded collar that functions as a cutting shoe. The other end is held together with a threaded collar that serves as the stub used to attach the spoon to a string of drill rod.

• <u>Standard Split Spoon</u> - A drill rig auger is used to advance a borehole to the target depth. The drill auger string is then removed and a standard split spoon is attached to a string of drill rod. Split spoons used for soil sampling must be constructed of hardened carbon steel and are typically 2.0 inches OD (1.5 inches inside diameter) and 18 inches to 24 inches in length. Other diameters and lengths are common and may be used if constructed of the proper material. After the spoon is attached to the string of drill rod, it is lowered into the borehole. The safety hammer is then used to drive the split spoon into the soil at the bottom of the borehole. After the split spoon has been driven into the soil, filling the spoon, it is retrieved to the surface, where it is removed from the drill rod string and opened for sample acquisition.

Shelby Tubes

Shelby tubes, also referred to generically as thin-walled push tubes or Acker thin-walled samplers, are used to collect subsurface soil samples in cohesive soils and clays during drilling activities. In addition to samples for chemical analyses, Shelby tubes are also used to collect relatively undisturbed soil samples for geotechnical analyses of physical properties such as shear strength, grain size distribution, density, hydraulic conductivity and permeability, to support engineering design, construction, and hydrogeologic characterizations at hazardous waste and other sites.

A typical Shelby tube is 30 inches in length, has a 3.0-inch OD (2.875-inch inside diameter) and may be constructed of steel, stainless steel, galvanized steel, or brass. They are typically attached to push heads constructed with a ball check to aid in holding the sample in the tube during retrieval. If used for collecting samples for chemical analyses, it must be constructed of stainless steel. If used for collecting samples for standard geotechnical parameters, any material is acceptable. To collect a sample, the tube is attached to a string of drill rod and is lowered into the borehole, where the sampler is then pressed into the undisturbed material by hydraulic force from the drill rig.

Sonic Drilling

Sonic drilling/rotary vibratory drilling employs the use of high-frequency, resonant energy to advance a core barrel or casing into subsurface formations. Although sonic drilling is not technically a direct-push method of soil sampling, it is similar because soil sample collection from cores of recovered unconsolidated soil would follow the same procedures as described for direct-push methodologies.

Sonic drilling is different than conventional drilling, as sonic drilling minimizes the friction between the borehole wall and the drilling tool by maintaining the resonance of the drill string





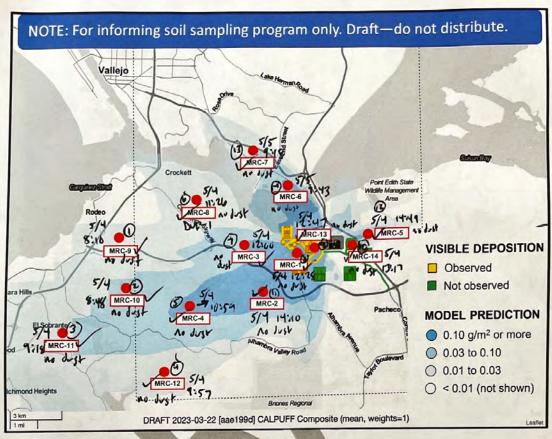
with a sonic drill head. It also allows for drilling in areas where standard DPT would be refused, potentially requiring multiple step-outs and/or not sampling the desired area. It is also generally faster to advance than HSA or DPT. Typically, the drilling method utilizes dual casings that independently resonate into the subsurface with an inner core barrel that is overrun by an outer casing, similar to dual tube DPT sampling.

Excavator

A backhoe or excavator can be used to assist with soil sampling. This method is typically used during remedial excavation activities (to collect floor and sidewall samples within the excavation), test pit installation, or trenching operations. Test pit excavations are commonly completed to allow for greater observation of physical soil characteristics (e.g., stockpiles) and/or to further investigate buried suspect areas of concern (e.g., petroleum tanks, drums, waste, fill).



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5/4/23

MRC-9: Viewpointe Blod + Willaw Are (see coordinates)

MRC-10: 6097 Pincle Valley Rd

MRC-10: 4191 Appian Way

MRC-12: 1920 Boar (Reck Rd (EBMUD Bear Creek Stagray Area))

MRC-4: Christip Road (see coordinates) (across RR)

MRC-8: Crockett flow trailhead (see coordinates); DUP-1

MRC-3: Mc Ewen Road (see coordinates)

MRC-1: Susanna Park

MRC-13: Highland Avenue Park

MRC-13: Highland Avenue Park

MRC-14: 136 Camino Del Sol (Right Marts Next to)

MRC-2: 1820/1815 Franklin (anyon Rd (vineyard))

MRC-5: Waterbird Regional Preserve (EBRPD)

5/5/23

MRC-6: end of Edst 7th Str E J St (grassy area)

MRC-7: West 7th Str West Military (field next to Taco Bell)

Photograph Log Martinez Refinery Soil Sampling May 4-5, 2023



MRC-1: Sampled 5/4/2023 12:28 pm



MRC-2: Sampled 5/4/2023 2:10 pm



MRC-3: Sampled 5/4/2023 12:00 pm



MRC-4: Sampled 5/4/2023 10:59 am



MRC-5: Sampled 5/4/2023 2:49 pm



MRC-6: Sampled 5/5/2023 9:43 am

TRC Job No.	Photographs Taken By:	Page No.		TOC
537895	TRC	1 of 3	2	IKC

Photograph Log Martinez Refinery Soil Sampling May 4-5, 2023



MRC-7: Sampled 5/5/2023 9:18 am



MRC-8/DUP-1: Sampled 5/4/2023 11:26 am



MRC-9: Sampled 5/4/2023 8:10 am



MRC-10: Sampled 5/4/2023 8:48 am



MRC-11: Sampled 5/4/2023 9:18 am



MRC-12: Sampled 5/4/2023 9:57 am

TRC Job No.	Photographs Taken By:	Page No.	1	TOC
537895	TRC	2 of 3		IKC

Photograph Log Martinez Refinery Soil Sampling May 4-5, 2023



MRC-13: Sampled 5/4/2023 12:47 pm



MRC-14: Sampled 5/4/2023 1:17 pm

TRC Job No.	Photographs Taken By:	Page No.	-	TOC
537895	TRC	3 of 3	7	IKC

Appendix D. Laboratory Analytical Report for May 20)23 Soil Data

PREPARED FOR

Attn: Laura Tait TRC Environmental Corporation 1850 Gateway Blvd Suite 1000 Concord, California 94520

Generated 5/25/2023 3:32:01 PM Revision 1

JOB DESCRIPTION

Martinez Refinery

JOB NUMBER

320-99906-1

Eurofins Sacramento 880 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento CA 95605

Eurofins Sacramento

Job Notes

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Authorization

Generated 5/25/2023 3:32:01 PM Revision 1

Authorized for release by Micah Smith, Project Manager II Micah.Smith@et.eurofinsus.com (916)374-4302

Mint R 5 Smit

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Definitions/Glossary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Qualifiers

M	ota	le
IVI	ela	ıə

Qualifier **Qualifier Description** ^2 Calibration Blank (ICB and/or CCB) is outside acceptance limits. 4 MS, MSD: The analyte present in the original sample is greater than 4 times the matrix spike concentration; therefore, control limits are not

MS and/or MSD recovery exceeds control limits.

Glossary

,					
Abbreviation These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.					
¤	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis				
%R	Percent Recovery				
CFL	Contains Free Liquid				
CFU	Colony Forming Unit				
CNF	Contains No Free Liquid				
DER	Duplicate Error Ratio (normalized absolute difference)				
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor				
DL	Detection Limit (DoD/DOE)				
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample				

DLC Decision Level Concentration (Radiochemistry)

Estimated Detection Limit (Dioxin) **EDL** LOD Limit of Detection (DoD/DOE) LOQ Limit of Quantitation (DoD/DOE)

EPA recommended "Maximum Contaminant Level" MCL MDA Minimum Detectable Activity (Radiochemistry) MDC Minimum Detectable Concentration (Radiochemistry)

MDL Method Detection Limit Minimum Level (Dioxin) MLMPN Most Probable Number MQL Method Quantitation Limit

NC Not Calculated

ND Not Detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)

NEG Negative / Absent POS Positive / Present

PQL **Practical Quantitation Limit**

PRES Presumptive QC **Quality Control**

RER Relative Error Ratio (Radiochemistry)

RL Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)

RPD Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points

TEF Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin) **TEQ** Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

TNTC Too Numerous To Count

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Case Narrative

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Laboratory: Eurofins Sacramento

Narrative

Job Narrative 320-99906-1

Comments

No additional comments.

Revision

The report being provided is a revision of the original report sent on 5/16/2023. The report (revision 1) was revised for Method 7199 (soil) to accommodate the client's request for a nominal reporting limit (RL) of 200 ug/kg in lieu of the laboratory's default RL (400 ug/kg).

Receipt

The samples were received on 5/4/2023 7:30 PM. Unless otherwise noted below, the samples arrived in good condition, and where required, properly preserved and on ice. The temperature of the cooler at receipt was 1.1° C.

HPLC/IC

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

Metals

Method 6010B: The post digestion spike % recovery for Thallium associated with batch 320-673254 was outside of control limits. The associated sample is: (320-99906-A-1-A PDS).

Method 6010B: The matrix spike / matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) recoveries for preparation batch 320-672930 and analytical batch 320-673254 were outside control limits for one or more analytes. See QC Sample Results for detail. Sample matrix interference and/or non-homogeneity are suspected because the associated laboratory control sample (LCS) recovery is within acceptance limits.

Method 6010B: The instrument blank (CCB) for analytical batch 320-673254 contained Aluminum (Al) greater than one-half the reporting limit (RL), and were not re-analyzed because sample results were 10x greater than the CCB or Method blank. The data have been qualified and reported.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

General Chemistry

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

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Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	6.1	F1	2.4		mg/Kg		⇔	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	100		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.73	F1	0.24		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	9300		24		mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	24		0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	6.3		0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	14		1.8		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	15		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	23		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	29		0.59		mg/Kg	1		6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	64	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.5		0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-10	Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	5.1		2.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	130		1.1		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	1.2		0.22		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	15000	^2	22		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	27		0.55		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	11		0.55		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	30		1.6		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	10		1.1		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	30		1.1		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	59		0.55		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	79		2.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.9		0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-11

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-3

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	5.7		2.5		mg/Kg		☼	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	98		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.64		0.25		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	10000	^2	25		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	29		0.62		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	7.9		0.62		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	23		1.9		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	13		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	31		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	34		0.62		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	59		2.5		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	7.1		0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-12

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	3.9	2.5	mg/Kg		≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Barium	86	1.3	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.65	0.25	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	15000 ^2	25	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

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5/25/2023 (Rev. 1)

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-12 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Chromium	20	0.64	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	5.1	0.64	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	7.9	1.9	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	6.6	1.3	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	14	1.3	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	30	0.64	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	32	2.5	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	7.3	0.1	SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-4

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5

Analyte	Result (Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	24		2.7		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	110		1.3		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.58		0.27		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	9800	^2	27		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	87		0.66		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	16		0.66		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	36		2.0		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	23		1.3		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	200		1.3		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	30		0.66		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	56		2.7		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.9		0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-8

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-6

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	16		2.3		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	130		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.77		0.23		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	19000	^2	23		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	64		0.58		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	15		0.58		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	48		1.7		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	32		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	65		1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	70		0.58		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	88		2.3		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	7.2		0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-3

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Analyte	Result Q	ualifier RL	MDL Ur	nit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	11	2.1	m ₍	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	150	1.1	mę	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.93	0.21	mg	g/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	17000 ^2	2 21	m	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	46	0.54	mg	g/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	17	0.54	mę	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	44	1.6	m	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	31	1.1	mg	g/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

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Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D Method	Prep Type
Nickel	50	1.1	mg/Kg	1	⇔ 6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	60	0.54	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	210	2.1	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.9	0.1	SU	1	9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-1

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-8

Analyte	Result Q	ualifier RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.1	2.5	mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	99	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.57	0.25	mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	9200 ^2	2 25	mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	22	0.62	mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	7.1	0.62	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	20	1.9	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	82	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	19	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	30	0.62	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	160	2.5	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	5.9	0.1	SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-13

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-9

Analyte	Result Qua	alifier RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	5.4	2.4		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	90	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.55	0.24		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	8900 ^2	24		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	16	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	6.5	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	11	1.8		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	18	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	13	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	30	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	41	2.4		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.0	0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D N	Method	Prep Type
Lead	0.0063	0.0050	mg/L	1	6	6010B	Total/NA

Client Sample ID: Dup-1

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11

Analyte	Result Qu	alifier RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	14	2.3	mg/Kg		⇔ 6010B	Total/NA
Barium	130	1.1	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010В	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.69	0.23	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010В	Total/NA
Aluminum	18000 ^2	23	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010В	Total/NA
Chromium	56	0.57	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010В	Total/NA
Cobalt	15	0.57	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Copper	43	1.7	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA
Lead	25	1.1	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

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5/25/2023 (Rev. 1)

Detection Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Client Sample ID: Dup-1 (Continued)

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac D	Method	Prep Type
Nickel	60	1.1	mg/Kg	1 🌣	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	64	0.57	mg/Kg	1 ⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	82	2.3	mg/Kg	1 ⊅	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.0	0.1	SU	1	9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL U	nit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.5	2.3	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	86	1.1	m	ng/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.88	0.23	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	14000 ^2	23	m	ng/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	35	0.57	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	9.9	0.57	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	29	1.7	m	ng/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	33	1.1	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	32	1.1	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	54	0.57	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	270	2.3	m	ng/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	5.7	0.1	SI	U	1		9045C	Soluble

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

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3

4

6

8

4.0

11

4.0

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:10 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 85.7

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		240	230	ug/Kg	*	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 13:32	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.1	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Barium	100		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Beryllium	0.73	F1	0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Aluminum	9300		24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Chromium	24		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Cobalt	6.3		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Copper	14		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Lead	15		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Molybdenum	ND	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Nickel	23		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Selenium	ND	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Vanadium	29		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Zinc	64	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	14.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	85.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.5		0.1		SU		·	05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-10 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 87.8

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		220	210	ug/Kg	-	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:08	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - N	letals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	5.1		2.2		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Barium	130		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Beryllium	1.2		0.22		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Aluminum	15000	^2	22		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Chromium	27		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Cobalt	11		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Copper	30		1.6		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Lead	10		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Nickel	30		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Selenium	ND		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Vanadium	59		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Zinc	79		2.2		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1

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Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-10 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48

Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Percent Solids: 87.8

General Chemistry								
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL U	nit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	12.2	0.1	%)			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	87.8	0.1	%)			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble	December Constitution	D.	MD: II			B	Anabasal	D'1 F

 Analyte pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)
 Result Gualifier
 RL O.1
 MDL SU
 Unit SU
 D SU
 Prepared Prepared To 5/09/23 11:24
 Analyzed Dil Fac To 5/09/23 11:24

Client Sample ID: MRC-11 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-3

 Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:18
 Matrix: Solid

 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30
 Percent Solids: 81.3

Method: SW846 / 199 - Chromit	im, Hexavalent (IC)							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND	250	240	ug/Kg	☼	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:20	10

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	5.7		2.5		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Barium	98		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Beryllium	0.64		0.25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Aluminum	10000	^2	25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Chromium	29		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Cobalt	7.9		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Copper	23		1.9		mg/Kg	⊅	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Lead	13		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Nickel	31		1.2		mg/Kg	⊅	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Vanadium	34		0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
Zinc	59		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDI	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.7		0.1		%	<u>-</u> -	Поригои	05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.1		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 79.3

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromiu	m, Hexavalent (IC)							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND	260	250	ug/Kg		05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:32	10
Mothod: SW846 6010B Motals	(ICD)							

Welliod. 344040 00 100 - Welais (IC	·F)						
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	3.9	2.5	mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Barium	86	1.3	mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1

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Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-12 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4

Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 79.3

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.65		0.25		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Aluminum	15000	^2	25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Chromium	20		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Cobalt	5.1		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Copper	7.9		1.9		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Lead	6.6		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Nickel	14		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Vanadium	30		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Zinc	32		2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	20.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	79.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.3		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5 Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 75.3

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		270	250	ug/Kg	-	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:44	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	24		2.7		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Barium	110		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Beryllium	0.58		0.27		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Aluminum	9800	^2	27		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Chromium	87		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Cobalt	16		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Copper	36		2.0		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Lead	23		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Nickel	200		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Selenium	ND		2.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Vanadium	30		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Zinc	56		2.7		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	24.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	75.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1

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Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 75.3

_									
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.9		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-8 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-6

Date Collected: 05/04/23 11:26 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 84.5

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	☼	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:56	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	16		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Barium	130		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Beryllium	0.77		0.23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Aluminum	19000	^2	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Chromium	64		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Cobalt	15		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Copper	48		1.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Lead	32		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Nickel	65		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Vanadium	70		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
Zinc	88		2.3		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	15.5		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	84.5		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.2		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-3 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7 Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00 Matrix: Solid Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 89.8

ethod: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC) alyte									
Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac	
MD		220	210	ug/Kg	₽	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:08	10	
etals (ICP)									
Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac	
		2.1		mg/Kg	☆	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
150		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
0.93		0.21		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
17000	^2	21		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
46		0.54		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
17		0.54		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1	
	Result ND Result 11 150 0.93 17000 46	Result Qualifier	Result Qualifier RL	Result Qualifier RL MDL 220 210 Color Result Qualifier RL MDL 220 210 Color Result Qualifier RL MDL 2.1 2.1 150	Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit ug/Kg Petals (ICP) Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit mg/Kg 11	Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D wg/Kg ©	Result ND Qualifier RL 220 MDL 210 Unit ug/Kg D 20 Prepared 05/09/23 02:00 Petals (ICP) Result 1 Result 2.1 MDL 2.1 Unit mg/Kg D 25/08/23 06:30 150 1.1 mg/Kg ○ 05/08/23 06:30 0.93 0.21 mg/Kg ○ 05/08/23 06:30 17000 ^2 21 mg/Kg ○ 05/08/23 06:30 46 0.54 mg/Kg ○ 05/08/23 06:30	Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed 05/09/23 02:00 05/09/23 12:08 Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed 05/09/23 12:08 Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32 11 2.1 mg/Kg 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32 150 1.1 mg/Kg 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32 150 0.93 0.21 mg/Kg 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32 17000 ^2 21 mg/Kg 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32 16 46 0.54 mg/Kg 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:32	

Eurofins Sacramento

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Analyte

Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)

General Chemistry - Soluble

pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-3 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 89.8

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Copper	44		1.6		mg/Kg	— <u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Lead	31		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Nickel	50		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Selenium	ND		2.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Vanadium	60		0.54		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Zinc	210		2.1		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	10.2		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	89.8		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.9		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-8 **Client Sample ID: MRC-1**

RL

MDL Unit

Prepared

Prepared

Analyzed

Dil Fac

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:28 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 80.9

Result Qualifier

80.9

5.9

Result Qualifier

7 iliuly to	. toouit	audiii.o.			•	_	opa.oa	7 tilaly 200	D uo
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	230	ug/Kg	*	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:20	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	7.1		2.5		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Barium	99		1.2		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Beryllium	0.57		0.25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Aluminum	9200	^2	25		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Chromium	22		0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Cobalt	7.1		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Copper	20		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Lead	82		1.2		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Nickel	19		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Vanadium	30		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Zinc	160		2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	19.1		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
The state of the s									

Eurofins Sacramento

05/05/23 14:27

Analyzed

05/09/23 11:24

0.1

RL

0.1

MDL Unit

SU

Dil Fac

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-13 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-9

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:47 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 81.9

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	240	ug/Kg	<u></u>	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:32	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	5.4		2.4		mg/Kg	— <u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Barium	90		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Beryllium	0.55		0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Aluminum	8900	^2	24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Chromium	16		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Cobalt	6.5		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Copper	11		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Lead	18		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Nickel	13		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Vanadium	30		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Zinc	41		2.4		mg/Kg	≎	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.1		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.9		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10 Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank **Matrix: Water**

RL

0.1

MDL Unit

SU

Prepared

Analyzed

05/09/23 11:24

Dil Fac

Result Qualifier

6.0

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:58 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)

Analyte

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC) Result Qualifier Analyte **MDL** Unit D RL Prepared Dil Fac Analyzed Chromium hexavalent ND 0.50 05/05/23 10:53

ND		0.50		ug/L			05/05/23 10:53	1
Metals (ICP)								
Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
ND		0.20		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0080		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
0.0063		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
	Metals (ICP) Result ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	Metals (ICP) Result Qualifier ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N	No	No	No	No	Metals (ICP) Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit DD Prepared D5/09/23 06:15 ND 0.20 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.010 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.010 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15	Metals (ICP) Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D O5/09/23 06:15 Analyzed O5/09/23 15:42 ND 0.20 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0080 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.010 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 0.0063 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.020 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050 mg/L 05/09/23 06:15 05/09/23 15:42 ND 0.0050

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: Dup-1 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11

Date Collected: 05/04/23 00:00 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 87.0

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	*	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:44	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	. ,	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	14		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Barium	130		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Beryllium	0.69		0.23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Aluminum	18000	^2	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Chromium	56		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Cobalt	15		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Copper	43		1.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Lead	25		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Nickel	60		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Vanadium	64		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Zinc	82		2.3		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	13.0		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	87.0		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.0		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 **Percent Solids: 88.1** Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	<u></u>	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:56	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - N	letals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	8.5		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Barium	86		1.1		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Beryllium	0.88		0.23		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Aluminum	14000	^2	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Chromium	35		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Cobalt	9.9		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Copper	29		1.7		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Lead	33		1.1		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Nickel	32		1.1		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Vanadium	54		0.57		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Zinc	270		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1

Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17

Matrix: Solid
Percent Solids: 88.4

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 88.1

General Chemistry								
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	11.9	0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	88.1	0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble								

General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result C	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	5.7		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

5

7

8

46

11

13

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 326646

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 326646

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 326646

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

RPD

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Method: 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 570-326646/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 327380

MB MB

Result Qualifier RL **MDL** Unit Analyzed Dil Fac Analyte Prepared 210 05/09/23 02:00 05/09/23 05:26 Chromium, hexavalent ND 200 ug/Kg

Lab Sample ID: LCS 570-326646/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Chromium, hexavalent

Analysis Batch: 327380

Spike Added 19800

Spike

Added

19700

Spike

Added

2.00

Spike

Added

2.00

Result Qualifier

RL

0.50

19300

18200

LCS LCS

LCSD LCSD

Result Qualifier

MDL Unit

LCS LCS

MS MS

1 92

Result Qualifier

1.99

Result Qualifier

ug/L

ug/Kg

Unit

ug/Kg

Unit

ug/L

Unit

ug/L

D %Rec Unit

97

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup

%Rec

Prepared

%Rec

%Rec

96

D

100

92

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Limits 80 - 120

%Rec

Limits

80 - 120

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

%Rec

Limits

Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank

%Rec

Limits

Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank

80 - 120

90 - 110

Analyzed

05/05/23 10:26

%Rec

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 570-326646/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 327380

Analyte

Chromium, hexavalent

Lab Sample ID: MB 320-672410/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 672411

MB MB

Chromium, hexavalent

Analyte Result Qualifier ND

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-672410/2-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 672411

Analyte

Chromium, hexavalent

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10 MS

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 672411

Analyte Chromium, hexavalent

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10 MSD

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 672411

Sample Sample Chromium, hexavalent ND

Result Qualifier

Sample Sample

ND

Result Qualifier

Added 2.00

Spike

Result Qualifier 1.94

MSD MSD Unit ug/L

D

%Rec 97

Limits 80 - 120

%Rec

RPD Limit

RPD

Eurofins Sacramento

RPD

Limit

Dil Fac

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP)

Lab Sample ID: MB 320-672930/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673254

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 672930

	IVID	IVID							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Aluminum	ND		20		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Barium	ND		1.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Beryllium	ND		0.20		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Cobalt	ND		0.50		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Chromium	ND		0.50		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Copper	ND		1.5		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Lead	ND		1.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Nickel	ND		1.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Selenium	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Vanadium	ND		0.50		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1
Zinc	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:51	1

MD MD

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-672930/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Ratch: 673254

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 673254							Prep Batch: 672930
	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Arsenic	50.0	44.8		mg/Kg		90	80 - 120
Aluminum	500	433		mg/Kg		87	80 - 120
Barium	50.0	43.0		mg/Kg		86	80 - 120
Beryllium	25.0	22.7		mg/Kg		91	80 - 120
Cobalt	25.0	22.8		mg/Kg		91	80 - 120
Chromium	25.0	22.8		mg/Kg		91	80 - 120
Copper	25.0	21.7		mg/Kg		87	80 - 120
Lead	25.0	23.5		mg/Kg		94	80 - 120
Molybdenum	25.0	23.2		mg/Kg		93	80 - 120
Nickel	25.0	23.1		mg/Kg		92	80 - 120
Selenium	50.0	44.3		mg/Kg		89	80 - 120
Vanadium	25.0	23.0		mg/Kg		92	80 - 120
Zinc	50.5	47.9		mg/Kg		95	80 - 120

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 MS

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673254

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 672930

Analysis Batch: 6/3254	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Arsenic	6.1	F1	58.4	50.7	F1	mg/Kg	<u></u>	76	80 - 120
Aluminum	9300		584	14900	4	mg/Kg	☼	960	80 - 120
Barium	100		58.4	160		mg/Kg	☼	98	80 - 120
Beryllium	0.73	F1	29.2	25.1		mg/Kg	₽	83	80 - 120
Cobalt	6.3		29.2	30.0		mg/Kg	☼	81	80 - 120
Chromium	24		29.2	54.7		mg/Kg	☼	105	80 - 120
Copper	14		29.2	37.7		mg/Kg	₽	82	80 - 120
Lead	15		29.2	40.6		mg/Kg	☼	86	80 - 120
Molybdenum	ND	F1	29.2	23.8	F1	mg/Kg	☼	78	80 - 120
Nickel	23		29.2	47.1		mg/Kg	₽	81	80 - 120
Selenium	ND	F1	58.4	46.8		mg/Kg	☼	80	80 - 120

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 MS

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673254

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 672930

MS MS %Rec Sample Sample Spike Analyte Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits Vanadium 29 29.2 62.6 mg/Kg ₩ 114 80 - 120 Zinc 64 F1 59.0 122 mg/Kg ☼ 80 - 120

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 MSD

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Ratch: 673254

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Prep Type: Total/NA

Pren Batch: 672930

Analysis Batch: 6/3254									Prep Ba	atcn: 6/	2930
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec		RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Arsenic	6.1	F1	59.0	50.8	F1	mg/Kg	<u></u>	76	80 - 120	0	35
Aluminum	9300		590	14000	4	mg/Kg	☼	796	80 - 120	6	35
Barium	100		59.0	152		mg/Kg	☼	83	80 - 120	5	35
Beryllium	0.73	F1	29.5	24.1	F1	mg/Kg	₩	79	80 - 120	4	35
Cobalt	6.3		29.5	30.9		mg/Kg	☼	83	80 - 120	3	35
Chromium	24		29.5	53.7		mg/Kg	☼	100	80 - 120	2	35
Copper	14		29.5	37.5		mg/Kg	☼	81	80 - 120	0	35
Lead	15		29.5	39.5		mg/Kg	☼	82	80 - 120	3	35
Molybdenum	ND	F1	29.5	23.9	F1	mg/Kg	☼	78	80 - 120	0	35
Nickel	23		29.5	48.5		mg/Kg	☼	85	80 - 120	3	35
Selenium	ND	F1	59.0	46.5	F1	mg/Kg	☼	79	80 - 120	1	35
Vanadium	29		29.5	60.1		mg/Kg	☼	104	80 - 120	4	35
Zinc	64	F1	59.5	110	F1	mg/Kg	☼	77	80 - 120	10	35

Lab Sample ID: MB 320-673248/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 673489

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 673248

	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Aluminum	ND		0.20		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Barium	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Beryllium	ND		0.0020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Cobalt	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Chromium	ND		0.0080		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Copper	ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Lead	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Molybdenum	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Nickel	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Selenium	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Vanadium	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1
Zinc	ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:21	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-673248/2-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 673489

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 673248

_	Spil	e LCS	LCS			%Rec
Analyte	Adde	d Result	Qualifier U	Jnit D	%Rec	Limits
Arsenic	0.50	0.487	r	mg/L	97	80 - 120
Aluminum	5.0	0 4.81	r	ng/L	96	80 - 120
Barium	0.50	0 0.474	r	ng/L	95	80 - 120

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-673248/2-A **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample** Prep Type: Total/NA **Matrix: Water** Analysis Batch: 673489 Prep Batch: 673248

	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec	
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Beryllium	0.250	0.249		mg/L		99	80 - 120	
Cobalt	0.250	0.242		mg/L		97	80 - 120	
Chromium	0.250	0.252		mg/L		101	80 - 120	
Copper	0.250	0.235		mg/L		94	80 - 120	
Lead	0.250	0.256		mg/L		103	80 - 120	
Molybdenum	0.250	0.249		mg/L		99	80 - 120	
Nickel	0.250	0.244		mg/L		98	80 - 120	
Selenium	0.500	0.486		mg/L		97	80 - 120	
Vanadium	0.250	0.247		mg/L		99	80 - 120	
Zinc	0.505	0.499		mg/L		99	80 - 120	

Method: 9045C - pH

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-672979/2 **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Solid Prep Type: Total/NA**

Analysis Batch: 672979

LCS LCS %Rec Spike Added Limits Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec pH adj. to 25 deg C 8.00 8.0 SU 98 - 102 100

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 DU **Matrix: Solid Prep Type: Soluble**

Analysis Batch: 672979

Sample Sample DU DU **RPD** Result Qualifier Result Qualifier RPD Analyte Unit Limit pH adj. to 25 deg C SU 6.5 6.6 10

Method: D 2216 - Percent Moisture

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 DU **Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Matrix: Solid** Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 672513

,	Sample	Sample	DU	DU					RPD	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D		RPD	Limit	
Percent Moisture	14.3		 14.5		%		 -	1	20	
Percent Solids	85.7		85.5		%			0.2	20	

QC Association Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99906-1

HPLC/IC

Prep Batch: 326646

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
MB 570-326646/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCS 570-326646/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCSD 570-326646/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	

Analysis Batch: 327380

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
MB 570-326646/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
LCS 570-326646/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646
LCSD 570-326646/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	7199	326646

Filtration Batch: 672410

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
MB 320-672410/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	Filtration	
LCS 320-672410/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	Filtration	

Analysis Batch: 672411

Lab Sample ID 320-99906-10	Client Sample ID Equipment Blank	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Water	Method 7199	Prep Batch
MB 320-672410/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	7199	672410
LCS 320-672410/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	7199	672410
320-99906-10 MS	Equipment Blank	Total/NA	Water	7199	
320-99906-10 MSD	Equipment Blank	Total/NA	Water	7199	

Metals

Prep Batch: 672930

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	

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Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Metals (Continued)

Prep Batch: 672930 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
MB 320-672930/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
LCS 320-672930/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-1 MS	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99906-1 MSD	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	

Prep Batch: 673248

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-10	Equipment Blank	Total/NA	Water	3010A	
MB 320-673248/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	3010A	
LCS 320-673248/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	3010A	

Analysis Batch: 673254

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
MB 320-672930/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
LCS 320-672930/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-1 MS	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930
320-99906-1 MSD	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	672930

Analysis Batch: 673489

Lab Sample ID 320-99906-10	Client Sample ID Equipment Blank	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Water	Method 6010B	Prep Batch 673248
MB 320-673248/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	6010B	673248
LCS 320-673248/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	6010B	673248

General Chemistry

Analysis Batch: 672513

Lab Sample ID 320-99906-1	Client Sample ID MRC-9	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Solid	Method D 2216	Prep Batch
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	

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QC Association Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99906-1

General Chemistry (Continued)

Analysis Batch: 672513 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99906-1 DU	MRC-9	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	

Analysis Batch: 672979

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
LCS 320-672979/2	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	9045C	
320-99906-1 DU	MRC-9	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034

Leach Batch: 673034

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99906-1 DU	MRC-9	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-9

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1 Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:10

Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.80 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-9

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:10 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 85.7

Prep Type Total/NA Total/NA	Batch Type Prep Analysis	Batch Method 3060A 7199	Run	Dil Factor	Initial Amount 1.22 g 4 mL	Final Amount 50 mL 4 mL	Batch Number 326646 327380	Prepared or Analyzed 05/09/23 02:00 05/09/23 13:32		Lab EET CAL 4 EET CAL 4
Total/NA Total/NA	Prep Analysis	3050B 6010B		1	0.99 g	100 mL	672930 673254	05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 15:57	NIM SP	EET SAC EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-10

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch Dil Initial Final Batch Prepared **Prep Type** Type Method Run **Factor Amount** Amount Number or Analyzed Analyst Lab Soluble Leach DI Leach 20.40 g 20 mL 673034 05/08/23 12:09 H1Z **EET SAC** Soluble Analysis 9045C 20 mL 20 mL 672979 05/09/23 11:24 H1Z **EET SAC** Total/NA Analysis D 2216 1 672513 05/05/23 14:27 TCS **EET SAC**

Client Sample ID: MRC-10

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2 Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 87.8

Batch Batch Dil Initial Final Batch Prepared Method **Amount** Number **Prep Type** Type Run **Factor** Amount or Analyzed Analyst Lab Total/NA Prep 3060A 1.28 g 50 mL 326646 05/09/23 02:00 YO8L EET CAL 4 Total/NA Analysis 7199 10 4 mL 327380 05/09/23 11:08 YO8L **EET CAL 4** 4 mL Total/NA Prep 3050B 1.04 g 100 mL 672930 05/08/23 06:30 NIM **EET SAC** Total/NA Analysis 673254 05/08/23 16:17 SP **EET SAC** 6010B 1

Client Sample ID: MRC-11

Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:18

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-3

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.12 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-11

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 81.3

Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:18	
Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30	

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.21 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 11:20	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			0.99 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:20	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-12 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4 Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.08 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-12 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4 Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 79.3

Prep Type	Batch Type	Batch Method	Run	Dil Factor	Initial Amount	Final Amount	Batch Number	Prepared or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA Total/NA	Prep Analysis	3060A 7199		10	1.23 g 4 mL	50 mL 4 mL	326646 327380	05/09/23 02:00 05/09/23 11:32	YO8L YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA Total/NA	Prep Analysis	3050B 6010B		1	0.99 g	100 mL	672930 673254	05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:23		EET SAC EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5

Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.19 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5 Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59

Matrix: Solid Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 75.3

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.25 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 11:44	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.00 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:26	SP	EET SAC

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Matrix: Solid

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-8

Date Collected: 05/04/23 11:26 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-6

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.67 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-8

Date Collected: 05/04/23 11:26 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-6

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 84.5

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.27 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 11:56	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.02 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:29	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-3

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch Dil Initial Final Batch Prepared **Prep Type** Type Method Run **Factor** Amount Amount Number or Analyzed Analyst Lab Soluble Leach DI Leach 19.42 g 20 mL 673034 05/08/23 12:09 H1Z **EET SAC** Soluble Analysis 9045C 20 mL 20 mL 672979 05/09/23 11:24 H1Z **EET SAC** Total/NA Analysis 672513 05/05/23 14:27 TCS D 2216 1 **EET SAC**

Client Sample ID: MRC-3

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 89.8

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.24 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 12:08	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.04 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:32	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:28

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample	e ID:	320-99906-8
		Market Control

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.09 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Eurofins Sacramento

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Client Sample ID: MRC-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:28 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-8

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 80.9

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.26 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 12:20	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.00 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:41	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-13 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-9 Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:47

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.74 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-13 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-9 Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:47 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 81.9

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.21 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 12:32	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.03 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:44	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:58 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		1	10 mL	10 mL	672411	05/05/23 10:53	JCB	EET SAC
Total/NA	Prep	3010A			50 mL	50 mL	673248	05/09/23 06:15	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673489	05/09/23 15:42	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: Dup-1 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11 Date Collected: 05/04/23 00:00 Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.22 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 12:09	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			672513	05/05/23 14:27	TCS	EET SAC

Eurofins Sacramento

Matrix: Water

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery Client Sample ID: Dup-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 87.0

Date Collected: 05/04/23 00:00 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.23 g	50 mL	326646	05/09/23 02:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	327380	05/09/23 12:44	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.01 g	100 mL	672930	05/08/23 06:30	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673254	05/08/23 16:47	SP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12 Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Matrix: Solid

Batch Dil Batch Prepared Batch Initial Final Method **Prep Type Factor Amount** Amount Number or Analyzed Analyst Type Run Lab Soluble Leach DI Leach 20.01 g 20 mL 673034 05/08/23 12:09 H1Z **EET SAC** Soluble Analysis 9045C 20 mL 20 mL 672979 05/09/23 11:24 H1Z **EET SAC** 1 Total/NA Analysis D 2216 1 672513 05/05/23 14:27 TCS **EET SAC**

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12 Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 88.1

Prep Type Total/NA Total/NA	Batch Type Prep Analysis	Batch Method 3060A 7199	Run	Factor 10	Initial Amount 1.25 g 4 mL	Final Amount 50 mL 4 mL	Batch Number 326646 327380	Prepared or Analyzed 05/09/23 02:00 05/09/23 12:56	Analyst YO8L YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA Total/NA	Prep Analysis	3050B 6010B		1	1.00 g	100 mL	672930 673254	05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:50	NIM SP	EET SAC EET SAC

Laboratory References:

EET CAL 4 = Eurofins Calscience Tustin, 2841 Dow Avenue, Tustin, CA 92780, TEL (714)895-5494

EET SAC = Eurofins Sacramento, 880 Riverside Parkway, West Sacramento, CA 95605, TEL (916)373-5600

Accreditation/Certification Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Laboratory: Eurofins Sacramento

Unless otherwise noted, all analytes for this laboratory were covered under each accreditation/certification below.

Authority		ogram	Identification Number	Expiration Date	
California	State		2897	01-22-24	
The following analytes	s are included in this rend	art but the leberatory is r	act cortified by the governing outhority	This list may include analytes for which	
the agency does not	•	ort, but the laboratory is i	ior certified by the governing authority.	This list may include analytes for which	
	•	Matrix	Analyte	This list may include analytes for which	
the agency does not o	offer certification.	•		This list may include analytes for which	

Laboratory: Eurofins Calscience

The accreditations/certifications listed below are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	Identification Number	Expiration Date
California	State	3082	07-31-24

Eurofins Sacramento

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Method Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
7199	Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)	SW846	EET CAL 4
7199	Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)	SW846	EET SAC
6010B	Metals (ICP)	SW846	EET SAC
9045C	рН	SW846	EET SAC
D 2216	Percent Moisture	ASTM	EET SAC
3010A	Preparation, Total Metals	SW846	EET SAC
3050B	Preparation, Metals	SW846	EET SAC
3060A	Alkaline Digestion (Chromium, Hexavalent)	SW846	EET CAL 4
Ol Leach	Deionized Water Leaching Procedure	ASTM	EET SAC

Protocol References:

ASTM = ASTM International

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

Laboratory References

EET CAL 4 = Eurofins Calscience Tustin, 2841 Dow Avenue, Tustin, CA 92780, TEL (714)895-5494
EET SAC = Eurofins Sacramento, 880 Riverside Parkway, West Sacramento, CA 95605, TEL (916)373-5600

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Sample Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
320-99906-1	MRC-9	Solid	05/04/23 08:10	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-2	MRC-10	Solid	05/04/23 08:48	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-3	MRC-11	Solid	05/04/23 09:18	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-4	MRC-12	Solid	05/04/23 09:57	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-5	MRC-4	Solid	05/04/23 10:59	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-6	MRC-8	Solid	05/04/23 11:26	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-7	MRC-3	Solid	05/04/23 12:00	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-8	MRC-1	Solid	05/04/23 12:28	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-9	MRC-13	Solid	05/04/23 12:47	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-10	Equipment Blank	Water	05/04/23 12:58	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-11	Dup-1	Solid	05/04/23 00:00	05/04/23 19:30
320-99906-12	MRC-14	Solid	05/04/23 13:17	05/04/23 19:30

Job ID: 320-99906-1

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Eurofins Sacramento

880 Riverside Parkway

West Sacramento, CA 95605 Phone: 916-373-5600 Fax: 916-372-1059

Chain of Custody Record



eurofins

Environment Testing

Client Information (Sub Contract Lab)	Sampler:			Lab PM: Smith, I	Micah				Carrie	r Tracking No((s):		COC No: 320-306786.1	
Client Contact:	Phone:			E-Mail:						state of Origin:		P	Page:	
Shipping/Receiving Company:							insus.com		Califo	omia			Page 1 of 2	
Eurofins Environment Testing Southwest,					Accreditations Required (See note): State - California					Јов #: 320-99906-1				
Address:	Due Date Requested:									Preservation Codes:				
2841 Dow Avenue, Suite 100, , City:	5/15/2023	5/15/2023 TAT Requested (days):				Analysis Requested					A - HCL M - Hexane			
Tustin	TAI Requested (days	s):								1			B - NaOH C - Zn Acetate	O - AsNaO2
State, Zip:				- 10		E							D - Nitric Acid	P - Na2O4S Q - Na2SO3
CA, 92780 Phone:	PO#:			- 8		Ē							E - NaHSO4 F - MeOH	R - Na2S2O3 S - H2SO4
714-895-5494(Tel)	PO #:				123	S S	11			11			G - Amchlor H - Ascorbic Acid	T - TSP Dodecahydrat
Email:	WO #:			S.	اءا	lent			1				I - Ice J - DI Water	U - Acetone V - MCAA
Project Name:	Project #:			8	ž	xava						5	K - EDTA	W - pH 4-5 Y - Trizma
Martinez Refinery	32022029			ے	8	울						tain	L - EDA	Z - other (specify)
Site:	SSOW#:			Ē	MS/MSD (Yes or No)	ORGFM/3060A_IC Hexavalent Chromium						50 0	Other:	
				. o	S/W3	1 130						9		
			Sample Matr		ž.	E G						Ē		
		Sample	(C=comp, S=soil	d.	Parform	0						Z		
Sample Identification - Client ID (Lab ID)	Sample Date	Time	G=grab) BT=Tissue.		Peg	7199						Tot	Special In	structions/Note:
		><	Preservation Co	de: X	X							X		
MRC-9 (320-99906-1)	5/4/23	08:10 Pacific	Soli	d	П	x						1		
MRC-10 (320-99906-2)	5/4/23	08:48 Pacific	Soli	d	П	x						1		- <u>-</u> -
MRC-11 (320-99906-3)	5/4/23	09:18 Pacific	Soli	d		x						1		
MRC-12 (320-99906-4)	5/4/23	09:57 Pacific	Soli	d		x						1		
MRC-4 (320-99906-5)	5/4/23	10:59 Pacific	Soli	d		X						1		
MRC-8 (320-99906-6)	5/4/23	11:26 Pacific 12:00	Soli	d		X								
MRC-3 (320-99906-7)	5/4/23	12:00 Pacific	Soli	d		x						1		
MRC-1 (320-99906-8)	5/4/23	12:28 Pacific	Soli	d		X						1		
MRC-13 (320-99906-9)	5/4/23	12:47 Pacific	Soli	d		X						A Part		
Note: Since laboratory accreditations are subject to change, Eurofins Env laboratory does not currently maintain accreditation in the State of Origin	ironment Testing Northern Califo	ornia, LLC p	places the ownership of m	ethod, an	alyte &	accreditation	on compliance u	pon our	subcontrac	ct laboratories	. This sample	e shipm	ent is forwarded un	der chain-of-custody. If t
to accreditation status should be brought to Eurofins Environment Testing California, LLC.	Northern California, LLC attenti	ion immedia	itely. If all requested acc	reditations	s are cu	rent to date	e, return the sig	ned Cha	in of Custo	ody attesting to	said complia	ance to	Eurofins Environme	ent Testing Northern
Possible Hazard Identification		-			I com	nlo Diene	and / A for	may be		and if an ex-	-1	da la a	d longer than 1	
Unconfirmed					Sam	Return	T- Cli4	may be	assess	sed ir samp al By Lab		Archiv		
Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify)	Primary Deliverab	le Rank:	1				tions/QC Re			ai By Lab		Arcniv	re r-or	Months
							J. 101107 Q 0 1 11	-						
Empty Kit Relinquished by:		ate:			me:					Method of Ship				
Relinquished by:	Date/Time: 5-2	3 /	16:30 EE	TSAC		Received by:				Da	ite/Time:			Company
Relinquished by:	De'	1814 HARIO (1814)	844 400 1104 1 44 4 1 4		F	Received by:	11/2			Da	s-6-2	2	10:30	Company E C
Relinquished by:	D:					Received by	11-11			Da	ate/Time:		10.30	Company
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:					3	Cooler Temp	erature(s) °C a	nd Other	Remarks:	0 3	1 / -	2	Scl	
Δ Yes Δ No	320-99906 0	Chain of	Custody							2-3	12.	-2	1	

880 Riverside Parkway

West Sacramento, CA 95605

Chain of Custody Record

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Environment Testing

Client Information (Sub Contract Lab)	Sampler:		h, Mica	n, Micah				Carrier Tracking No(s):				COC No: 320-306786.2		
Client Contact: Shipping/Receiving	Phone:	E-Mai		th@et	eurofine	is com		State of Origin: California				Page: Page 2 of 2		
Company:		IWICC		Accreditations Required (See note):				Job #:						
Eurofins Environment Testing Southwest,			State -	State - California						320-99906-1				
Address: 2841 Dow Avenue, Suite 100,	Due Date Requested: 5/15/2023			Analysis Requested				d			Preservation Code	es: M - Hexane		
Dity:	TAT Requested (days):							1 1	T			A - HCL B - NaOH	N - None	
Tustin				ш								C - Zn Acetate	O = AsNaO2 P - Na2O4S	
State, Zip: CA, 92780				Ē.								D - Nitric Acid E - NaHSO4	Q - Na2SO3 R - Na2S2O3	
Phone:	PO #:			Hexavalent Chromium								F - MeOH G - Amchlor	S - H2SO4	
714-895-5494(Tel) Email:	WO #:		ĝ	ξ								H - Ascorbic Acid	T - TSP Dodecahydr U - Acetone	
inion.	W 0 #.		5 2	ıvale								J - DI Water	V - MCAA W - pH 4-5	
Project Name:	Project #:		(Yes or	Hexa								K - EDTA L - EDA	Y - Trizma Z - other (specify)	
Martinez Refinery	32022029 ssow#:		eig S	의								Other:	2 - other (specify)	
			San	090								5		
Comple Identification (Client ID (Leb ID)	Sample	Sample Type (C=comp, C=comp,	Field Filtered Sample Perform MS/MSD (Yes	7199_ORGFM/3060A_IC									(A)	
Sample Identification - Client ID (Lab ID)	Sample Date Time	G=grab) BT=Tissue, A=Air) Preservation Code:		-	19 19 17 - 11	e de la companya de l		1 2 2 1		(U.S. 100)	1	Special Ins	structions/Note:	
Dup-1 (320-99906-11)	5/4/23 Pacific	Solid	 	X						1 40 60				
Jub-1 (320-99906-11)	5/4/23 Pacific	Solid		X								1		
MRC-14 (320-99906-12)	5/4/23 13.17 Pacific	Solid		X								1		
											1			
		 	H	-			-	++	+	\vdash				
				\Box										
				+				+	-		-			
												0		
lote: Since laboratory accreditations are subject to change, Eurofins Enviroboratory does not currently maintain accreditation in the State of Origin list a accreditation status should be brought to Eurofins Environment Testing Nalifornia, LLC.	ted above for analysis/tests/matrix being	analyzed, the samples must be	shipped	back to	o the Eurofi	ns Environm	ent Testi	ng Northern	Califor	nia, LLC la	boratory	or other instructions will b	e provided. Any cha	
Possible Hazard Identification							nay be	assesse	d if sa	mples a		ined longer than 1	month)	
Inconfirmed					eturn To (Disposa	By La	b	☐ Ar	chive For	Months	
Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify)	Primary Deliverable Rank:	1	Spe	ecial I	Instructio	ns/QC Red	quireme	ents:						
mpty Kit Relinquished by:	Date:		Time:					Me	thod of	Shipment:				
elinquished by:	Date Time: 9-5-23 /16	130 EETSA	H	Recei	ved by:					Date/Tim			Company	
11/1/1				1-	and the same		-						0	
Relinquished by: (Fec FX)	Date/Time:	Company		Recei	ved by:	1				Date/Tim	B- 2	3 10:30	Company F C	

Ver: 06/08/2021

Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job Number: 320-99906-1

Login Number: 99906 List Source: Eurofins Sacramento

List Number: 1

Creator: Pratali, Sandra A

oreator. Frataii, Sanura A		
Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	N/A	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	N/A	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time (excluding tests with immediate HTs)	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	N/A	

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Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job Number: 320-99906-1

Login Number: 99906 List Number: 2 Creator: Yu, Tiffany List Source: Eurofins Calscience List Creation: 05/06/23 01:45 PM

	_	
Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	N/A	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	2.2
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	False	Received project as a subcontract.
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time (excluding tests with immediate HTs)	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	True	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	

N/A

Residual Chlorine Checked.

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR

Attn: Laura Tait
TRC Environmental Corporation
1850 Gateway Blvd
Suite 1000
Concord, California 94520
Generated 5/25/2023 3:38:57 PM Revision 1

JOB DESCRIPTION

Martinez Refinery

JOB NUMBER

320-99962-1

Eurofins Sacramento 880 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento CA 95605



Eurofins Sacramento

Job Notes

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Authorization

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Authorized for release by Micah Smith, Project Manager II Micah.Smith@et.eurofinsus.com (916)374-4302

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Definitions/Glossary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Job ID: 320-99962-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Glossary

Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
¤	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis
%R	Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CFU	Colony Forming Unit
CNF	Contains No Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate Error Ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL	Detection Limit (DoD/DOE)

DLC Decision Level Concentration (Radiochemistry)

EDL Estimated Detection Limit (Dioxin)

DL, RA, RE, IN Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample

LOD Limit of Detection (DoD/DOE)
LOQ Limit of Quantitation (DoD/DOE)
MCL EPA recommended "Maximum Co

MCL EPA recommended "Maximum Contaminant Level"

MDA Minimum Detectable Activity (Radiochemistry)

MDC Minimum Detectable Concentration (Radiochemistry)

MDL Method Detection Limit
ML Minimum Level (Dioxin)
MPN Most Probable Number
MQL Method Quantitation Limit

NC Not Calculated

ND Not Detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)

NEG Negative / Absent
POS Positive / Present

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

PRES Presumptive QC Quality Control

RER Relative Error Ratio (Radiochemistry)

RL Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)

RPD Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points

TEF Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
TEQ Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

TNTC Too Numerous To Count

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Case Narrative

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Laboratory: Eurofins Sacramento

Narrative

Job Narrative 320-99962-1

Comments

No additional comments.

Revision

The report being provided is a revision of the original report sent on 5/15/2023. The report (revision 1) was revised for Method 7199 (soil) to accommodate the client's request for a nominal reporting limit (RL) of 200 ug/kg in lieu of the laboratory's default RL (400 ug/kg).

Receipt

The samples were received on 5/5/2023 6:30 PM. Unless otherwise noted below, the samples arrived in good condition, and where required, properly preserved and on ice. The temperature of the cooler at receipt was 1.3° C.

HPLC/IC

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

Metals

Method 6010B: The post digestion spike % recovery for Antimony associated with batch 320-673758 was outside of control limits. The associated sample is: (320-99252-B-1-C PDS).

Method 6010B: The matrix spike / matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) recoveries for preparation batch 320-673459 and analytical batch 320-673758 were outside control limits for one or more analytes. See QC Sample Results for detail. Sample matrix interference and/or non-homogeneity are suspected because the associated laboratory control sample (LCS) recovery is within acceptance limits.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

General Chemistry

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

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Job ID: 320-99962-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-2

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-1

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	28	2.4		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	110	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.53	0.24		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	19000	24		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	57	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	19	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	53	1.8		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	79	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	56	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	70	0.59		mg/Kg	1	₽	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	82	2.4		mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.1	0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-5

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

Analyte	Result Qualif	ier RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	7.5	2.4	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	600	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.61	0.24	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	23000	24	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	46	0.61	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	15	0.61	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	44	1.8	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	11	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	44	1.2	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	69	0.61	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	65	2.4	mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	6.8	0.1	SU	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-7

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-3

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL U	Init	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	8.8	2.4	m	ng/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Barium	560	1.2	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.62	0.24	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Aluminum	21000	24	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Chromium	51	0.61	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	18	0.61	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	63	1.8	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	31	1.2	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	60	1.2	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	64	0.61	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	110	2.4	m	ng/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	7.2	0.1	S	U	1		9045C	Soluble

Client Sample ID: MRC-6

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4

Г						
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac	D Method	Prep Type
Arsenic	6.8	2.5	mg/Kg		⇔ 6010B	Total/NA
Barium	170	1.2	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010В	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.48	0.25	mg/Kg	1	Ф 6010В	Total/NA
Aluminum	17000	25	mg/Kg	1	≎ 6010B	Total/NA

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

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5/25/2023 (Rev. 1)

Detection Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Client Sample ID: MRC-6 (Continued)

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Dil Fac	D	Method	Prep Type
Chromium	43	0.62		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Cobalt	12	0.62		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Copper	28	1.9		mg/Kg	1	⊅	6010B	Total/NA
Lead	31	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Nickel	40	1.2		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
Vanadium	59	0.62		mg/Kg	1	☼	6010B	Total/NA
Zinc	66	2.5		mg/Kg	1	₩	6010B	Total/NA
pH adj. to 25 deg C	7.1	0.1		SU	1		9045C	Soluble

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Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-2 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-1

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	240	ug/Kg	*	05/11/23 05:00	05/11/23 14:45	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals ((ICP)								
Analyte	• •	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	28		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Barium	110		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Beryllium	0.53		0.24		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	•
Aluminum	19000		24		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	· · · · · · · · ·
Chromium	57		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Cobalt	19		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Copper	53		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Lead	79		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Nickel	56		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Vanadium	70		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Zinc	82		2.4		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	,
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.5		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	-
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.5		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	,
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.1		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	-

 Client Sample ID: MRC-5
 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

 Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49
 Matrix: Solid

 Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30
 Percent Solids: 81.7

Analyte	Result	Qualitier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		240	230	ug/Kg	*	05/11/23 05:00	05/11/23 14:56	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - I	Metals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	7.5		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Barium	600		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Beryllium	0.61		0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Aluminum	23000		24		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Chromium	46		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Cobalt	15		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Copper	44		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Lead	11		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Nickel	44		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Vanadium	69		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Zinc	65		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1

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Job ID: 320-99962-1

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Job ID: 320-99962-1

Client Sample ID: MRC-5 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 **Percent Solids: 81.7**

General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.3		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.7		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									

General Chemistry - Soluble										
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D)	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.8		0.1		SU		_		05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-7 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-3

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:18 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 Percent Solids: 86.4

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)										
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Chromium, hexavalent	ND ND	230	220	ug/Kg		05/15/23 03:00	05/15/23 09:16	10		

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	8.8		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Barium	560		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Beryllium	0.62		0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Aluminum	21000		24		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Chromium	51		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Cobalt	18		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Copper	63		1.8		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Lead	31		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Nickel	60		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Vanadium	64		0.61		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1
Zinc	110		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1

General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	13.6		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	86.4		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.2		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-6	Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4
Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:43	Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30	Percent Solids: 84.6

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromi	um, Hexava	alent (IC)							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	₩	05/15/23 03:00	05/15/23 09:28	10

,				,			
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	s (ICP)						
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.8	2.5	mg/K	g 🛱	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Barium	170	1.2	mg/K	g 🌣	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1

Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-6 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.48		0.25		mg/Kg	-	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Aluminum	17000		25		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Chromium	43		0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Cobalt	12		0.62		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Copper	28		1.9		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Lead	31		1.2		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Nickel	40		1.2		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Vanadium	59		0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Zinc	66		2.5		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	15.4		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	84.6		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.1		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Job ID: 320-99962-1

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Job ID: 320-99962-1

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 327749

Prep Type: Total/NA **Prep Batch: 327749**

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 327749

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 328544

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 328544

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Method: 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 570-327749/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 328103

MB MB

Result Qualifier RL **MDL** Unit Analyzed Dil Fac Analyte Prepared 200 Chromium, hexavalent ND 200 ug/Kg 05/11/23 05:00 05/11/23 10:12

Lab Sample ID: LCS 570-327749/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Chromium, hexavalent

Analysis Batch: 328103

Spike Added 20300

Spike

Added

Result Qualifier 21200

LCS LCS

Unit ug/Kg

104

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup

D %Rec

Limits 80 - 120

%Rec

%Rec

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 570-327749/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 328103

Analyte Chromium, hexavalent

20000

20400

Result Qualifier

LCSD LCSD

Unit ug/Kg

%Rec 102 Limits RPD 80 - 120

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Limit

Lab Sample ID: MB 570-328544/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 328865

MB MB

Analyte

Chromium, hexavalent

Result Qualifier ND

RL 200 MDL Unit 190 ug/Kg

LCSD LCSD

22000

Result Qualifier

Prepared 05/15/23 03:00 05/15/23 07:28

Analyzed

Dil Fac

RPD

Lab Sample ID: LCS 570-328544/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 328865

Analyte Chromium, hexavalent

Spike Added 20300

Spike

Added

19700

LCS LCS 19700

Result Qualifier

Unit ug/Kg

Unit

ug/Kg

%Rec 97 80 - 120

%Rec Limits

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 570-328544/3-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 328865

Analyte Chromium, hexavalent Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Total/NA **Prep Batch: 328544**

%Rec **RPD** Limits **RPD** Limit

20

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP)

Lab Sample ID: MB 320-673459/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673758

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Prep Type: Total/NA

80 - 120

112

D %Rec

Prep Batch: 673459

Analyzed Dil Fac

MR MR Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit **Prepared** Arsenic ND 2.0 mg/Kg 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30 Barium ND 1.0 mg/Kg 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30 ND 0.20 mg/Kg Beryllium 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30 Aluminum ND 20 mg/Kg 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30 ND Chromium 0.50 mg/Kg Cobalt ND 0.50 mg/Kg 05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 14:30

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: MB 320-673459/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673758

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 673459

	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Copper	ND		1.5		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Lead	ND		1.0		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Nickel	ND		1.0		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Selenium	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Vanadium	ND		0.50		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1
Zinc	ND		2.0		mg/Kg		05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 14:30	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-673459/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 673758

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 673459

Analysis Batch. 070700	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Arsenic	50.0	47.4	-	mg/Kg		95	80 - 120
Barium	50.0	46.8		mg/Kg		94	80 - 120
Beryllium	25.0	24.2		mg/Kg		97	80 - 120
Aluminum	500	483		mg/Kg		97	80 - 120
Chromium	25.0	24.9		mg/Kg		100	80 - 120
Cobalt	25.0	23.8		mg/Kg		95	80 - 120
Copper	25.0	22.3		mg/Kg		89	80 - 120
Lead	25.0	25.3		mg/Kg		101	80 - 120
Molybdenum	25.0	20.2		mg/Kg		81	80 - 120
Nickel	25.0	23.1		mg/Kg		92	80 - 120
Selenium	50.0	51.3		mg/Kg		103	80 - 120
Vanadium	25.0	24.8		mg/Kg		99	80 - 120
Zinc	50.5	51.1		mg/Kg		101	80 - 120

Method: 9045C - pH

Lab Sample ID: LCS 320-672979/2

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 672979

Client Sample I	D:	Lab	Cc	ntro	I S	amp	le
		Pre	p T	ype:	To	tal/N	IA

Spike LCS LCS %Rec Analyte Added Result Qualifier Unit Limits D %Rec pH adj. to 25 deg C 8.00 8.0 SU 98 - 102

QC Association Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

HPLC/IC

Prep Batch: 327749

Lab Sample ID 320-99962-1	Client Sample ID MRC-2	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Solid	Method 3060A	Prep Batch
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
MB 570-327749/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCS 570-327749/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCSD 570-327749/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	

Analysis Batch: 328103

Lab Sample ID 320-99962-1	Client Sample ID MRC-2	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Solid	Method 7199	Prep Batch 327749
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Total/NA	Solid	7199	327749
MB 570-327749/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	7199	327749
LCS 570-327749/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	7199	327749
LCSD 570-327749/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	7199	327749

Prep Batch: 328544

Lab Sample ID 320-99962-3	Client Sample ID MRC-7	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Solid	Method 3060A	Prep Batch
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
MB 570-328544/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCS 570-328544/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	
LCSD 570-328544/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	3060A	

Analysis Batch: 328865

Lab Sample ID 320-99962-3	Client Sample ID MRC-7	Prep Type Total/NA	Matrix Solid	Method 7199	Prep Batch 328544
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Total/NA	Solid	7199	328544
MB 570-328544/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	7199	328544
LCS 570-328544/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	7199	328544
LCSD 570-328544/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Solid	7199	328544

Metals

Prep Batch: 673459

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99962-1	MRC-2	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99962-3	MRC-7	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
MB 320-673459/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	
LCS 320-673459/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	3050B	

Analysis Batch: 673758

L	ab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
3	20-99962-1	MRC-2	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459
3	20-99962-2	MRC-5	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459
3	20-99962-3	MRC-7	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459
3	20-99962-4	MRC-6	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459
N	/IB 320-673459/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459
L	.CS 320-673459/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	6010B	673459

QC Association Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

General Chemistry

Analysis Batch: 672979

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99962-1	MRC-2	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99962-3	MRC-7	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Soluble	Solid	9045C	673034
LCS 320-672979/2	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Solid	9045C	

Leach Batch: 673034

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99962-1	MRC-2	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99962-3	MRC-7	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Soluble	Solid	DI Leach	

Analysis Batch: 673224

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
320-99962-1	MRC-2	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99962-3	MRC-7	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Total/NA	Solid	D 2216	

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-2

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-1 Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:10

Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.56 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 16:03	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			673224	05/08/23 20:10	JP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-2

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-1 Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:10 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 Percent Solids: 81.5

Prep Type Total/NA Total/NA	Batch Type Prep Analysis	Batch Method 3060A 7199	Run	Factor 10	Initial Amount 1.25 g 4 mL	Final Amount 50 mL 4 mL	Batch Number 327749 328103	Prepared or Analyzed 05/11/23 05:00 05/11/23 14:45	Analyst YO8L YO8L	Lab EET CAL 4 EET CAL 4
Total/NA Total/NA	Prep Analysis	3050B 6010B		1	1.04 g	100 mL	673459 673758	05/10/23 06:15 05/10/23 15:06		EET SAC EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-5

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.52 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 16:03	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			673224	05/08/23 20:10	JP	EET SAC

Client Sample ID: MRC-5 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2 Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49 Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 **Percent Solids: 81.7**

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.27 g	50 mL	327749	05/11/23 05:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	328103	05/11/23 14:56	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			1.00 g	100 mL	673459	05/10/23 06:15	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673758	05/10/23 15:15	SP	EET SAC

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-3 Client Sample ID: MRC-7 Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:18 Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			20.26 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 16:03	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			673224	05/08/23 20:10	JP	EET SAC

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-7

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 86.4

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:18 Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3060A			1.24 g	50 mL	328544	05/15/23 03:00	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Analysis	7199		10	4 mL	4 mL	328865	05/15/23 09:16	YO8L	EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			0.95 g	100 mL	673459	05/10/23 06:15	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673758	05/10/23 15:18	SP	EET SAC

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4

Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:43 Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

Client Sample ID: MRC-6

	Batch	Batch		Dil	Initial	Final	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Amount	Amount	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Soluble	Leach	DI Leach			19.93 g	20 mL	673034	05/08/23 16:03	H1Z	EET SAC
Soluble	Analysis	9045C		1	20 mL	20 mL	672979	05/09/23 11:24	H1Z	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	D 2216		1			673224	05/08/23 20:10	JP	EET SAC

Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4 **Client Sample ID: MRC-6**

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:43 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 Percent Solids: 84.6

Prep Type Total/NA Total/NA	Batch Type Prep Analysis	Batch Method 3060A 7199	Run	Pactor 10	Initial Amount 1.26 g 4 mL	Final Amount 50 mL 4 mL	Batch Number 328544 328865	Prepared or Analyzed 05/15/23 03:00 05/15/23 09:28	Analyst YO8L YO8L	Lab EET CAL 4 EET CAL 4
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			0.95 g	100 mL	673459	05/10/23 06:15	NIM	EET SAC
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1			673758	05/10/23 15:21	SP	EET SAC

Laboratory References:

EET CAL 4 = Eurofins Calscience Tustin, 2841 Dow Avenue, Tustin, CA 92780, TEL (714)895-5494

EET SAC = Eurofins Sacramento, 880 Riverside Parkway, West Sacramento, CA 95605, TEL (916)373-5600

Accreditation/Certification Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Laboratory: Eurofins Sacramento

Unless otherwise noted, all analytes for this laboratory were covered under each accreditation/certification below.

Authority California		ogram	Identification Number	Expiration Date
		ate	2897	01-22-24
The following analytes	s are included in this rend	art but the leberatory is r	act cortified by the governing outhority	This list may include analytes for which
the agency does not	•	ort, but the laboratory is i	ior certified by the governing authority.	This list may include analytes for which
	•	Matrix	Analyte	This list may include analytes for which
the agency does not o	offer certification.	•		This list may include analytes for which

Laboratory: Eurofins Calscience

The accreditations/certifications listed below are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	Identification Number	Expiration Date
California	State	3082	07-31-24

Eurofins Sacramento

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Method Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
7199	Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)	SW846	EET CAL 4
6010B	Metals (ICP)	SW846	EET SAC
9045C	pH	SW846	EET SAC
D 2216	Percent Moisture	ASTM	EET SAC
3050B	Preparation, Metals	SW846	EET SAC
3060A	Alkaline Digestion (Chromium, Hexavalent)	SW846	EET CAL 4
DI Leach	Deionized Water Leaching Procedure	ASTM	EET SAC

Protocol References:

ASTM = ASTM International

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

Laboratory References:

EET CAL 4 = Eurofins Calscience Tustin, 2841 Dow Avenue, Tustin, CA 92780, TEL (714)895-5494
EET SAC = Eurofins Sacramento, 880 Riverside Parkway, West Sacramento, CA 95605, TEL (916)373-5600

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Sample Summary

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
320-99962-1	MRC-2	Solid	05/04/23 14:10	05/05/23 18:30
320-99962-2	MRC-5	Solid	05/04/23 14:49	05/05/23 18:30
320-99962-3	MRC-7	Solid	05/05/23 09:18	05/05/23 18:30
320-99962-4	MRC-6	Solid	05/05/23 09:43	05/05/23 18:30

Job ID: 320-99962-1

💸 🔆 eurofins	COC No.	Page.		lö	A - HCL N- None B - NaOH N - None C - 7n Aretate O - AsNaO2		3	I - Ice J - DI Water	K - EDTA W - PH 4-5 K - EDTA Y - Trizma L - EDA Z - other (specify)	Other:	sl Number	Special Instructions/Note:	2 * D. Alex Ros. O.	5		2 More an		w. llent			are retained longer than 1 month)	Archive For Months		Company -	-23			Ver: 01/16/2019
8 2 3 0 4 2 8	Carrier Tracking No(s):	State of Origin:	Analysis Requested				!			(3) (4)	Нф		×	×	×	×	<i>p</i> .				ee may be	Special Instructions/QC Requirements:	Method of Shipment	DaterTim	Date/Tirje:	Date/Time:	Cooler Temperature(s) °C and Other Remarks:	38
Chain of Custody Record	Гар РМ:	E-Mail LT 31+ Precare Die.		SC 100	4		WELL	기 <u>막</u>			Matrix (viewater (viewater second as one machine machine second one machine ma	ation Code:	XXX	×××	×××	× × ×				320-9962 Chain of Custody			Time:	Company R.C. Received by	Company	Company Received by	Cooler Temperatu	
	Sampler C. 73:1	Phone: 925-194- 1385	PWSID:		TAT Requested (days):	Unce Project:	PO# 266244	WO#	Project #: 537815/01	#MOSS	Sample	Sample Date Time G=grab)	5/2/23 1440 6	5/4/23 14:49 6		5/5/23 943 6						Poison B Unknown Kadiological	Date:	Date/Time. 5/5/2 11:57	S 5123 18:30	/ Date/Time.		
Eurofins Sacramento 880 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento, CA 95605 Phone (916) 373-5600	Client Information	Client Contact: Larea Ta; f	Company 18	Address: 1850 Calevay Blud, Suite 1000	Concard	State, Zip. CA 94520	Phone.	Email:	Project Name: Machinez Refined			Sample identification	MRC - 2	MRC - S	NR-7	MRC - 6							Empty Kit Relinquished by:	Refindushed by	Keinguistegy,		Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.: A Yes A No	

Eurofins Sacramento

880 Riverside Parkway

West Sacramento, CA 95605

Chain of Custody Record



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15	Loc: 320 99962	
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Cod	320-996	
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s will be	er chain-of-custody. If the e provided. Any changes t Testing Northern	
an 1 i	month)	
	Months	
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	Company	
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Phone: 916-373-5600 Fax: 916-372-1059									o seek						33302		
Client Information (Sub Contract Lab)	Sampler:				th, Mic	ah						r Trackin	g No(s):			COC No: 320-306989.1	
Client Contact: Shipping/Receiving	Phone:			E-Ma Mica	ah.Smi		t.eurofin				State Calif	of Origin: ornia				Page: Page 1 of 1 Job #:	
Company: Eurofins Environment Testing Southwest,							ifornia	(366 110	ne).							320-99962-1	
Address: 2841 Dow Avenue, Suite 100, ,	Due Date Requeste 5/15/2023	d:						Ar	nalysi	s Re	ques	ted				Preservation Cod A - HCL	320-6
City: Tustin	TAT Requested (da	ys):														B - NaOH C - Zn Acetate	99962
State, Zip: CA, 92780						minm										D - Nitric Acid E - NaHSO4 F - MeOH	Chain
Phone: 714-895-5494(Tel)	PO #:				<u>(0</u>	t Chro										G - Amchlor H - Ascorbic Acid	<u>o</u> ,
Email:	WO#:				No Sor N	avaler									818	I - Ice J - DI Water K - EDTA	Custod
Project Name: Martinez Refinery	Project #: 32022029				Yes or	IC He									ontain	L - EDA Other:	Ÿ
Site:	SSOW#:				Sam	090A									ofc	Other.	
Sample Identification - Client ID (Lab ID)	Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type (C=comp, G=grab) _{B1}	Matrix (W=water, S=solid, O=waste/oil, =Tissue, A=Air)	Field Filtered	7199_ORGFM/3060A_IC Hexavalent Chromium									Total Number of containers	Special Ins	tı
		> <	Preservation		X				15	28					X		
MRC-2 (320-99962-1)	5/4/23	14:10 Pacific		Solid		×									1		
MRC-5 (320-99962-2)	5/4/23	14:49 Pacific		Solid		×									1		
MRC-7 (320-99962-3)	5/5/23	09:18 Pacific		Solid	Ш	X									1		
MRC-6 (320-99962-4)	5/5/23	09:43 Pacific		Solid	\coprod	X		-		-					1		
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Note: Since laboratory accreditations are subject to change, Eurofins En- laboratory does not currently maintain accreditation in the State of Origin to accreditation status should be brought to Eurofins Environment Testin Califfornia, LLC.	listed above for analysis/tests/	matrix being a	analvzed, the sam	ples must be	e shippe	ed back	to the Eur	ofins Er	ıvironmeı	nt Testii	na North	nern Calif	ornia, LL	C labora	atory or	other instructions will b	e provided. Any changes
Possible Hazard Identification					s	ample	Dispos	sal (A	fee ma	ay be	asses	sed if s	sample	s are i		ed longer than 1 i	
Unconfirmed Deliverable Requested: I, II, III, IV, Other (specify)	Primary Delivera	able Rank:	1				Return T					sal By I	_ab		Arci	hive For	Months
Empty Kit Relinguished by:		Date:			Time):						Method	of Shipme	ent:			
Relinquished by:	Date/Time:	22 1	620 C	ompany SETC	4	Rec	eiged by:	e_1					Date/	191	23	0940	Company
Refinquished by:	Date/Time:			ompany		Rec	eived by:	7	/				Date/	Time:	_		Company
Relinquished by:	Date/Time:		c	ompany		Rec	eived by:						Date/	Time:			Company
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:			Eller es			Coo	ler Tempe	rature(s	°C and	Other R	Remarks		1.	0	11-	2 fcs	

Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job Number: 320-99962-1

Login Number: 99962 List Source: Eurofins Sacramento

List Number: 1

Creator: Pratali, Sandra A

Greator. Fratan, Sanura A		
Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	N/A	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	N/A	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time (excluding tests with immediate HTs)	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	N/A	

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Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job Number: 320-99962-1

List Source: Eurofins Calscience
List Number: 2
List Creation: 05/09/23 02:43 PM

Creator: Kasianchuk, Ivanna

Creator: Kasianchuk, Ivanna		
Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	N/A	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	1517464
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	N/A	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	1.2
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	False	Received project as a subcontract.
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time (excluding tests with immediate HTs)	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	True	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	N/A	

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Appendix E. May 2023 Soil Data Validation Report



Data Validation Report

Site: Martinez Refinery Company

Laboratory: Eurofins-West Sacramento, California (pH and Metals; Hexavalent Chromium

Aqueous) and Eurofins/Calscience-Tustin, California (Hexavalent Chromium Soil)

SDG Numbers: 320-99906-1 (Revision 1) and 320-99962-1 (Revision 1)

Parameters: Hexavalent Chromium, Select Metals, pH

Reviewer: Elizabeth Denly/TRC
Peer Reviewer: Kristen Morin/TRC
Date: May 26, 2023

Samples Reviewed and Evaluation Summary

320-99906-1 (Revision 1):

 MRC-1
 MRC-3
 MRC-4

 MRC-8
 MRC-9
 MRC-10

 MRC-11
 MRC-12
 MRC-13

MRC-14 DUP-1¹ Equipment Blank

320-99962-1 (Revision 1):

MRC-2 MRC-5 MRC-6

MRC-7

The above-listed soil samples and equipment blank were collected on May 4 and 5, 2023 and were analyzed for the following parameters:

- Hexavalent chromium using SW-846 Method 7199
- Select metals using SW-846 Method 6010B
- pH using SW-846 Method 9045C

Limited data validation was performed in accordance with the following data validation guidelines modified for the SW-846 methodologies utilized.

 USEPA National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Methods Data Review (EPA-542-R-20-006), November 2020

The data were evaluated based on the following parameters:

- Overall Evaluation of Data and Potential Usability Issues
- Data Completeness
 - Holding Times and Sample Preservation
 - Blanks
 - Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Results
- Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)/LCS Duplicate (LCSD) Results
- Laboratory Duplicate Results
- Field Duplicate Results
- Percent Solids Results
 - Sample Results and Reported Quantitation Limits (QLs)
- * All criteria were met.

¹Field duplicate of MRC-8



Overall Evaluation of Data and Potential Usability Issues

All results are usable for project objectives. Qualification of the data due to sampling error was not required. Qualifications applied to the data as a result of analytical error are discussed below.

• The results for pH in all soil samples were qualified as estimated (J) due to a holding time exceedance. These results can be used for project objectives as estimated values, which may have a minor impact on the data usability.

Data Completeness

The data packages were complete Level II data deliverable packages.

Holding Times and Sample Preservation

Holding time and preservation criteria were met for all hexavalent chromium and metals analyses. All soil samples were analyzed four to five days after collection for pH. The pH results in all soil samples were qualified as estimated (J) due to the holding time exceedance.

Blanks

There were no target compounds detected in the method blanks for all analyses. Lead was detected in the equipment blank associated with all soil samples at a concentration of 0.0063 mg/L. Qualification of the data on this basis was not required since the results for lead in all soil samples were >10x the equipment blank concentration.

It should be noted that the narrative for data package 320-99906-1 discussed the detection of aluminum in the calibration blank at a concentration above one-half the QL. The narrative states that samples were not affected as concentrations of aluminum in the samples were >10x the calibration blank concentration.

MS/MSD Results

The laboratory performed MS/MSD analyses on sample Equipment Blank for hexavalent chromium and sample MRC-9 for metals. All criteria were met in the MS/MSD analyses performed on sample Equipment Blank. The recoveries of aluminum (960%/796%) were outside of the 75-125% acceptance criteria in the MS/MSD analyses performed on sample MRC-9. Since the concentration of aluminum in the unspiked sample was >4x the spike amount, qualification of the data on this basis was not required.

LCS/LCSD Results

All criteria were met.

Laboratory Duplicate Results

Laboratory duplicate analysis was performed on sample MRC-9 for pH; all criteria were met.

Field Duplicate Results

Samples MRC-8 and Dup-1 were submitted as the field duplicate pair with this sample set. The



relative percent difference (RPD) acceptance limit for field duplicates in soils is ≤50%. The RPD is not applicable for comparison of results if either concentration is <5× the QL; instead, comparison is based on the absolute difference (AbsD), which must be <2x the QL for soil samples. The following table summarizes the RPDs and AbsDs, as applicable, for the detected analytes in the field duplicate pair and the resulting validation actions. All criteria were met; therefore, no qualifications were required.

Analyte	QL (mg/kg)	MRC-8 (mg/kg)	Dup-1 (mg/kg)	RPD (%) or AbsD (mg/kg)	Validation Actions
Arsenic	2.3	16	14	RPD = 13.3	
Barium	1.2/1.1	130	130	RPD = 0	
Beryllium	0.23	0.77	0.69	AbsD = 0.08	
Aluminum	23	19,000	18,000	RPD = 5.4	
Chromium	0.58/0.57	64	56	RPD = 13.3	
Cobalt	0.58/0.57	15	15	RPD = 0	NI
Copper	1.7	48	43	RPD = 11.0	None; criteria met.
Lead	1.2/1.1	32	25	RPD = 24.6	
Nickel	1.2/1.1	65	60	RPD = 8.0	
Vanadium	0.58/0.57	70	64	RPD = 9.0	
Zinc	2.3	88	82	RPD = 7.1	
pН	0.1 SU	7.2 SU	6.0 SU	RPD = 18.2	

Percent Solids Results

All criteria were met.

Sample Results and Reported Quantitation Limits

The hexavalent chromium analyses of all soil samples were performed at a 10-fold dilution. The laboratory stated that the dilutions were required due to the nature of the analysis; QLs in these samples were elevated accordingly.

QUALIFIED FORM 1s

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-9 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:10 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 85.7

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		240	230	ug/Kg	<u></u>	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 13:32	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.1	F4	2.4		mg/Kg	— <u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Barium	100		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Beryllium	0.73	£1-	0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Aluminum	9300		24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Chromium	24		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Cobalt	6.3		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Copper	14		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Lead	15		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Molybdenum	ND	F1	2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Nickel	23		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Selenium	ND	F4	2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Vanadium	29		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
Zinc	64	E4	2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 15:57	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	14.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	85.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac

Client Sample ID: MRC-10 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

6.5

0.1

SU

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 87.8

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		220	210	ug/Kg	₩	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:08	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - N	letals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	5.1		2.2		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Barium	130		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Beryllium	1.2		0.22		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Aluminum	15000	^2	22		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Chromium	27		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Cobalt	11		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Copper	30		1.6		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Lead	10		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Nickel	30		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Selenium	ND		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Vanadium	59		0.55		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1
Zinc	79		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:17	1

Eurofins Sacramento

05/09/23 11:24

Client Sample ID: MRC-10 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-2

Date Collected: 05/04/23 08:48 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 87.8

General Chemistry							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	12.2	0.1	%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	87.8	0.1	%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble	Danult Overlition	DI	MDI II!4	Б	Duamanad	Amahmad	Dil F

Result Qualifier RL Unit Analyzed 0.1 SU pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C) 05/09/23 11:24 6.9

Client Sample ID: MRC-11 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-3 Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:18 **Matrix: Solid**

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 81.3

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)												
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac			
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	240	ug/Kg		05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:20	10			

esult Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
5.7	2.5		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
98	1.2		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
0.64	0.25		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
0000 ^2	25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
29	0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
7.9	0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
23	1.9		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
13	1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
ND	2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
31	1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
ND	2.5		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
34	0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
59	2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:20	1
	98 0.64 00000 ^2 29 7.9 23 13 ND 31 ND 34	esult Qualifier RL 5.7 2.5 98 1.2 0.64 0.25 0000 △2 25 29 0.62 7.9 0.62 23 1.9 13 1.2 ND 2.5 31 1.2 ND 2.5 34 0.62	esult 5.7 Qualifier RL 2.5 MDL 5.7 2.5 98 1.2 0.64 0.25 0.25 0.00 0000 42 25 29 0.62 <td>esult Dualifier RL Property MDL Property Unit 5.7 2.5 mg/Kg 98 1.2 mg/Kg 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg 0000 ♣2 25 mg/Kg 29 0.62 mg/Kg 7.9 0.62 mg/Kg 23 1.9 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg 34 0.62 mg/Kg</td> <td>esult of the parameter of the par</td> <td>esult 5.7 Qualifier RL MDL ymg/kg D ymg/kg Prepared 5.7 2.5 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 98 1.2 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 0.64 0.25 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 0000 42 25 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 29 0.62 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 7.9 0.62 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 23 1.9 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 ND 2.5 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30<td>esult Dualifier RL MDL Duit D Prepared 05.7 Analyzed 05/08/23 16:20 98 1.2 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 29 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 7.9 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 23 1.9 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5<</td></td>	esult Dualifier RL Property MDL Property Unit 5.7 2.5 mg/Kg 98 1.2 mg/Kg 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg 0000 ♣2 25 mg/Kg 29 0.62 mg/Kg 7.9 0.62 mg/Kg 23 1.9 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg ND 2.5 mg/Kg 34 0.62 mg/Kg	esult of the parameter of the par	esult 5.7 Qualifier RL MDL ymg/kg D ymg/kg Prepared 5.7 2.5 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 98 1.2 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 0.64 0.25 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 0000 42 25 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 29 0.62 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 7.9 0.62 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 23 1.9 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 ND 2.5 mg/kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 <td>esult Dualifier RL MDL Duit D Prepared 05.7 Analyzed 05/08/23 16:20 98 1.2 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 29 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 7.9 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 23 1.9 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5<</td>	esult Dualifier RL MDL Duit D Prepared 05.7 Analyzed 05/08/23 16:20 98 1.2 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.64 0.25 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 0000 □ 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 29 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 7.9 0.62 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 23 1.9 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5 mg/Kg □ 05/08/23 06:30 05/08/23 16:20 ND 2.5<

General Chemistry	D 14	0	ъ.	MDI	1114	_	D	A	D!! E
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL _	MDL	Unit	В	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.1	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-12	Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4
Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57	Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 79.3

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromi	um, Hexavalent (IC)							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND	260	250	ug/Kg		05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:32	10
Mathadi CW04C CO40D Matal	(ICD)							

Method: SW846 6010B - Metals (ICP)									
	Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac	
	Arsenic	3.9	2.5	mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1	
	Barium	86	1.3	mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1	

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 09:57

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-4

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 79.3

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.65		0.25		mg/Kg	— <u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Aluminum	15000	^ 2 —	25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Chromium	20		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Cobalt	5.1		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Copper	7.9		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Lead	6.6		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Nickel	14		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Vanadium	30		0.64		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
Zinc	32		2.5		mg/Kg	≎	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:23	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	20.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	79.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.3	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5

Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 75.3

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		270	250	ug/Kg	₽	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:44	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte	•	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	24		2.7		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Barium	110		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Beryllium	0.58		0.27		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Aluminum	9800	^2	27		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Chromium	87		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Cobalt	16		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Copper	36		2.0		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Lead	23		1.3		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.7		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Nickel	200		1.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Selenium	ND		2.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Vanadium	30		0.66		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
Zinc	56		2.7		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:26	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	24.7		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	75.3		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-4 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-5

Date Collected: 05/04/23 10:59 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 75.3

General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.9	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-8 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-6

Date Collected: 05/04/23 11:26 Matrix: Solid

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromiui	m, Hexav	alent (IC)							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	₩	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 11:56	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals ((ICP)								
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Arsenic	16		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Barium	130		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Beryllium	0.77		0.23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Aluminum	19000	<u>^2</u>	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Chromium	64		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Cobalt	15		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Copper	48		1.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Lead	32		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Nickel	65		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Vanadium	70		0.58		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
Zinc	88		2.3		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:29	
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	15.5		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	84.5		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	,
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.2	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	

Client Sample ID: MRC-3 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7 Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00 Matrix: Solid Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 89.8

Method: SW846 7199 - Ch	romium, Hexav	alent (IC)							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		220	210	ug/Kg	☆	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:08	10
_ Method: SW846 6010B - N	letals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic			2.1		mg/Kg	-	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Barium	150		1.1		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Beryllium	0.93		0.21		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Aluminum	17000	^2	21		mg/Kg	⊅	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Chromium	46		0.54		mg/Kg	≎	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Cobalt	17		0.54		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1

Percent Solids: 80.9

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-3 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-7

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:00 Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 89.8

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Copper	44		1.6		mg/Kg	— <u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Lead	31		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Nickel	50		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Selenium	ND		2.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Vanadium	60		0.54		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
Zinc	210		2.1		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:32	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	10.2		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	89.8		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.9		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	

Client Sample ID: MRC-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:28

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-8

Matrix: Solid

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:28 Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromi	um, Hexava	alent (IC)							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	230	ug/Kg	— <u></u>	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:20	10
Г									

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	7.1		2.5		mg/Kg	*	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Barium	99		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Beryllium	0.57		0.25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Aluminum	9200	<u>^2</u>	25		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Chromium	22		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Cobalt	7.1		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Copper	20		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Lead	82		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Nickel	19		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Vanadium	30		0.62		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1
Zinc	160		2.5		mg/Kg	≎	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:41	1

General Chemistry Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	19.1		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	80.9		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1

General Chemistry - Soluble								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	5.9	J	0.1	SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-13 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-9

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:47 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 81.9

Method: SW846 7199 - Chro	omium, Hexavalent (IC)							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND ND	250	240	ug/Kg	*	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:32	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Me	tals (ICP)							

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	5.4		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Barium	90		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Beryllium	0.55		0.24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Aluminum	8900	42	24		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Chromium	16		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Cobalt	6.5		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Copper	11		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Lead	18		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Nickel	13		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Vanadium	30		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1
Zinc	41		2.4		mg/Kg	≎	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:44	1

General Chemistry							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.1	0.1	%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.9	0.1	%			05/05/23 14:27	1

General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL U	nit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.0	J	0.1	S	U			05/09/23 11:24	1

Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-10 **Client Sample ID: Equipment Blank**

Date Collected: 05/04/23 12:58 **Matrix: Water** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Method: SW846 7199 - Chrom	ium, Hexavalent (IC)						
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND —	0.50	ug/L			05/05/23 10:53	1

Chromium, hexavalent	ND		0.50		ug/L			05/05/23 10:53	1
Method: SW846 6010B	- Metals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	ND		0.20		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Arsenic	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Barium	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Beryllium	ND		0.0020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Cobalt	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Chromium	ND		0.0080		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Copper	ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Lead	0.0063		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Molybdenum	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Nickel	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Selenium	ND		0.020		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Vanadium	ND		0.0050		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1
Zinc	ND		0.010		mg/L		05/09/23 06:15	05/09/23 15:42	1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: Dup-1 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-11

Date Collected: 05/04/23 00:00 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 87.0

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	<u></u>	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:44	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals	(ICP)								
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	14		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Barium	130		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Beryllium	0.69		0.23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Aluminum	18000	<u>^2</u>	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Chromium	56		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Cobalt	15		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Copper	43		1.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Lead	25		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Nickel	60		1.1		mg/Kg	₽	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Vanadium	64		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
Zinc	82		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:47	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	13.0		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	87.0		0.1		%			05/05/23 14:27	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.0		0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 88.1

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	-	05/09/23 02:00	05/09/23 12:56	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - N	Metals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	8.5		2.3		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Barium	86		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Beryllium	0.88		0.23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Aluminum	14000	^2	23		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Chromium	35		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Cobalt	9.9		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Copper	29		1.7		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Lead	33		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Nickel	32		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Selenium	ND		2.3		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Vanadium	54		0.57		mg/Kg	₩	05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1
Zinc	270		2.3		mg/Kg		05/08/23 06:30	05/08/23 16:50	1

Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Job ID: 320-99906-1

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-14 Lab Sample ID: 320-99906-12

Date Collected: 05/04/23 13:17

Matrix: Solid
Pare Respired: 05/04/23 40:20

Date Received: 05/04/23 19:30 Percent Solids: 88.1

General Chemistry							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	11.9	0.1	<u></u> %			05/05/23 14:27	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	88.1	0.1	%			05/05/23 14:27	1

General Chemistry - Soluble Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac	
pH adi, to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	5.7	0.1	SU			05/09/23 11:24	1	

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Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-2 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-1

Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:10 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 **Percent Solids: 81.5**

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		250	240	ug/Kg	*	05/11/23 05:00	05/11/23 14:45	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Metals (ICP)								
Analyte	•	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	28		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	
Barium	110		1.2		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Beryllium	0.53		0.24		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Aluminum	19000		24		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Chromium	57		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Cobalt	19		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Copper	53		1.8		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Lead	79		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Nickel	56		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Vanadium	70		0.59		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
Zinc	82		2.4		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:06	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.5		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.5		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.1	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-5 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

Method: SW846 7199 - Chromium, Hexavalent (IC)

Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49 **Matrix: Solid** Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 **Percent Solids: 81.7**

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		240	230	ug/Kg	*	05/11/23 05:00	05/11/23 14:56	10
- Method: SW846 6010B - N	letals (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	7.5		2.4		mg/Kg	<u></u>	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Barium	600		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Beryllium	0.61		0.24		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Aluminum	23000		24		mg/Kg	⊅	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Chromium	46		0.61		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Cobalt	15		0.61		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Copper	44		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Lead	11		1.2		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Nickel	44		1.2		mg/Kg	⊅	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Vanadium	69		0.61		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1
Zinc	65		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:15	1

Eurofins Sacramento

Job ID: 320-99962-1

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-5 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-2

Date Collected: 05/04/23 14:49

Matrix: Solid
Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

Percent Solids: 81.7

General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	18.3		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	81.7		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									

General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL Ur	it C	כ	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	6.8	J	0.1	SU	J -			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-7 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-3

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:18
Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30
Matrix: Solid
Percent Solids: 86.4

Method: SW846 7199 - Chro	omium, Hexavalent (IC)							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND ND	230	220	ug/Kg	₩	05/15/23 03:00	05/15/23 09:16	10

Method: SW846 6010E	Method: SW846 6010B - Metals (ICP)										
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac		
Arsenic	8.8		2.4		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Barium	560		1.2		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Beryllium	0.62		0.24		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Aluminum	21000		24		mg/Kg	☆	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Chromium	51		0.61		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Cobalt	18		0.61		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Copper	63		1.8		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Lead	31		1.2		mg/Kg	≎	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Molybdenum	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Nickel	60		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Selenium	ND		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Vanadium	64		0.61		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		
Zinc	110		2.4		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:18	1		

General Chemistry Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	13.6		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	86.4		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.2	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

Client Sample ID: MRC-6	Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4
Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:43	Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30 Percent Solids: 84.6

Method: SW846 7199 - Chrom	nium, Hexava	lent (IC)							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chromium, hexavalent	ND		230	220	ug/Kg	*	05/15/23 03:00	05/15/23 09:28	10
Method: SW846 6010B - Meta	Is (ICP)								

Method. Offord of Idb - Metals							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Arsenic	6.8	2.5	mg/Kg	*	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Barium	170	1.2	mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1

Client Sample Results

Client: TRC Environmental Corporation

Project/Site: Martinez Refinery

Client Sample ID: MRC-6 Lab Sample ID: 320-99962-4

Date Collected: 05/05/23 09:43

Date Received: 05/05/23 18:30

Matrix: Solid
Percent Solids: 84.6

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.48		0.25		mg/Kg	-	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Aluminum	17000		25		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Chromium	43		0.62		mg/Kg	₽	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Cobalt	12		0.62		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Copper	28		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Lead	31		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Molybdenum	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Nickel	40		1.2		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Selenium	ND		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Vanadium	59		0.62		mg/Kg	☼	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
Zinc	66		2.5		mg/Kg	₩	05/10/23 06:15	05/10/23 15:21	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Percent Moisture (ASTM D 2216)	15.4		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
Percent Solids (ASTM D 2216)	84.6		0.1		%			05/08/23 20:10	1
General Chemistry - Soluble									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH adj. to 25 deg C (SW846 9045C)	7.1	J	0.1		SU			05/09/23 11:24	1

3

Job ID: 320-99962-1

4

6

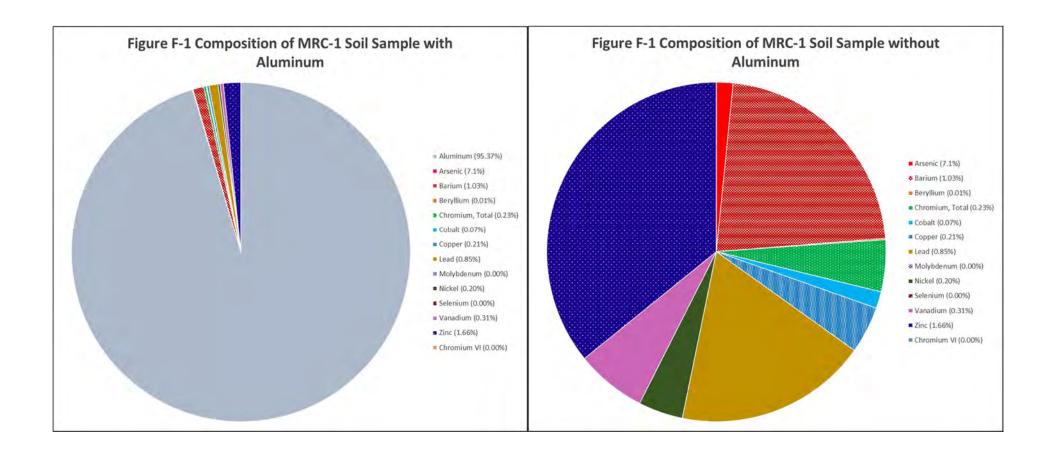
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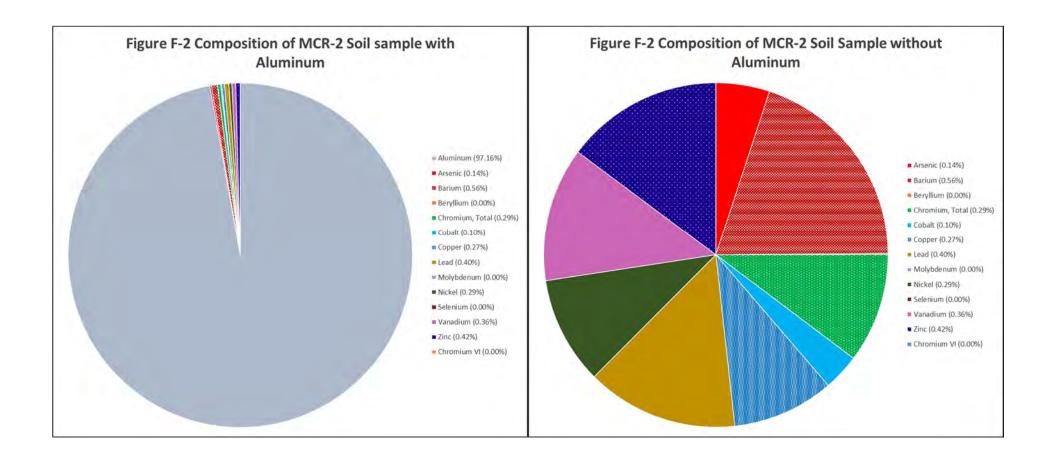
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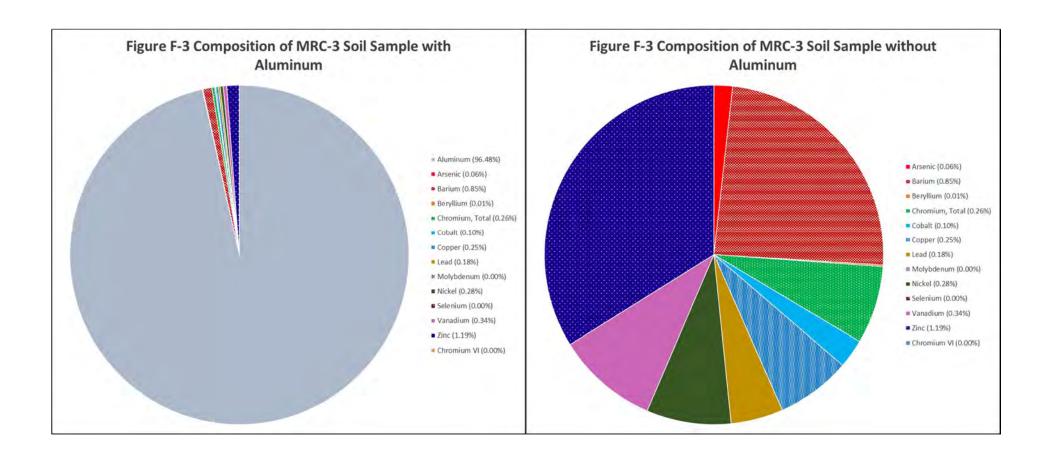
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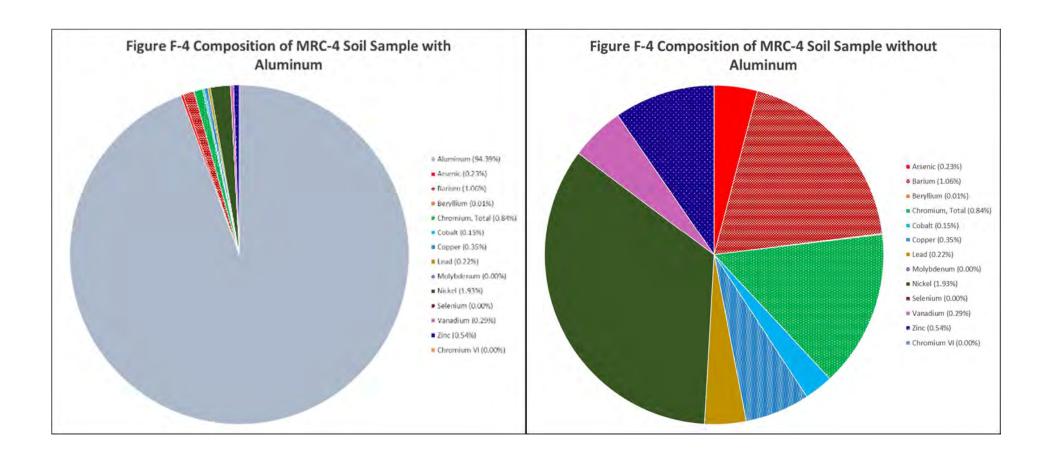
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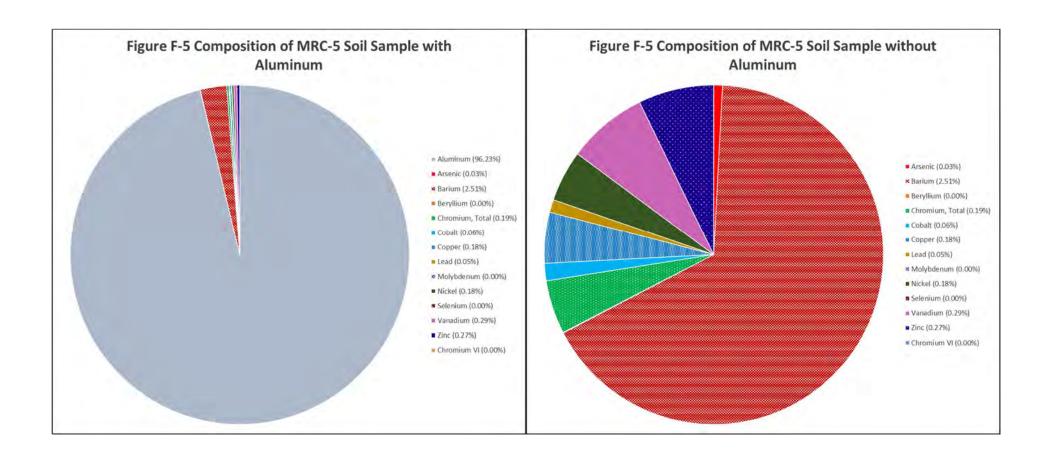
Appendix F. Compositional Pie Charts for Soil, Bulk, and Dust Data

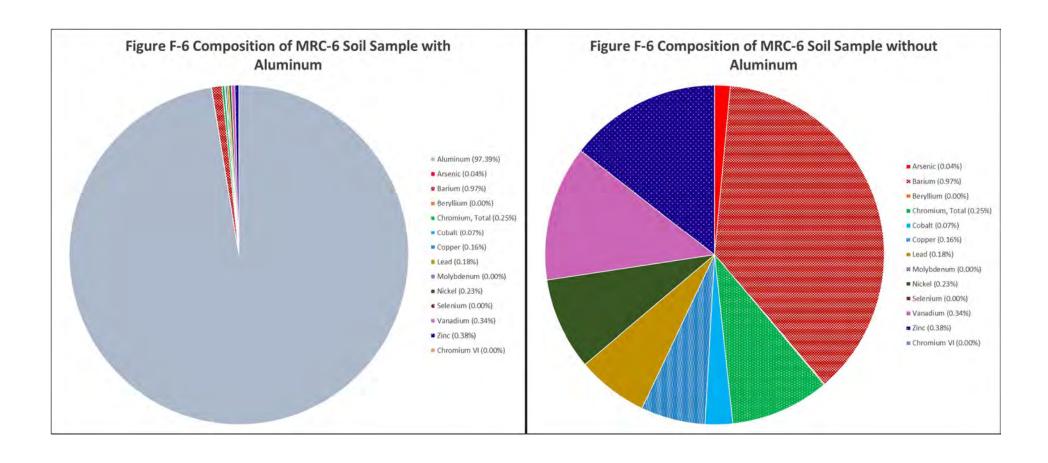


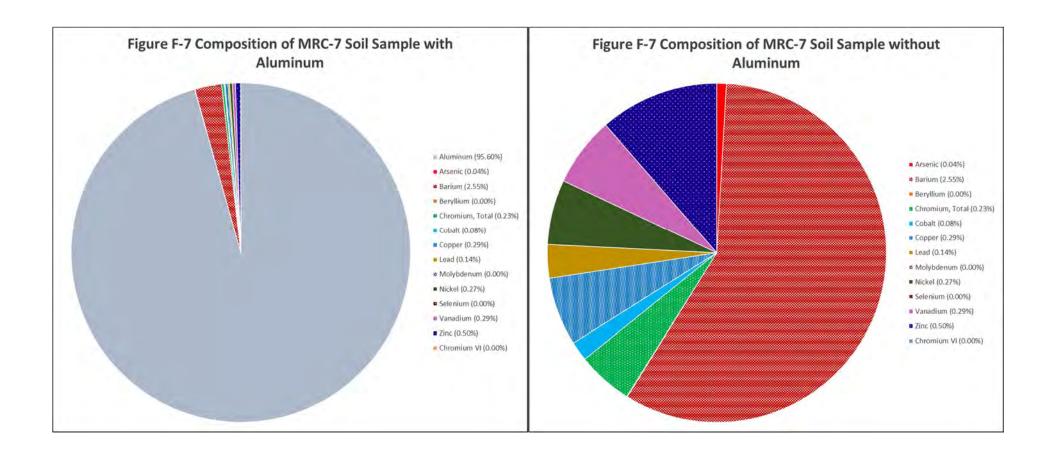


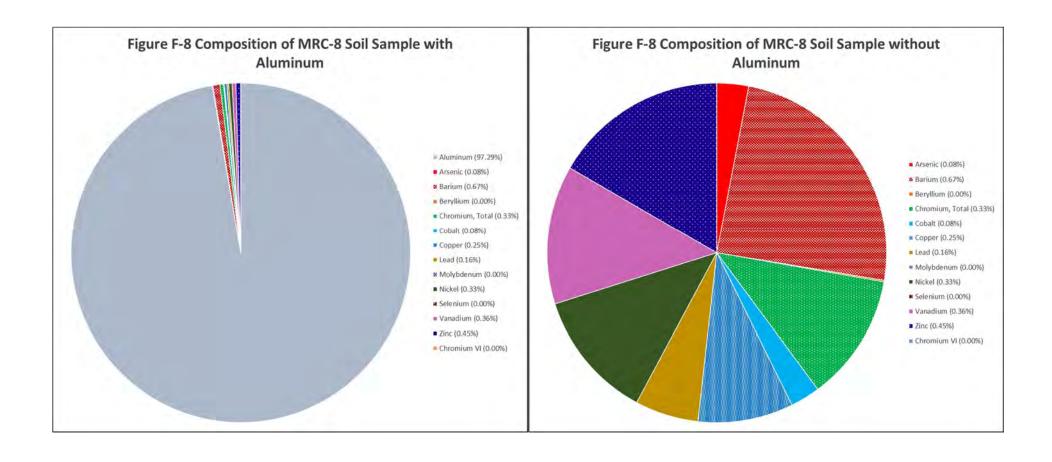


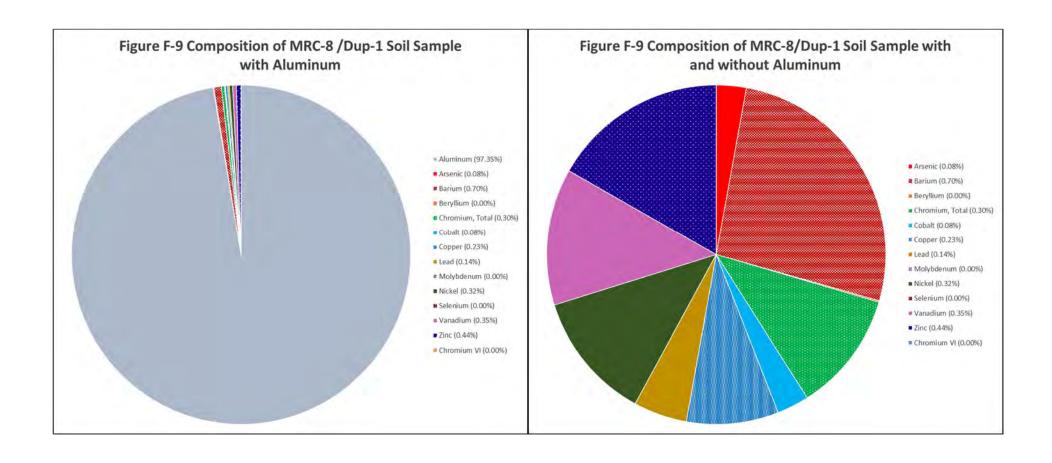


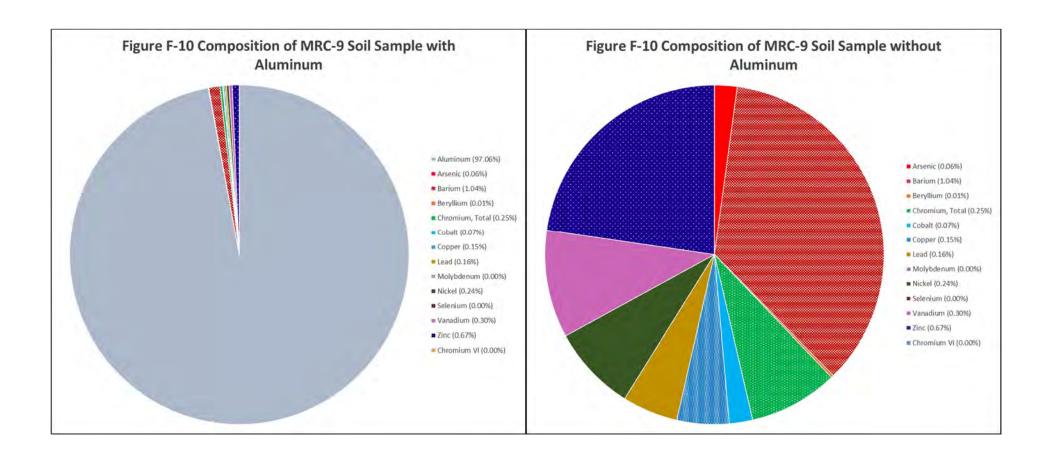


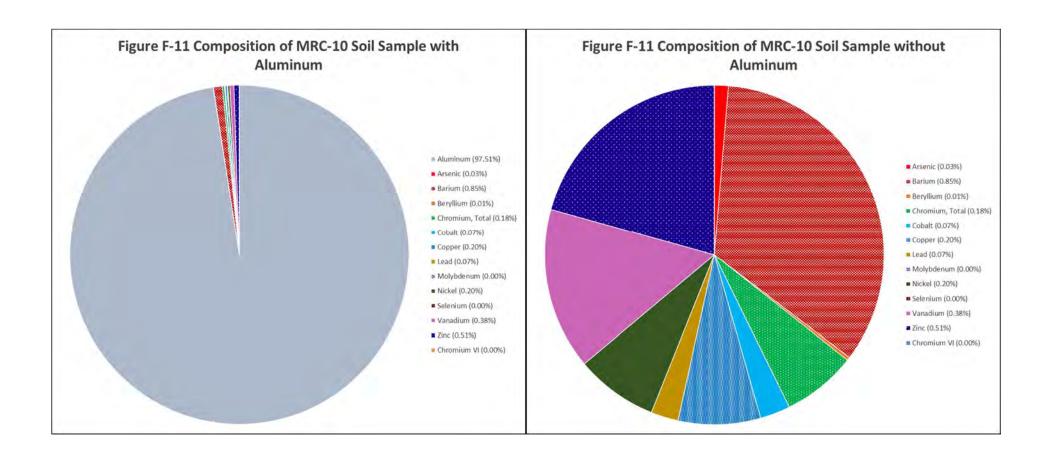


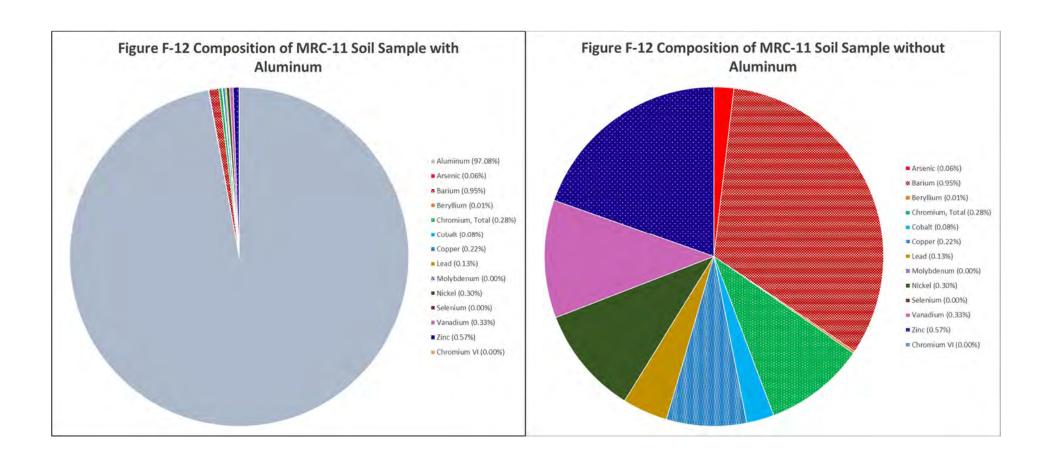


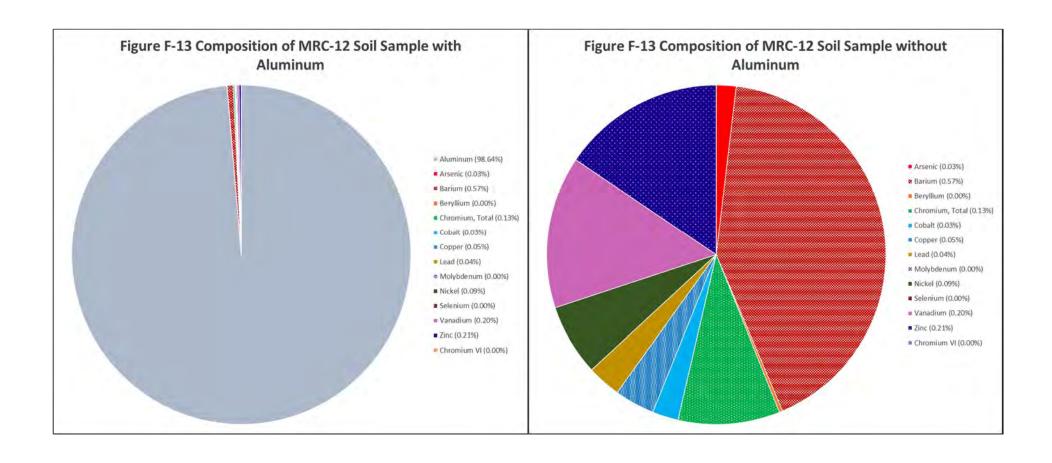


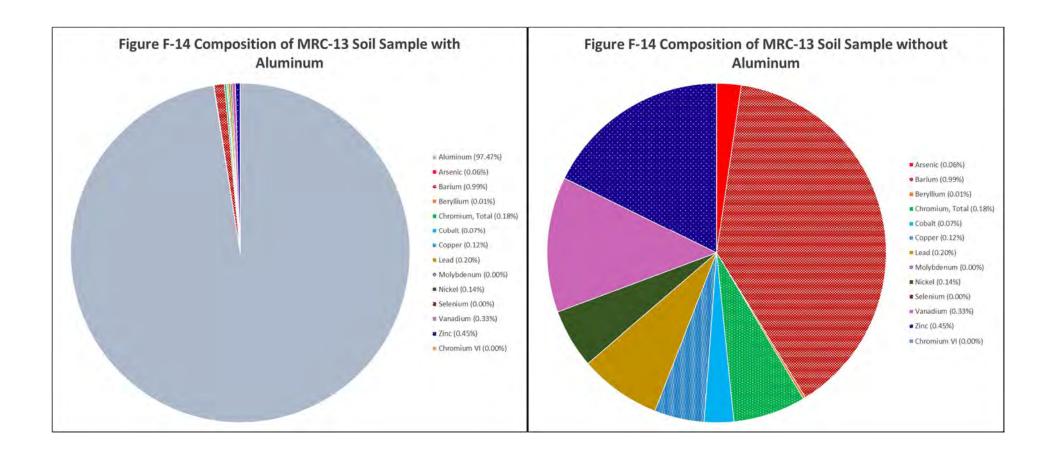


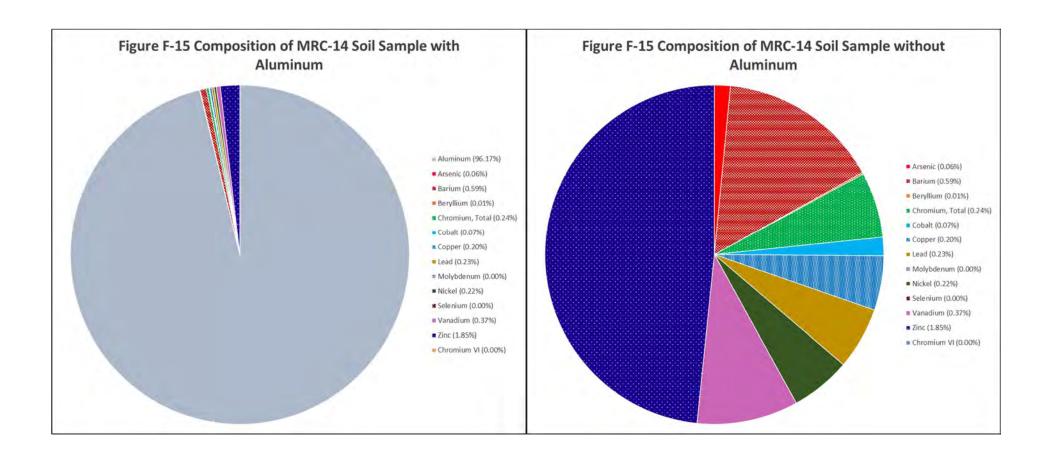


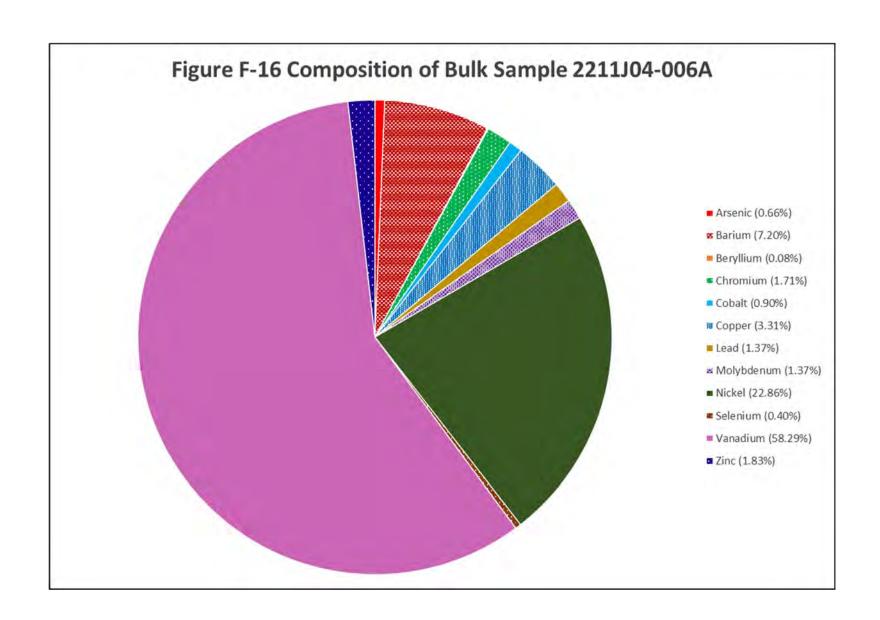


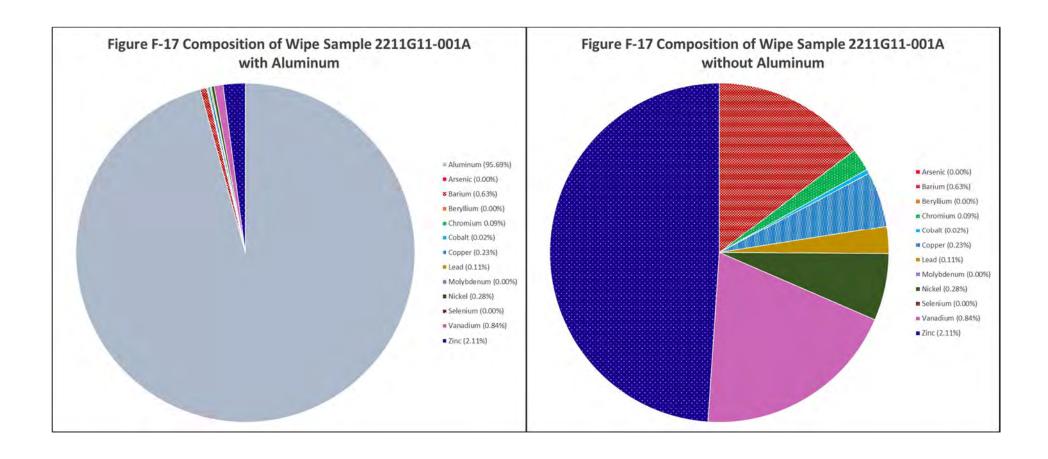


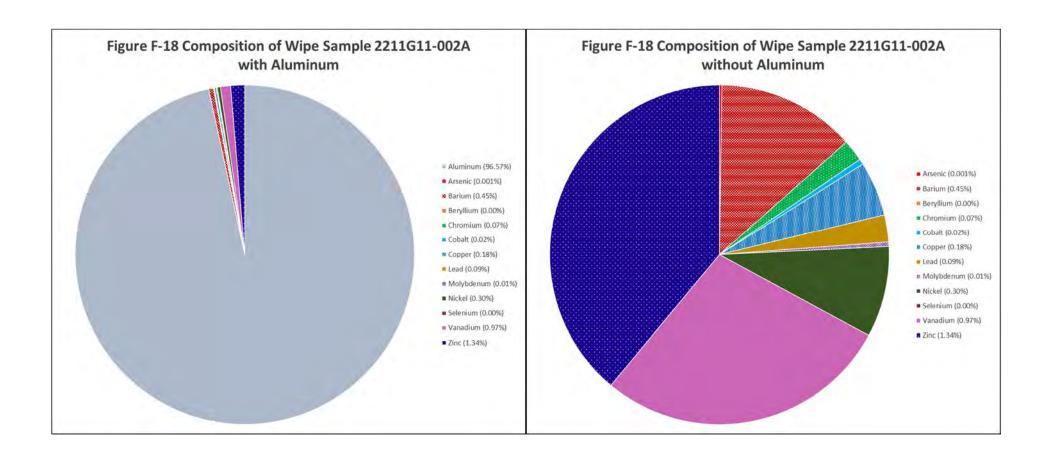


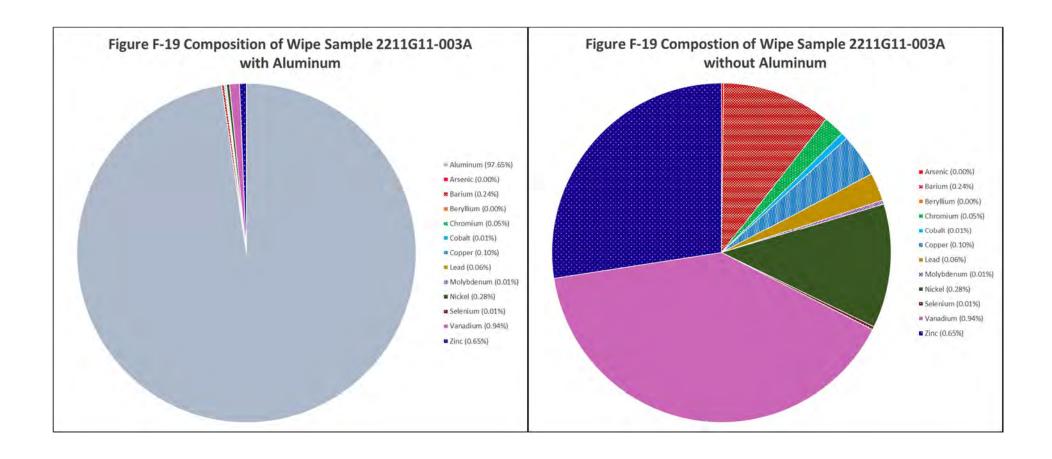


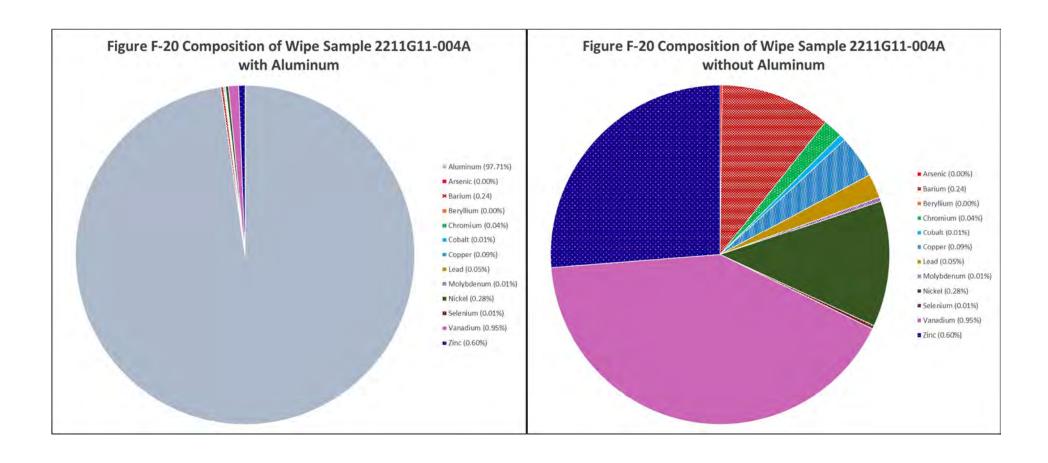


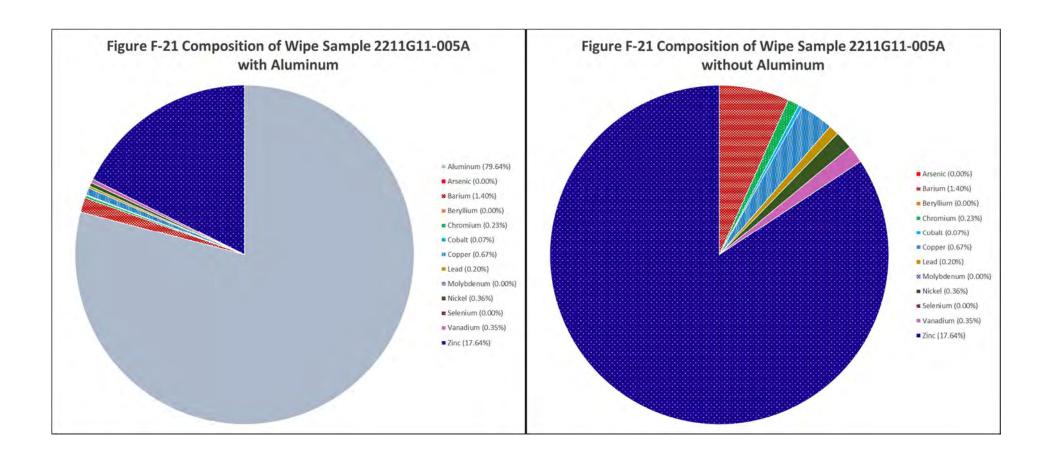












Appendix G. Human Health Risk Evaluation

Table G-1
Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation of Airborne Soil Particulates
Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

		MRC-1			MRC-2			MRC-3			MRC-4			MRC-5			MRC-6			MRC-7			MRC-8		MF	C-8 /Dup	1		MRC-9		N	1RC-10		М	RC-11			MRC-12			MRC-13			MRC-14			ntial Soil Health
COPC	Conc (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HC	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HC	Con (mg/k	c (g) C Ris	NC HC	Conc (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk NO	HQ (I	Conc mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ (Conc mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ		Standard (mg/kg)
Aluminum	9,200	-	0.12	19,000		0.25	17,00	00	0.22	9,800	-	0.13	23,000	-	0.30	17,000	-	0.22	21,000		0.27	19,000	-	0.25	18,000	-	0.23	9,300	-	0.12	15,000	0	.19 1	10,000	-	0.13	15,000		0.19	8,900		0.12	14,000	-	0.18	77,000	NC
Arsenic	7.1	6.5E-0	17.32	28	2.5E-0	68.29	11	1.0E-0	4 26.83	24	2.2E-04	58.54	7.5	6.8E-05	18.29	6.8	6.2E-05	16.59	8.8	8.0E-05	21.46	16.0	1.5E-04	39.02	14.0	1.3E-04	34.15	6.1	5.5E-05	14.88	5.1	.6E-05 12	2.44	5.7 5	.2E-05	13.90	3.9	3.5E-05	9.51	5.4	4.9E-05	13.17	8.5	7.7E-0	20.73	0.11	C [NC = 0.41]
Barium	99	-	0.01	110		0.01	150)	0.01	110	-	0.01	600		0.04	170	-	0.01	560		0.04	130		0.01	130		0.01	100	-	0.01	130	0	.01	98	-	0.01	86		0.01	90		0.01	86		0.01	15,000	NC
Beryllium	0.57	-	0.04	0.53	-	0.03	0.93	3	0.06	0.58	-	0.04	0.61	-	0.04	0.48	-	0.03	0.62	-	0.04	0.77	-	0.05	0.69		0.04	0.73		0.05	1.2	0	.08	0.64	-	0.04	0.65		0.04	0.55	-	0.03	0.88	-	0.06	16	NC
Chromium, Tota	22	-	0.0002	57		0.0005	46	-	0.0004	87	-	0.0007	46	1	0.0004	43		0.0004	51	-	0.0004	64	-	0.0005	56		0.00	24	-	0.0002	27	0.0	0002	29	-	0.0002	20		0.0002	16		0.0001	35		0.0003	120,000	NC NC
Cobalt	7.1	-	0.31	19		0.83	17	-	0.74	16	-	0.70	15		0.65	12	-	0.52	18	-	0.78	15	-	0.65	15		0.65	6.3	-	0.27	11	0	.48	7.9	-	0.34	5.1		0.22	6.5		0.28	9.9		0.43	23	NC
Copper	20	-	0.01	53		0.02	44	-	0.01	36	-	0.01	44	-	0.01	28	-	0.01	63	-	0.02	48	-	0.02	43		0.01	14	-	0.00	30	0	.01	23	-	0.01	7.9		0.00	11	-	0.004	29	-	0.01	3,100	NC
Lead	82	-	1.03	79		0.99	31		0.39	23	-	0.29	11		0.14	31		0.39	31		0.39	32		0.40	25		0.31	15	-	0.19	10	0	.13	13	-	0.16	6.6		0.08	18		0.23	33		0.41	80	NC
Nickel	19	-	0.02	56		0.07	50	-	0.06	200	-	0.24	44	-	0.05	40	-	0.05	60	-	0.07	65	-	0.08	60		0.07	23	-	0.03	30	0	.04	31	-	0.04	14		0.02	13		0.02	32		0.04	820	NC
Vanadium	30	-	0.08	70		0.18	60	-	0.15	30	-	0.08	69	-	0.18	59	-	0.15	64	-	0.16	70	-	0.18	64		0.16	29	-	0.07	59	0	.15	34	-	0.09	30		0.08	30		0.08	54	-	0.14	390	NC
Zinc	160	-	0.01	82	-	0.004	210)	0.009	56	-	0.002	65	-	0.003	66	-	0.003	110	-	0.005	88	-	0.004	82		0.004	64	-	0.003	79	0.	003	59	-	0.003	32		0.001	41	-	0.002	270	-	0.012	23,000	NC
Total C Risk 8	R NC HI	6.E-05	18.9		3.E-04	70.7		1.E-0	28.5		2.E-04	60.0	•	7.E-05	19.7		6.E-05	18.0		8.E-05	23.2		1.E-04	40.7		1.E-04	35.7		6.E-05	15.6		5.E-05 1	3.5		5.E-05	14.7		4.E-05	10.2		5.E-05	13.9		8.E-05	22.0		

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg **Bold** indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06 COPC = chemical of potential concern HI = noncancer Hazard Index = 2HQ HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0 ND = not detected in soil

RSL = Regional Screening Level

DRAFT

Table G-2 Adjusted Soil Concentration (Removal of Background Concentration) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

															Sample I	O (mg/kg)															Upperbound Expected
Analyte	MF	RC-1	MF	RC-2	М	RC-3	MF	RC-4	MF	RC-5	MF	RC-6	MI	RC-7	MF	C-8	MRC-	3 /Dup-1	MF	RC-9	MR	C-10	MR	C-11	MR	C-12	MR	C-13	MR	C-14	Background Range
	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	(mg/kg)
Aluminum	9,200	-61800	19,000	-52000	17,000	-54000.00	9,800	-61200	23,000	-48000.0	17,000	-54000	21,000	-50000	19,000	-52000	18,000	-53000	9,300	-61700.0	15,000	-56000	10,000	-61000	15,000	-56000	8,900	-62100	14,000	-57000.0	71,000
Arsenic	7.1	-23.9	28	3	11	-20.00	24	-7	7.5	-23.5	6.8	-24.2	8.8	-22.2	16.0	-15	14.0	-17	6.1	-24.9	5.1	-25.9	5.7	-25.3	3.9	-27.1	5.4	-25.6	8.5	-22.5	31
Barium	99	-1401	110	-1390	150	-1350	110	-1390	600	-900	170	-1330	560	-940	130	-1370	130	-1370	100	-1400	130	-1370	98	-1402	86	-1414	90	-1410	86	-1414	1,500
Beryllium	0.57	-2.43	0.53	-2.47	0.93	-2.07	0.58	-2.42	0.61	-2.39	0.48	-2.52	0.62	-2.38	0.77	-2.23	0.69	-2.31	0.73	-2.27	1.2	-1.8	0.64	-2.36	0.65	-2.35	0.55	-2.45	88.0	-2.12	3
Chromium, Tota	22	-1668	57	-1633	46	-1644	87	-1603	46	-1644	43	-1647	51	-1639	64	-1626	56	-1634	24	-1666	27	-1663	29	-1661	20	-1670	16	-1674	35	-1655	1,690
Cobalt	7.1	-128.9	19	-117	17	-119	16	-120	15	-121	12	-124	18	-118	15	-121	15	-121	6.3	-129.7	11	-125	7.9	-128.1	5.1	-130.9	6.5	-129.5	9.9	-126.1	136
Copper	20	-79.7	53	-46.7	44	-55.7	36	-63.7	44	-55.7	28	-71.7	63	-36.7	48	-51.7	43	-56.7	14	-85.7	30	-69.7	23	-76.7	7.9	-91.8	11	-88.7	29	-70.7	99.7
Lead	82	-165	79	-168	31	-216	23	-224	11	-236	31	-216	31	-216	32	-215	25	-222	15	-232	10	-237	13	-234	6.6	-240.4	18	-229	33	-214	247
Molybdenum	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	3.3
Nickel	19	-2221	56	-2184	50	-2190	200	-2040	44	-2196	40	-2200	60	-2180	65	-2175	60	-2180	23	-2217	30	-2210	31	-2209	14	-2226	13	-2227	32	-2208	2,240
Selenium	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	7
Vanadium	30	-200	70	-160	60	-170	30	-200	69	-161	59	-171	64	-166	70	-160	64	-166	29	-201	59	-171	34	-196	30	-200	30	-200	54	-176	230
Zinc	160	-314	82	-392	210	-264	56	-418	65	-409	66	-408	110	-364	88	-386	82	-392	64	-410	79	-395	59	-415	32	-442	41	-433	270	-204	474
Chromium VI	< 0.25	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.27	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.23	ND	< 0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.26	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.23	ND	NA

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit

Adjusted soil concentration = measured soil concentration - upperbound expected background range

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram NA = Not applicable

ND = not detected

Table G-3 Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation of Airborne Soil Particulates (Excluding Background) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

COPC		MRC-1			MRC-2			MRC-3			MRC-4		- 1	MRC-5		М	RC-6		MF	RC-7		N	IRC-8	MF	RC-8 /Du	p-1		MRC-9		- 1	MRC-10		N	IRC-11			MRC-12			MRC-13			MRC-14			ential Soil Standard
COPC	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Cone (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ A(dj Conc mg/kg)	C Risk NO	C HQ Adj (mg	Conc /kg)	Risk NO	OHQ (r	dj Conc mg/kg)	C Risk NC H	Q Adj Cont (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ A	dj Conc mg/kg)	C Risk N	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ A	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Cono (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ		ng/kg)
Aluminum	-61,800	-	0.00	-52,000		0.00	-54,000	- (0.00	-61,200	-	0.00	-48,000	-	0.00	54,000	(.00 -50	,000	0	0.00	52,000	0.00	-53,000	-	0.00	-61,700		0.00 -	56,000	-	0.00	-61,000	-	0.00	-56,000	-	0.00	-62,100	-	0.00	-57,000	-	0.00 7	77,000	NC
Arsenic	-23.9	0.0E+00	0.00	-3	0.0E+00	0.00	-20	0.0E+00	0.00	-7	0.0E+00	0.00	-24	0.0E+00	0.00	-24 0	.0E+00 C	.00 -2	22 0.	DE+00 0	0.00	-15	0.0E+00 0.00	-17	0.0E+0	0.00	-25	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-25	0.0E+00	0.00	-27	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-23	0.0E+00	0.00	0.11	C [NC = 0.41]
Barium	-1,401		0.00	-1,390	-	0.00	-1,350		0.00	-1,390	-	0.00	-900		0.00 -	-1,330	- 0	.00 -9	40	C	0.00	1,370	0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,400		0.00	1,370	-	0.00	-1,402		0.00	-1,414		0.00	-1,410	-	0.00	-1,414	-	0.00 1	5,000	NC
Beryllium	-2.43	-	0.00	-2.47	-	0.00	-2.07		0.00	-2.42	-	0.00	-2.39	-	0.00	-2.52	- 0	1.00 -2.	.38	0	0.00	-2.23	0.00	-2.31		0.00	-2.27	-	0.00	-1.80	-	0.00	-2.36		0.00	-2.35	-	0.00	-2.45	-	0.00	-2.12	-	0.00	16	NC
Chromium, Total	-1,668		0.00	-1,633		0.00	-1,644	-	0.00	-1,603		0.00	-1,644		0.00	-1,647	(0.00 -1,0	639	C	0.00 -	1,626	0.00	-1,634			-1,666		0.00	1,663		0.00	-1,661		0.00	-1,670		0.00	-1,674	-	0.00	-1,655		0.00 12	20,000	NC
Cobalt	-128.9		0.00	-117		0.00	-119		0.00	-120	-	0.00	-121		0.00	-124	- (.00 -1	18	0	0.00	-121	0.00	-121		0.00	-130		0.00	-125		0.00	-128		0.00	-131		0.00	-130	-	0.00	-126		0.00	23	NC
Copper	-79.7	-	0.00	-47		0.00	-56		0.00	-64	-	0.00	-56		0.00	-72	- (.00 -3	37	0	0.00	-52	0.00	-57		0.00	-86		0.00	-70	-	0.00	-77		0.00	-92		0.00	-89	-	0.00	-71		0.00	3,100	NC
Lead	-165	-	0.00	-168	-	0.00	-216	-	0.00	-224		0.00	-236	-	0.00	-216	- 0	0.00 -2	16	0	0.00	-215	0.00	-222	-	0.00	-232	-	0.00	-237	-	0.00	-234	-	0.00	-240	-	0.00	-229	-	0.00	-214	-	0.00	80	NC
Nickel	-2,221		0.00	-2,184		0.00	-2,190		0.00	-2,040	-	0.00	-2,196		0.00 -	-2,200	- (.00 -2,	180	0	0.00	2,175	0.00	-2,180		0.00	-2,217		0.00	2,210		0.00	-2,209		0.00	-2,226		0.00	-2,227	-	0.00	-2,208		0.00	820	NC
Vanadium	-200		0.00	-160		0.00	-170		0.00	-200	-	0.00	-161		0.00	-171	- 0	0.00 -1	66	0	0.00	-160	0.00	-166		0.00	-201		0.00	-171		0.00	-196		0.00	-200		0.00	-200	-	0.00	-176		0.00	390	NC
Zinc	-314		0.00	-392	-	0.00	-264	-	0.00	-418		0.00	-409		0.00	-408	(.00 -3	64	C	0.00	-386	0.00	-392		0.00	-410	-	0.00	-395	-	0.00	-415	-	0.00	-442		0.00	-433	-	0.00	-204	-	0.00 2	23,000	NC
Total C Bick	e NC III	A E - AA			0.5100			0.5.00			0.5:00			0.5100	••		0 F 1 00	• •		F100			0.5:00 0.0		0.5100			0.5100			0.5:00			0.5100			0.5:00			0.5100			0.5100			-

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg **Bold** indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

- <= not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06 HI = noncancer Hazard (duotient HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

- nq = initiative nazard Quotient
 mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
 NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0
 ND = not detected in soil
 RSL = Regional Screening Level

Table G-4
Summary of Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation of Airborne Soil Particulates

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

Exposure Pathways	Background Contribution	MRO	C-1	MRC	:-2	MR	C-3	MRO	C-4	MR	C-5	MR	C-6	MR	C-7	MRC	C-8	MRC-8	/Dup-1	MRG	C-9	MRC	-10	MRC	-11	MRC	-12	MRC	C-13	MRO	C-14
Exposure Failiways		C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ
Soil Ingestion, Dermal, Inhalation (Table G-1)	YES	6.5E-05	18.9	2.5E-04	70.7	1.0E-04	28.5	2.2E-04	60.0	6.8E-05	19.7	6.2E-05	18.0	8.0E-05	23.2	1.5E-04	40.7	1.3E-04	35.7	5.5E-05	15.6	4.6E-05	13.5	5.2E-05	14.7	3.5E-05	10.2	4.9E-05	13.9	7.7E-05	22.0
Soil Ingestion, Dermal, Inhalation (Table G-3)	NO	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0																

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

HI = noncancer Hazard Index = ΣHQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

Appendix H. Homegrown Produce Risk Evaluation

Homegrown Produce Evaluation

1.0 Methodology

Constituent concentrations in plants were calculated based on the potential root uptake of constituents from soil. These calculations are based on the equations provided in USEPA's Human Health Risk Assessment Protocol for Hazardous Waste Combustion Facilities (Combustion Guidance, EPA 2005a) and outlined below.

2.0 Concentration in Aboveground Vegetation

Potential concentrations in plant tissue due to root uptake in exposed and protected aboveground produce were estimated by:

$$Pr_{ag} = Sc \times Br_{ag}$$

Where:

PR_{ag} = concentration of constituent in aboveground produce due to root uptake (mg/kg)

Sc = soil concentration over exposure duration (mg/kg)

Br_{ag} = plant-soil bioconcentration factor for aboveground produce [mg COPC/kg dry weight (DW) plant]/[mg COPC/kg soil]

Br_{ag} for inorganics was obtained from Baes et al. (1984) and from the companion Combustion Guidance database (EPA 2005b).

3.0 Concentration in Belowground Vegetation

Potential concentrations in belowground vegetation were estimated by:

$$PR_{bg} = Sc \times Br_{bg} \times VG_{bg}$$

Where:

 PR_{bg} = concentration of constituent in belowground vegetables (mg/kg)

Sc = soil concentration over exposure duration (mg/kg)

 Br_{bg} = plant-soil bioconcentration factor for belowground produce [mg COPC/kg dry weight (DW) plant]/[mg COPC/kg soil]

Br_{bg} for inorganics was obtained from Baes et al. (1984) and from the companion Combustion Guidance database (EPA 2005b).

Daily constituent intake from produce is calculated based on the amount of produce ingested per day, the estimated concentration of constituents in the produce, and the percentage of produce ingested that is homegrown as shown in the following equation:

$$CDI_{veg} = \frac{[(PR_{ag} \times IR_{ag}) + [(PR_{bg} \times IR_{bg}) \times F_{veg} \times ED \times EF \times UC]}{BW \times AT}$$

Where:

CDI_{veg} = chronic daily intake of COPCs from homegrown vegetables (mg/kg-d)

PR_{ag} = concentration of COPCs in homegrown aboveground vegetables due to root uptake (mg/kg)

 IR_{ag} = consumption rate of homegrown aboveground vegetables (mg/d)

 PR_{bg} = concentration of COPCs in homegrown belowground vegetables due to root uptake (mg/kg)

 IR_{bg} = consumption rate of homegrown belowground vegetables (mg/d)

 F_{veg} = fraction of homegrown vegetables that are contaminated (unitless)

EF = Exposure Frequency (d/yr)

ED = Exposure Duration (yr)

UC = Units Conversion, 1E-06 (kg/mg)

AT = Averaging time (d)

BW = Body Weight (kg)

Consumption rates of the two plant groups (aboveground and belowground) and fractions contaminated are based on information presented in Chapter 13 of EPA's 2011 Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 2011).

4.0 References

- Baes, C.F., R.D. Sharp, A.L. Sjoreen, and R.W. Shor. (1984). *A Review and Analysis of Parameters for Assessing Transport of Environmentally Released Radionuclides through Agriculture*. Prepared by the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee for the U.S. Department of Energy. September.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). (2005a). *Human Health Risk Assessment Protocol for Hazardous Waste Combustion Facilities*. Final. EPA 530-R-05-006. September.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). (2005b). *The Hazardous Waste Companion Database*. Available at: http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/combust/risk.htm.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). (2011). *Exposure Factors Handbook*. 2011 Edition. Chapter 13: Intake of Home-Produced Foods. Washington, DC: Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment. EPA/600/R-09/052F. September.

Table H-1 Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Home-Grown Produce Ingestion Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

COPC		MRC-1	1		MI	RC-2		MRC	-3		MRC-4			MRC-5			MRC-6			MRC-7			MRC-8		MR	C-8 /Dup-	-1		MRC-9		N	/IRC-10		N	MRC-11		Mi	RC-12		N	IRC-13			MRC-14			dential Soil e Risk-Based
COFC	Conc (mg/kg	C Ris	k NC H	Q Cond (mg/k	c (g) C	Risk NC H	Q Con (mg/k	c (g) C Ri	sk NC H	Cond (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HC	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk N	NC HQ (Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk NO	C HQ (n	Conc ng/kg)	Risk	C HQ (r	Conc mg/kg)	C Risk N	NC HQ (Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ		Goal g/kg) [a]
Aluminum	9,200		0.31	19,00	00	0.63	17,00	00	0.57	9,800	0	0.33	23,000		0.77	17,000		0.57	21,000		0.70	19,000		0.63	18,000		0.60	9,300		0.31	15,000		0.50	10,000	C).33 1	5,000	(0.50	8,900		0.30	14,000		0.47	30,053	NC
Arsenic	7.1	2.3E-0	1.37	28	9.0	0E-04 5.39	11	3.5E-	-04 2.12	24	7.7E-04	4.62	7.5	2.4E-04	1.45	6.8	2.2E-04	1.31	8.8	2.8E-04	1.70	16.0	5.2E-04	3.08	14.0	4.5E-04	2.70	6.1	2.0E-04	1.18	5.1 1	1.6E-04	0.98	5.7	1.8E-04 1	.10	3.9 1.	3E-04 (0.75	5.4 1	.7E-04	1.04	8.5	2.7E-04	1.64	0.03	C [NC = 5.19]
Barium	99		0.14	110)	0.15	150		0.21	110		0.15	600		0.83	170		0.23	560		0.77	130		0.18	130		0.18	100		0.14	130		0.18	98	0).13	86	(0.12	90		0.12	86		0.12	727	NC
Beryllium	0.57		0.01	0.53	3	0.01	0.93	3	0.01	0.58		0.01	0.61		0.01	0.48		0.01	0.62		0.01	0.77		0.01	0.69		0.01	0.73		0.01	1.2		0.01	0.64	0	0.01	0.65	(0.01	0.55		0.01	0.88		0.01	89.8	NC
Chromium, Tota	22		0.001	1 57	'	0.002	46		0.001	87		0.003	46		0.001	43		0.001	51		0.001	64		0.002	56		0.002	24		0.001	27		0.001	29	0.	.001	20	0	0.001	16	(0.0005	35		0.001	34,617	NC
Cobalt	7.1		4.00	19		10.71	17		9.58	16		9.02	15		8.46	12		6.77	18		10.15	15	-	8.46	15		8.46	6.3		3.55	11		6.20	7.9	4	1.45	5.1	2	2.88	6.5		3.66	9.9		5.58	1.8	NC
Copper	20		1.73	53		4.59	44		3.81	36		3.12	44		3.81	28		2.42	63		5.46	48		4.16	43		3.72	14		1.21	30		2.60	23	- 1	.99	7.9	(0.68	11		0.953	29		2.51	11.5	NC
Lead	82			79			31			23			11			31			31			32			25			15			10			13			6.6			18			33			NA	
Nickel	19		0.08	56		0.23	50		0.21	200		0.82	44		0.18	40		0.16	60		0.25	65		0.27	60		0.25	23		0.09	30		0.12	31	C).13	14	(0.06	13		0.05	32		0.13	243	NC
Vanadium	30		0.28	70		0.66	60		0.57	30		0.28	69		0.65	59		0.56	64		0.61	70		0.66	64		0.61	29		0.27	59		0.56	34	C).32	30	(0.28	30		0.28	54		0.51	106	NC
Zinc	160		0.78	82		0.399	210)	1.022	56		0.272	65		0.316	66		0.321	110		0.535	88		0.428	82		0.399	64		0.311	79		0.384	59	0.	.287	32	0).156	41		0.200	270		1.314	206	NC
Total C Risk 8	NC HI	2.E-0	4 8.7		9.	E-04 22.8		4.E-	04 18.1		8.E-04	18.6		2.E-04	16.5		2.E-04	12.4		3.E-04	20.2		5.E-04	17.9		5.E-04	16.9		2.E-04	7.1		2.E-04	11.5		2.E-04	8.8	1	.E-04	5.4	- 2	2.E-04	6.6		3.E-04	12.3		

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

[a] All soil concentrations protective of produce ingestion assume daily ingestion of home-grown produce consisting of aboveground and belowground fruits and vegetables, as presented in USEPA's Exposure Factors Handbook (USEPA, 2011).

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit</p>

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

HI = noncancer Hazard Index = ∑HQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

ND = not detected in soil

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

Reference:

USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook, Chapter 13. Intake of Home-Produced Foods. National Center for Environmental Assessment, Office of Research and Development, Washington, D.C. EPA/600/R-09/052F. September. Available online at: https://www.epa.gov/expobox/about-exposure-factors-handbook

Table H-2 Adjusted Soil Concentration (Removal of Background Concentration) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

														;	Sample II) (mg/kg)															Upperbound Expected
Analyte	MF	RC-1	MF	RC-2	М	RC-3	MF	RC-4	MF	RC-5	MR	C-6	MF	RC-7	MF	C-8	MRC-8	3 /Dup-1	MF	RC-9	MR	C-10	MR	C-11	MR	C-12	MR	C-13	MR	C-14	Background Range
	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	(mg/kg)
Aluminum	9,200	-61800	19,000	-52000	17,000	-54000.00	9,800	-61200	23,000	-48000.0	17,000	-54000	21,000	-50000	19,000	-52000	18,000	-53000	9,300	-61700.0	15,000	-56000	10,000	-61000	15,000	-56000	8,900	-62100	14,000	-57000.0	71,000
Arsenic	7.1	-23.9	28	-3	11	-20.00	24	-7	7.5	-23.5	6.8	-24.2	8.8	-22.2	16.0	-15	14.0	-17	6.1	-24.9	5.1	-25.9	5.7	-25.3	3.9	-27.1	5.4	-25.6	8.5	-22.5	31
Barium	99	-1401	110	-1390	150	-1350	110	-1390	600	-900	170	-1330	560	-940	130	-1370	130	-1370	100	-1400	130	-1370	98	-1402	86	-1414	90	-1410	86	-1414	1,500
Beryllium	0.57	-2.43	0.53	-2.47	0.93	-2.07	0.58	-2.42	0.61	-2.39	0.48	-2.52	0.62	-2.38	0.77	-2.23	0.69	-2.31	0.73	-2.27	1.2	-1.8	0.64	-2.36	0.65	-2.35	0.55	-2.45	0.88	-2.12	3
Chromium, Total	22	-1668	57	-1633	46	-1644	87	-1603	46	-1644	43	-1647	51	-1639	64	-1626	56	-1634	24	-1666	27	-1663	29	-1661	20	-1670	16	-1674	35	-1655	1,690
Cobalt	7.1	-128.9	19	-117	17	-119	16	-120	15	-121	12	-124	18	-118	15	-121	15	-121	6.3	-129.7	11	-125	7.9	-128.1	5.1	-130.9	6.5	-129.5	9.9	-126.1	136
Copper	20	-79.7	53	-46.7	44	-55.7	36	-63.7	44	-55.7	28	-71.7	63	-36.7	48	-51.7	43	-56.7	14	-85.7	30	-69.7	23	-76.7	7.9	-91.8	11	-88.7	29	-70.7	99.7
Lead	82	-165	79	-168	31	-216	23	-224	11	-236	31	-216	31	-216	32	-215	25	-222	15	-232	10	-237	13	-234	6.6	-240.4	18	-229	33	-214	247
Molybdenum	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	3.3
Nickel	19	-2221	56	-2184	50	-2190	200	-2040	44	-2196	40	-2200	60	-2180	65	-2175	60	-2180	23	-2217	30	-2210	31	-2209	14	-2226	13	-2227	32	-2208	2,240
Selenium	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	7
Vanadium	30	-200	70	-160	60	-170	30	-200	69	-161	59	-171	64	-166	70	-160	64	-166	29	-201	59	-171	34	-196	30	-200	30	-200	54	-176	230
Zinc	160	-314	82	-392	210	-264	56	-418	65	-409	66	-408	110	-364	88	-386	82	-392	64	-410	79	-395	59	-415	32	-442	41	-433	270	-204	474
Chromium VI	<0.25	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.27	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.26	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.23	ND	NA

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit

Adjusted soil concentration = measured soil concentration - upperbound expected background range

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NA = Not applicable

ND = not detected

Table H-3 Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion of Homegrown Produce (Excluding Background) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

		MRC-1			MRC-2	2		MRC-3		М	IRC-4		MR	C-5		MRC-6			MRC-7			MRC-8		М	RC-8 /Du	ıp-1		MRC-9			MRC-10		MF	RC-11			MRC-12			MRC-13	}		MRC-14		Residential	
COPC	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Cond (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HC	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc C (mg/kg)	Risk N	C HQ A	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	sk NC HC	Adj Cond (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc C I (mg/kg)	Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Produce Risk- Goal (mg/l [a]	
Aluminum	-61,800		0.00	-52,00	0	0.00	-54,000		0.00	-61,200	(0.00 -	-48,000	0.00	-54,000		0.00	-50,000		0.00	-52,000)	0.00	-53,000		0.00	-61,700		0.00	-56,000		0.00	-61,000		0.00	-56,000		0.00	-62,100		0.00	-57,000		0.00	30,053 N	VC
Arsenic	-23.9	0.0E+00	0.00	-3	0.0E+00	0.00	-20	0.0E+00	0.00	-7 0.0	E+00 (0.00	-24 0.0E-	-00 0.00	-24	0.0E+00	0.00	-22	0.0E+00	0.00	-15	0.0E+00	0.00	-17	0.0E+00	0.00	-25	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-25 0.01	E+00	0.00	-27	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-23	0.0E+00	0.00	0.03 C [NC	, = 5.19]
Barium	-1,401		0.00	-1,39		0.00	-1,350		0.00	-1,390	(0.00	-900	0.00	-1,330		0.00	-940		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,400		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,402		0.00	-1,414		0.00	-1,410		0.00	-1,414		0.00	727 N	۷C
Beryllium	-2.43		0.00	-2.47		0.00	-2.07		0.00	-2.42	(0.00	-2.39	0.00	-2.52		0.00	-2.38		0.00	-2.23		0.00	-2.31		0.00	-2.27		0.00	-1.80		0.00	-2.36		0.00	-2.35		0.00	-2.45		0.00	-2.12		0.00	89.8	1C
Chromium, To	tal -1,668		0.00	-1,63	3	0.00	-1,644		0.00	-1,603	(0.00	-1,644	0.00	-1,647		0.00	-1,639		0.00	-1,626		0.00	-1,634			-1,666		0.00	-1,663		0.00	-1,661		0.00	-1,670		0.00	-1,674		0.00	-1,655		0.00	34,617 N	//C
Cobalt	-128.9		0.00	-117		0.00	-119		0.00	-120	(0.00	-121	0.00	-124		0.00	-118		0.00	-121		0.00	-121		0.00	-130		0.00	-125		0.00	-128		0.00	-131		0.00	-130		0.00	-126		0.00	1.8	NC .
Copper	-79.7		0.00	-47		0.00	-56		0.00	-64	(0.00	-56	0.00	-72		0.00	-37		0.00	-52		0.00	-57		0.00	-86		0.00	-70		0.00	-77		0.00	-92		0.00	-89		0.00	-71		0.00	11.5 N	/C
Lead	-165		NA	-168		NA	-216		NA	-224		NA	-236	NA	-216		NA	-216		NA	-215		NA	-222		NA	-232		NA	-237		NA	-234		NA	-240		NA	-229		NA	-214		NA	NA	
Nickel	-2,221		0.00	-2,18	4	0.00	-2,190		0.00	-2,040	(0.00	-2,196	0.00	-2,200		0.00	-2,180		0.00	-2,175		0.00	-2,180		0.00	-2,217		0.00	-2,210		0.00	-2,209		0.00	-2,226		0.00	-2,227		0.00	-2,208		0.00	243 N	/C
Vanadium	-200		0.00	-160		0.00	-170		0.00	-200	(0.00	-161	0.00	-171		0.00	-166		0.00	-160		0.00	-166		0.00	-201		0.00	-171		0.00	-196		0.00	-200		0.00	-200		0.00	-176		0.00	106 N	1C
Zinc	-314		0.00	-392		0.00	-264		0.00	-418	(0.00	-409	0.00	-408		0.00	-364		0.00	-386		0.00	-392		0.00	-410		0.00	-395		0.00	-415		0.00	-442		0.00	-433		0.00	-204		0.00	206 N	1C
Total C Ris	k & NC HI	0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	0.E	E+00	0.0	0.E+	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	0.E	E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg **Bold** indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

 $HI = noncancer Hazard Index = \sum HQ$

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

ND = not detected in soil

RSL = Regional Screening Level

DRAFT

Table H-4 Summary of Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion of Homegrown Produce

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

Exposure Pathways	Background Contribution	MRC	C-1	MR	C-2	MRC	C-3	MRC	C-4	MRC	C-5	MRC	C-6	MR	C-7	MR	C-8	MRC-8	/Dup-1	MRC	C-9	MRC	C-10	MRC	-11	MRC	-12	MRC	C-13	MRC	-14
Exposure Fairways	Included?	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Table H-1)	YES	2.3E-04	8.7	9.0E-04	22.8	3.5E-04	18.1	7.7E-04	18.6	2.4E-04	16.5	2.2E-04	12.4	2.8E-04	20.2	5.2E-04	17.9	4.5E-04	16.9	2.0E-04	7.1	1.6E-04	11.5	1.8E-04	8.8	1.3E-04	5.4	1.7E-04	6.6	2.7E-04	12.3
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Table H-3)	NO	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0																

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06 HI = noncancer Hazard Index = Σ HQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

Appendix I. Ecological Risk Evaluation

Table H-1 Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Home-Grown Produce Ingestion Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

COPC		MRC-1	1		MI	RC-2		MRC	-3		MRC-4			MRC-5			MRC-6			MRC-7			MRC-8		MR	C-8 /Dup-	-1		MRC-9		N	/IRC-10		N	MRC-11		Mi	RC-12		N	IRC-13			MRC-14			dential Soil e Risk-Based
COFC	Conc (mg/kg	C Ris	k NC H	Q Cond (mg/k	c (g) C	Risk NC H	Q Con (mg/k	c (g) C Ri	sk NC H	Cond (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HC	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk N	NC HQ (Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk NO	C HQ (n	Conc ng/kg)	Risk	C HQ (r	Conc mg/kg)	C Risk N	NC HQ (Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ		Goal g/kg) [a]
Aluminum	9,200		0.31	19,00	00	0.63	17,00	00	0.57	9,800	0	0.33	23,000		0.77	17,000		0.57	21,000		0.70	19,000		0.63	18,000		0.60	9,300		0.31	15,000		0.50	10,000	C).33 1	5,000	(0.50	8,900		0.30	14,000		0.47	30,053	NC
Arsenic	7.1	2.3E-0	1.37	28	9.0	0E-04 5.39	11	3.5E-	-04 2.12	24	7.7E-04	4.62	7.5	2.4E-04	1.45	6.8	2.2E-04	1.31	8.8	2.8E-04	1.70	16.0	5.2E-04	3.08	14.0	4.5E-04	2.70	6.1	2.0E-04	1.18	5.1 1	1.6E-04	0.98	5.7	1.8E-04 1	.10	3.9 1.	3E-04 (0.75	5.4 1	.7E-04	1.04	8.5	2.7E-04	1.64	0.03	C [NC = 5.19]
Barium	99		0.14	110)	0.15	150		0.21	110		0.15	600		0.83	170		0.23	560		0.77	130		0.18	130		0.18	100		0.14	130		0.18	98	0).13	86	(0.12	90		0.12	86		0.12	727	NC
Beryllium	0.57		0.01	0.53	3	0.01	0.93	3	0.01	0.58		0.01	0.61		0.01	0.48		0.01	0.62		0.01	0.77		0.01	0.69		0.01	0.73		0.01	1.2		0.01	0.64	0	0.01	0.65	(0.01	0.55		0.01	0.88		0.01	89.8	NC
Chromium, Tota	22		0.001	1 57	'	0.002	46		0.001	87		0.003	46		0.001	43		0.001	51		0.001	64		0.002	56		0.002	24		0.001	27		0.001	29	0.	.001	20	0	0.001	16	(0.0005	35		0.001	34,617	NC
Cobalt	7.1		4.00	19		10.71	17		9.58	16		9.02	15		8.46	12		6.77	18		10.15	15	-	8.46	15		8.46	6.3		3.55	11		6.20	7.9	4	1.45	5.1	2	2.88	6.5		3.66	9.9		5.58	1.8	NC
Copper	20		1.73	53		4.59	44		3.81	36		3.12	44		3.81	28		2.42	63		5.46	48		4.16	43		3.72	14		1.21	30		2.60	23	- 1	.99	7.9	(0.68	11		0.953	29		2.51	11.5	NC
Lead	82			79			31			23			11			31			31			32			25			15			10			13			6.6			18			33			NA	
Nickel	19		0.08	56		0.23	50		0.21	200		0.82	44		0.18	40		0.16	60		0.25	65		0.27	60		0.25	23		0.09	30		0.12	31	C).13	14	(0.06	13		0.05	32		0.13	243	NC
Vanadium	30		0.28	70		0.66	60		0.57	30		0.28	69		0.65	59		0.56	64		0.61	70		0.66	64		0.61	29		0.27	59		0.56	34	C).32	30	(0.28	30		0.28	54		0.51	106	NC
Zinc	160		0.78	82		0.399	210)	1.022	56		0.272	65		0.316	66		0.321	110		0.535	88		0.428	82		0.399	64		0.311	79		0.384	59	0.	.287	32	0).156	41		0.200	270		1.314	206	NC
Total C Risk 8	NC HI	2.E-0	4 8.7		9.	E-04 22.8		4.E-	04 18.1		8.E-04	18.6		2.E-04	16.5		2.E-04	12.4		3.E-04	20.2		5.E-04	17.9		5.E-04	16.9		2.E-04	7.1		2.E-04	11.5		2.E-04	8.8	1	.E-04	5.4	- 2	2.E-04	6.6		3.E-04	12.3		

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

[a] All soil concentrations protective of produce ingestion assume daily ingestion of home-grown produce consisting of aboveground and belowground fruits and vegetables, as presented in USEPA's Exposure Factors Handbook (USEPA, 2011).

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit</p>

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

HI = noncancer Hazard Index = ∑HQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

ND = not detected in soil

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

Reference:

USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook, Chapter 13. Intake of Home-Produced Foods. National Center for Environmental Assessment, Office of Research and Development, Washington, D.C. EPA/600/R-09/052F. September. Available online at: https://www.epa.gov/expobox/about-exposure-factors-handbook

Table H-2 Adjusted Soil Concentration (Removal of Background Concentration) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

														;	Sample II) (mg/kg)															Upperbound Expected
Analyte	MF	RC-1	MF	RC-2	М	RC-3	MF	RC-4	MF	RC-5	MR	C-6	MF	RC-7	MF	C-8	MRC-8	3 /Dup-1	MF	RC-9	MR	C-10	MR	C-11	MR	C-12	MR	C-13	MR	C-14	Background Range
	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	Original	Adjusted	(mg/kg)
Aluminum	9,200	-61800	19,000	-52000	17,000	-54000.00	9,800	-61200	23,000	-48000.0	17,000	-54000	21,000	-50000	19,000	-52000	18,000	-53000	9,300	-61700.0	15,000	-56000	10,000	-61000	15,000	-56000	8,900	-62100	14,000	-57000.0	71,000
Arsenic	7.1	-23.9	28	-3	11	-20.00	24	-7	7.5	-23.5	6.8	-24.2	8.8	-22.2	16.0	-15	14.0	-17	6.1	-24.9	5.1	-25.9	5.7	-25.3	3.9	-27.1	5.4	-25.6	8.5	-22.5	31
Barium	99	-1401	110	-1390	150	-1350	110	-1390	600	-900	170	-1330	560	-940	130	-1370	130	-1370	100	-1400	130	-1370	98	-1402	86	-1414	90	-1410	86	-1414	1,500
Beryllium	0.57	-2.43	0.53	-2.47	0.93	-2.07	0.58	-2.42	0.61	-2.39	0.48	-2.52	0.62	-2.38	0.77	-2.23	0.69	-2.31	0.73	-2.27	1.2	-1.8	0.64	-2.36	0.65	-2.35	0.55	-2.45	0.88	-2.12	3
Chromium, Total	22	-1668	57	-1633	46	-1644	87	-1603	46	-1644	43	-1647	51	-1639	64	-1626	56	-1634	24	-1666	27	-1663	29	-1661	20	-1670	16	-1674	35	-1655	1,690
Cobalt	7.1	-128.9	19	-117	17	-119	16	-120	15	-121	12	-124	18	-118	15	-121	15	-121	6.3	-129.7	11	-125	7.9	-128.1	5.1	-130.9	6.5	-129.5	9.9	-126.1	136
Copper	20	-79.7	53	-46.7	44	-55.7	36	-63.7	44	-55.7	28	-71.7	63	-36.7	48	-51.7	43	-56.7	14	-85.7	30	-69.7	23	-76.7	7.9	-91.8	11	-88.7	29	-70.7	99.7
Lead	82	-165	79	-168	31	-216	23	-224	11	-236	31	-216	31	-216	32	-215	25	-222	15	-232	10	-237	13	-234	6.6	-240.4	18	-229	33	-214	247
Molybdenum	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	3.3
Nickel	19	-2221	56	-2184	50	-2190	200	-2040	44	-2196	40	-2200	60	-2180	65	-2175	60	-2180	23	-2217	30	-2210	31	-2209	14	-2226	13	-2227	32	-2208	2,240
Selenium	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.1	ND	<2.7	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.3	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.2	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.5	ND	<2.4	ND	<2.3	ND	7
Vanadium	30	-200	70	-160	60	-170	30	-200	69	-161	59	-171	64	-166	70	-160	64	-166	29	-201	59	-171	34	-196	30	-200	30	-200	54	-176	230
Zinc	160	-314	82	-392	210	-264	56	-418	65	-409	66	-408	110	-364	88	-386	82	-392	64	-410	79	-395	59	-415	32	-442	41	-433	270	-204	474
Chromium VI	<0.25	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.27	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.23	ND	<0.24	ND	<0.22	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.26	ND	<0.25	ND	<0.23	ND	NA

Notes:

Bold indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit

Adjusted soil concentration = measured soil concentration - upperbound expected background range

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

NA = Not applicable

ND = not detected

Table H-3 Individual Sample Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion of Homegrown Produce (Excluding Background) Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

		MRC-1			MRC-2	2		MRC-3		М	IRC-4		MR	C-5		MRC-6			MRC-7			MRC-8		М	RC-8 /Du	ıp-1		MRC-9			MRC-10		MF	RC-11			MRC-12			MRC-13	}		MRC-14		Residential	
COPC	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Cond (mg/kg	C Risk	NC HC	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc C (mg/kg)	Risk N	C HQ A	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	sk NC HC	Adj Cond (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc C I (mg/kg)	Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Adj Conc (mg/kg)	C Risk	NC HQ	Produce Risk- Goal (mg/l [a]	
Aluminum	-61,800		0.00	-52,00	0	0.00	-54,000		0.00	-61,200	(0.00 -	-48,000	0.00	-54,000		0.00	-50,000		0.00	-52,000)	0.00	-53,000		0.00	-61,700		0.00	-56,000		0.00	-61,000		0.00	-56,000		0.00	-62,100		0.00	-57,000		0.00	30,053 N	VC
Arsenic	-23.9	0.0E+00	0.00	-3	0.0E+00	0.00	-20	0.0E+00	0.00	-7 0.0	E+00 (0.00	-24 0.0E-	-00 0.00	-24	0.0E+00	0.00	-22	0.0E+00	0.00	-15	0.0E+00	0.00	-17	0.0E+00	0.00	-25	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-25 0.01	E+00	0.00	-27	0.0E+00	0.00	-26	0.0E+00	0.00	-23	0.0E+00	0.00	0.03 C [NC	, = 5.19]
Barium	-1,401		0.00	-1,39		0.00	-1,350		0.00	-1,390	(0.00	-900	0.00	-1,330		0.00	-940		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,400		0.00	-1,370		0.00	-1,402		0.00	-1,414		0.00	-1,410		0.00	-1,414		0.00	727 N	۷C
Beryllium	-2.43		0.00	-2.47		0.00	-2.07		0.00	-2.42	(0.00	-2.39	0.00	-2.52		0.00	-2.38		0.00	-2.23		0.00	-2.31		0.00	-2.27		0.00	-1.80		0.00	-2.36		0.00	-2.35		0.00	-2.45		0.00	-2.12		0.00	89.8	1C
Chromium, To	tal -1,668		0.00	-1,63	3	0.00	-1,644		0.00	-1,603	(0.00	-1,644	0.00	-1,647		0.00	-1,639		0.00	-1,626		0.00	-1,634			-1,666		0.00	-1,663		0.00	-1,661		0.00	-1,670		0.00	-1,674		0.00	-1,655		0.00	34,617 N	//C
Cobalt	-128.9		0.00	-117		0.00	-119		0.00	-120	(0.00	-121	0.00	-124		0.00	-118		0.00	-121		0.00	-121		0.00	-130		0.00	-125		0.00	-128		0.00	-131		0.00	-130		0.00	-126		0.00	1.8	NC .
Copper	-79.7		0.00	-47		0.00	-56		0.00	-64	(0.00	-56	0.00	-72		0.00	-37		0.00	-52		0.00	-57		0.00	-86		0.00	-70		0.00	-77		0.00	-92		0.00	-89		0.00	-71		0.00	11.5 N	/C
Lead	-165		NA	-168		NA	-216		NA	-224		NA	-236	NA	-216		NA	-216		NA	-215		NA	-222		NA	-232		NA	-237		NA	-234		NA	-240		NA	-229		NA	-214		NA	NA	
Nickel	-2,221		0.00	-2,18	4	0.00	-2,190		0.00	-2,040	(0.00	-2,196	0.00	-2,200		0.00	-2,180		0.00	-2,175		0.00	-2,180		0.00	-2,217		0.00	-2,210		0.00	-2,209		0.00	-2,226		0.00	-2,227		0.00	-2,208		0.00	243 N	/C
Vanadium	-200		0.00	-160		0.00	-170		0.00	-200	(0.00	-161	0.00	-171		0.00	-166		0.00	-160		0.00	-166		0.00	-201		0.00	-171		0.00	-196		0.00	-200		0.00	-200		0.00	-176		0.00	106 N	1C
Zinc	-314		0.00	-392		0.00	-264		0.00	-418	(0.00	-409	0.00	-408		0.00	-364		0.00	-386		0.00	-392		0.00	-410		0.00	-395		0.00	-415		0.00	-442		0.00	-433		0.00	-204		0.00	206 N	1C
Total C Ris	k & NC HI	0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	0.E	E+00	0.0	0.E+	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0	0.E	E+00	0.0	•	0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		0.E+00	0.0		

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg **Bold** indicates detection above laboratory reporting limit.

< = not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06

 $HI = noncancer Hazard Index = \sum HQ$

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

ND = not detected in soil

RSL = Regional Screening Level

DRAFT

Table H-4 Summary of Residential Soil Risks from Ingestion of Homegrown Produce

Spent Catalyst Release from Martinez Refining Company

Exposure Pathways	Background Contribution	MRC	C-1	MR	C-2	MRC	C-3	MRC	C-4	MRC	C-5	MRC	C-6	MR	C-7	MR	C-8	MRC-8	/Dup-1	MRC	C-9	MRC	C-10	MRC	-11	MRC	-12	MRC	C-13	MRC	-14
Exposure Fairways	Included?	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ	C Risk	NC HQ
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Table H-1)	YES	2.3E-04	8.7	9.0E-04	22.8	3.5E-04	18.1	7.7E-04	18.6	2.4E-04	16.5	2.2E-04	12.4	2.8E-04	20.2	5.2E-04	17.9	4.5E-04	16.9	2.0E-04	7.1	1.6E-04	11.5	1.8E-04	8.8	1.3E-04	5.4	1.7E-04	6.6	2.7E-04	12.3
Home-Grown Produce Ingestion (Table H-3)	NO	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0	0.0E+00	0.0																

Notes:

all soil concentrations and screening levels in mg/kg

C = cancer based on a Target Risk Level = 1E-06 HI = noncancer Hazard Index = Σ HQ

HQ = noncancer Hazard Quotient NA = Not applicable

NC = noncancer based on a Target Hazard Quotient = 1.0

Appendix J. Responses to MRC Oversight Committee Comments	

Comment	Section of Report	TRC Response	Date Verified	CCH / Oversight Committee Reply to Response
CCH Comment: The draft report as given to CCH was in multiple pieces and parts. CCH is requesting that the final report be combined into one PDF. Additionally when the PDF is compiled CCH is requesting that all tables etc. be reviewed for formatting. The current PDF that CCH put together is very hard to read as print is small on some pages to have the entire table fit. CCH also recommends the tables be reviewed and internal TRC comments be scrubbed. Only relevant information should be presented. Please review entire report to ensure consistent font, labeling, etc.	Overall Report	Entire report will be reviewed, comments scrubbed, and pdfd into one file.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
On table 3 add mg/kg and the last cell on the top right has "are" instead of area. [NH note, I believe Are is correct vs Area TRC please confirm]	Table 3	"mg/kg" has been added to the data column headers and screening level column headers in Table 3, and other tables in the report. No change required re top right cell; use of "are" is correct.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
My only concern comes from my experience discussing the preliminary findings with neighbors in the area, and is that the layman may need some assistance in the form of a flowchart that describes the sampling and testing process. Or maybe a simple accompanying document that would provide a guide to the report.	General Comment	TRC created a project timeline/flowchart which describes the site investigation events, which is labeled Chart 1: Site Investigation Timeline.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
The report should address further the decision for 6" depth of sampling and why samples were not taken deeper	Section 2.1.2	Will add the following text to Section 2.1.2: According to the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO) Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 4: Guidance for Screening Level Human Health Risk Assessments issued March 29, 2022, "discrete soil samples should be collected from the surface (0 to 6 inches bgs),which is particularly important for contaminants such as lead which generally have limited vertical mobility in the soil column". The analytes in spent catalyst are metals, similar to lead, that have limited vertical mobility in the soil column. Therefore, collecting 0 to 6 inches bgs soil samples best captures the soil impacts from deposition of airborne spent catalyst; collection of samples from a 0 to 1.0 ft bgs could potentially "dilute" determination of impacts expected to be largely present in the upper 6 inches bgs.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
On page vi and page 1, the catalyst dust is described as "metallic" dust: is "metallic" a good descriptor of the dust? On page 10, there appears to be a problem with a range described as "zero 2x10 ⁻⁴ to 1x10 ⁻³ ." Also, the period is missing.	Pages vi, 1, and 10	The composition of the spent catalyst dust is made up of metals; therefore, the adjective "metallic" is appropriate. No text change needed. Formatting errors noted will be corrected, including removal of the word "zero" and addition of a missing period.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
I don't understand how the levels of Arsenic and Lead exceed the residential soil health standard, then when the background is taken out they are deemed ok (within the range of background)?This seems contradictory. Does this mean the recent release isn't adding to anything that isn't already there??	General Comment	As stated in Section 3.1, metals occur naturally in soil. Therefore, it is important to understand this natural occurrence and what range of concentrations occur naturally, which is called the expected background range, which can sometimes occur at concentrations greater than what would be acceptable for ecological and human health soil standards. Therefore, when evaluating the nature and extent of the November 2022 release and assessing risks related to this release, USEPA and DTSC allows for the removal of the expected background range when assessing risks. Based on the screening level assessment of the soil data, which includes a comparison to an expected background range, TRC concluded the following: *None of the metals analyzed exceed the expected regional background range, *Two metals (arsenic and lead) exceed residential direct contact screening levels, however these exceedances are not likely associated with the spent catalyst material, as the proportions of the metals found was inconsistent with that of the spent catalyst composition in the bulk material or dust (wipe samples). Based on these findings, TRC does not recommend additional sampling or further evaluation. No text change required.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change
4.1 includes additional consideration of background soil concentrations in the risk evaluation – is this a judgement call by TRC to say this is an industrial location and that somehow has reduced findings?	General Comment, please adjust report if deemed necessary to clarify	See Response to Comment #7. In addition, "about appropriate land uses" will be removed from the following statement "This information is useful for risk management decisions about appropriate land uses and for public transparency." in Section 4.1.1. Determination of expected background soil range is independent of land use and is based on multiple literature studies conducted in the region.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change

Response to MRC Oversight Committee Comments on Draft SLHHERA

Comment	Section of Report	TRC Response	Date Verified	CCH / Oversight Committee Reply to Response
The description for 4.1 Methodology last paragraph says, "If any calculation of risk exceeds the point of departure, current and future risk evaluation and/or risk management decisions may be warranted" Is this a judgment call by TRC or has the data truly shown there is no risk "both qualitative and quantitative "The same concerns as above for the findings in 4.3 concerning exceedances for Arsenic, Barium, Lead, Nickel, and VanadiumI believe we have identified soil that is unhealthy to the community – what is our course of action? Also, is there a way to implore them to sample more?	adjust report if deemed necessary to clarify	The purpose of this report is to focus on health and environmental impacts related to airborne deposition of spent catalyst using a screening level risk assessment process which is adopted and utilized by both USEPA and DTSC. Based on the screening level assessment of the soil data, which includes a comparison to an expected background range, TRC concluded the following: *None of the metals analyzed exceed the expected regional background range, *Two metals (arsenic and lead) exceed residential direct contact screening levels, however these exceedances are not likely associated with the spent catalyst material, as the proportions of the metals found did not match that of the spent catalyst composition in the bulk material or dust (wipe samples). Based on these findings, TRC does not recommend additional sampling or further evaluation. No text change required.	8/21/2023	No Further Action Required. Oversight Committee Accepts Change